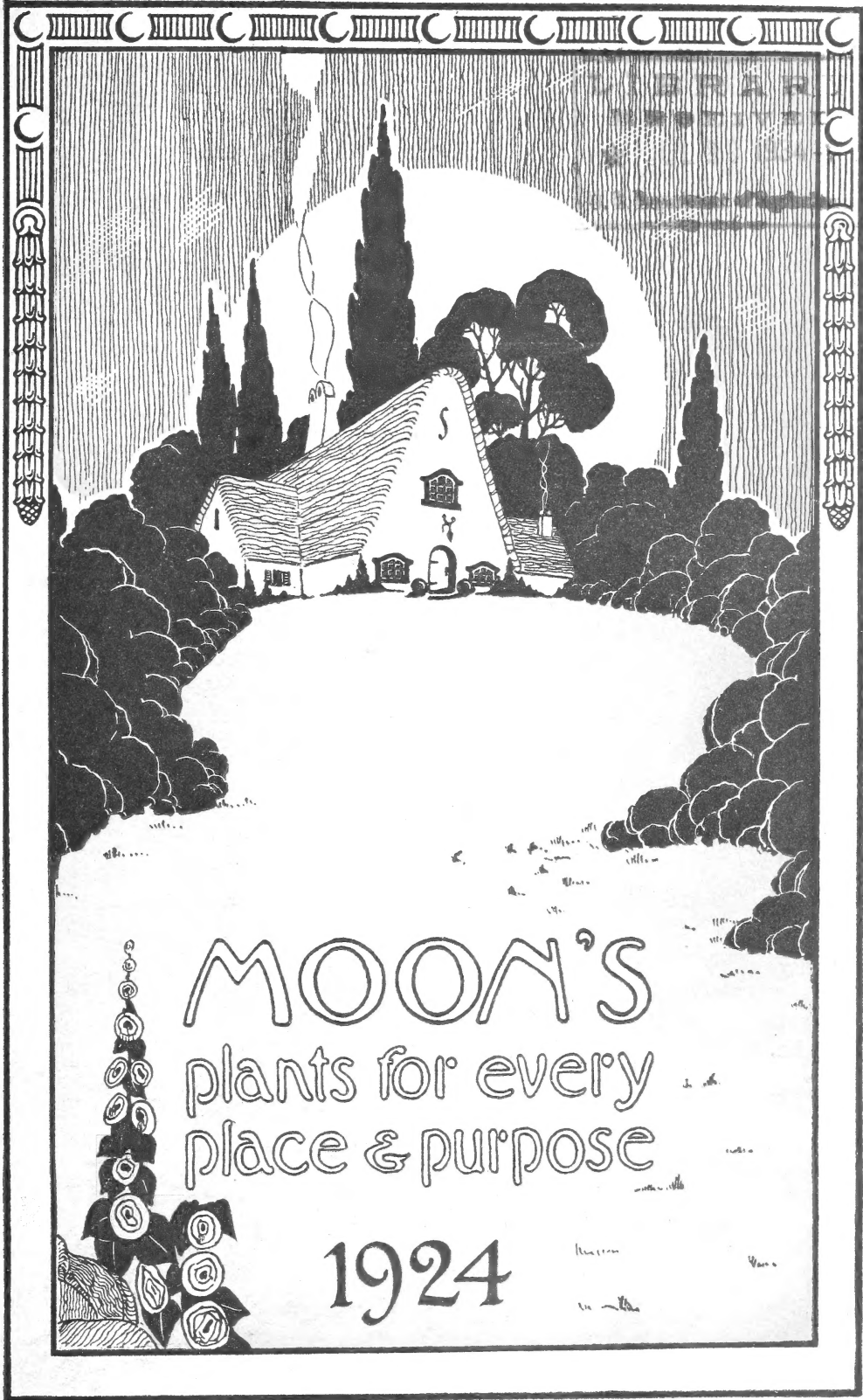


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MOON'S
plants for every
place & purpose

1924

MOON'S

HARDY TREES & PLANTS *for* EVERY PLACE & PURPOSE

1924

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What and Where to Plant.	8-13
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Moon's Nurseries
THE WM. H. MOON CO.
MORRISVILLE PENNSYLVANIA
which is 1 mile from Trenton, N.J.



Nurserymen Since 1767

ONE hundred and fifty-seven years ago the Moon Nursery Industry was established in America. In 1767, James Moon (great-great-grandfather of the President of our company) was engaged in selling fruit trees at a location but seven miles distant from our present site. Each generation since has been Nurserymen, a continuous succession of Nursery endeavor that we believe to be unequalled by any

other concern. The advent of improved facilities for distribution enabled Mahlon Moon, in 1849, to establish at Morrisville, more extensive nurseries than had hitherto been practicable. This nursery was continued by Samuel C. Moon, until his death in 1911, shortly after which it was amalgamated with our own.

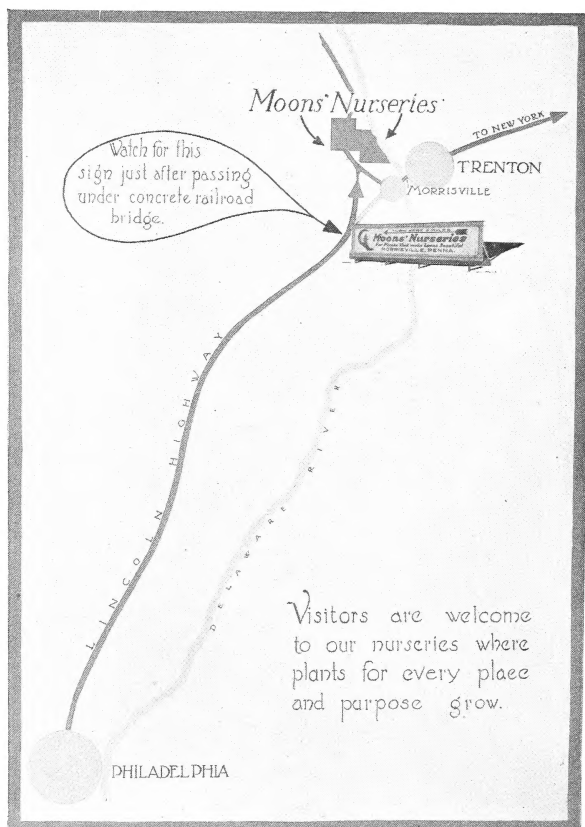
The Glenwood Nursery, or the original enterprise of this company, was established in 1872 by Wm. H. Moon, who in 1890 organized the company which at present bears his name.

This little bit of history shows the background of our present-day business. The accumulated experience of all these years, coupled with the up-to-date ideas with which we constantly endeavor to keep pace, we believe to be of vital interest and benefit to those who avail themselves of our facilities.

After all, you are not so much interested in our history as in our ability to serve you in the future, and this is our great purpose.

To Reach Our Nurseries

BY automobile from New York or Philadelphia is quite a simple matter. From Philadelphia, follow the Lincoln Highway. After passing under railroad tunnel near Morrisville our large sign will be seen on the right. Turn left here 2 miles and then left on Pennsylvania Avenue. From New York, follow Lincoln Highway to Morrisville and turn right on Pennsylvania Avenue. By rail over the Penna. R. R. take express trains to Trenton, N. J., from either New York or Philadelphia. Connect at Warren and Hanover Streets, Trenton, for Newtown or Lambertville cars, which pass our entrance ten minutes distant. Or, if we know of your coming we will have a conveyance to meet you at the station. By "The Reading," alight at Yardley, Pa. Trenton-bound trolleys pass our Nurseries.



Visitors are welcome to our nurseries where plants for every place and purpose grow.

Do I Want *Just Plants* or *Moon's Plants*—and all that goes with them?

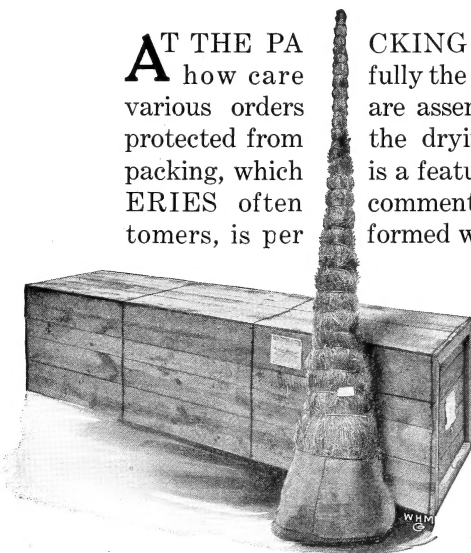
I WANT THRIFTY, VIGOROUS STOCK, well developed and with abundant root systems. I want them true to name and so carefully handled and packed that they will reach me in perfect condition. That *Moon's* NURSERIES can and do answer these requirements would be evident to you either through a visit to our Nurseries or by asking any one who has planted *Moon's* stock.

We cordially invite you to inspect our nurseries and to drive over our 400 acres devoted to the growing of ornamental plants.

In our extensive assortment you would see plants from Asia, Europe and different parts of our own continent. With so many varieties from which to choose, there are plants available for any place and for any purpose for which you need them. As you drive about you would notice how splendidly the plants live up to your requirements of vigor, because of the natural fertility of our soil and the fertilizer used; of symmetry, because of ample spacing in the Nursery rows and by the systematic pruning given; and of root-power, due to frequent root-prunings and transplantings. These costly processes are necessary to insure for you the sum-total of satisfaction you rightfully demand. Ours is a most favorable soil for Evergreens. Its clay-like consistency holds a ball of earth well, thus preserving intact the vital fibrous feeding roots.

AT THE PACKING HOUSE you would note how carefully the plants are handled as they are assembled, and how they are protected from the drying breezes. The careful packing, which is a feature of *Moon's* NURSERIES often commented upon by distant customers, is per-

fectly the plants are handled as they are assembled, and how they are protected from the drying breezes. The careful packing is a feature of *Moon's* NURSERIES often commented upon by distant customers, is performed with great care by skilled, experienced persons.



Some of Moon's plants packed up and ready for shipment. Boxes and bales like these were shipped into 33 states and to England during the past year.





Moon's Make It Easy to Have a Beautiful Lawn

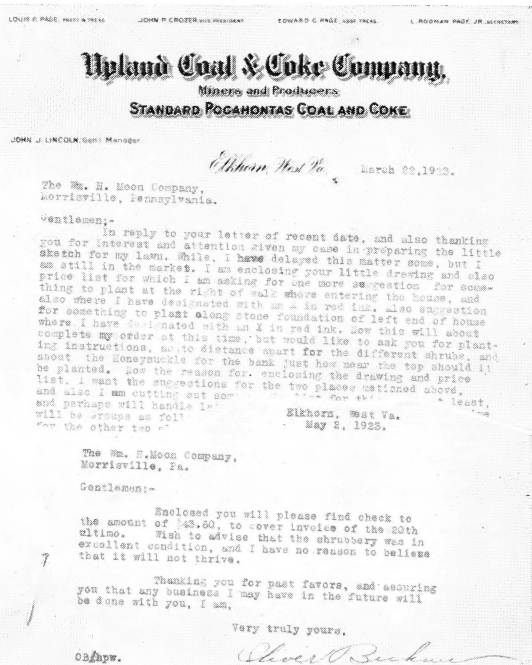
HAVE YOU HESITATED ABOUT
BEAUTIFYING YOUR LAWN
because you hardly knew how to go about

it? The proper selection and arrangement of plants in some cases does take more time and study than some busy folks can find to give to the subject. Just what plants to use to screen your (or your neighbor's) clothes yard from the house; to give your lawn seclusion; to relieve the bare look of the house foundation—these are among the problems that perhaps confront you. We have endeavored to make this book as helpful as possible and we feel confident the lists, descriptive matter and illustrations will point the way to the solution of many problems. Some, however, cannot be dealt with in generalities.

FOR THE SOLUTION OF PLANTING PROBLEMS we maintain a staff of men, well trained in plant adaptabilities and arrangements. They will gladly give you our ideas on plant selections and arrangements, together with estimate of cost. This is done in either of two ways:

PERSONAL CALLS to go over the problem right on the lawn can often be made within a radius of 50 miles of our Nurseries. Also included in the zone where this service can be arranged are Northern New Jersey, suburban New York generally; Bethlehem, Allentown and environs, suburban Philadelphia and Wilmington; Washington, Baltimore and adjacent Maryland and Virginia.

Moon's LETTER AID SERVICE is offered to patrons at more distant points. Through it we are able to give you much the same service as is rendered through a personal call, for with a detailed description of your problem, a sketch showing dimensions and existing features and a photo or two if available we can readily visualize it, and give you our ideas and estimate.



PROFESSIONAL LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS should be engaged where the location of walks, drives or pergolas and the like is involved, or where extensive landscape improvements are contemplated. We are acquainted with many of the best Landscape Architects throughout the country to whom we will gladly refer you upon application.

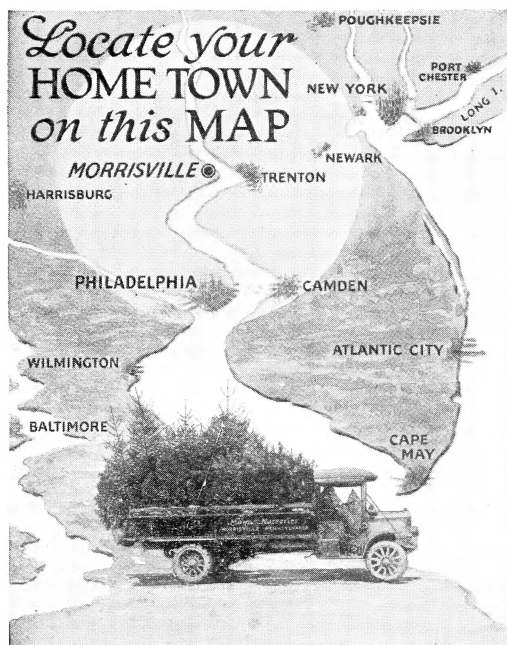


MOTOR TRUCK DELIVERY is usually possible within 50 miles of our Nurseries—and frequently can be arranged to points at greater distance, such as Suburban New York and to Baltimore and Washington. These are, however, a matter of special arrangement.

LONG DISTANCE SHIPMENTS to enthusiastic, satisfied customers the country over are made daily during the shipping season. *Moon's* resources and facilities are available to all, no matter where located.

GETTING THE PLANTING DONE is another matter in which *Moon's* can help you. Frequently we can furnish, at a stated rate, a superintendent to see to the arrangement and planting of the

stock. To nearby points laborers from among our regular employees can occasionally be supplied. Then, too, we are acquainted throughout the country with Gardeners to whom we can refer you when planting at more distant points is involved.



Locate your home town on this map. If it is in the light shaded area, free motor delivery of most orders is possible. Beyond this area, the delivery of orders of sufficient size is a matter of easy arrangement.

THUS *Moon's* CO-OPERATE WITH YOU, sharing your planting problems and helping you, to the end that your home grounds may be a spot of beauty, and a joy and a comfort to you which only comes from Trees and Flowers.



Our Business Methods *Moon's* Guarantee

EVERYONE knows that the transplanting of Trees or Shrubby is attended with some risk. We do all we can in the culture and handling of our product to minimize this risk, but quite as much responsibility for success or failure of nursery stock to grow depends upon the planting, the care, and the weather conditions it encounters and over which we have no control.

THE WM. H. MOON COMPANY AGREES to resupply f. o. b. their nurseries at one-half the original price paid any plants sold at the within published prices that may die within one year from date of invoice from causes other than abuse or neglect. Two reservations are made: 1st, that the account be paid within 30 days from date of invoice, and 2nd, that in the event we shall not have in stock at the time for replacement plants like those originally supplied or are prevented by strikes, quarantines, or other conditions beyond our control from making shipment of plants needed for replacement, then we are to apply the amount of credit to which the customer is entitled toward the purchase of other plants that he may at the time select and which we can supply.

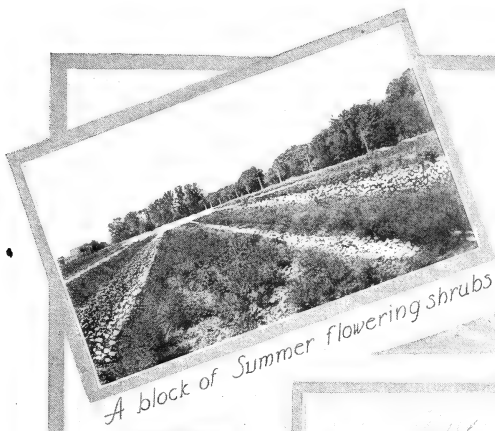
A STATE CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION accompanies each shipment, assuring its freedom from Insect Pests and disease. We further guarantee that stock supplied shall be true to name and up to grade and quality ordered.

PRICES are given at "each," "per 10" and "per 100" on most varieties offered. Substantial reductions from this "each" rate prevail on quantity orders. Thus 5 or more plants of any one size and variety will be supplied at the rate per 10; 25 or more of one size and variety at the rate per 100; and where a rate per thousand is given, 250 of one size and variety at the rate per thousand.

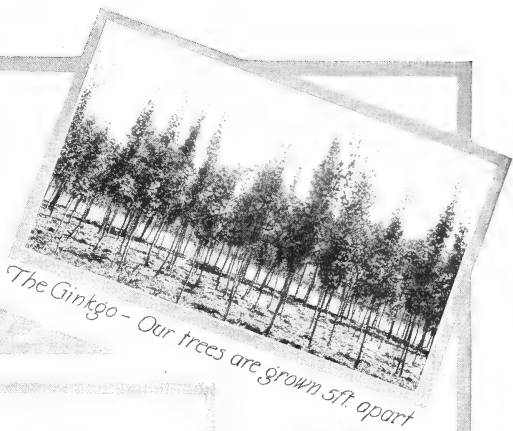
Personal selection of the stock at our nurseries is invited, and when selections are so made the stock will be furnished at current prices excepting in cases of special or unusual specimens, which will be charged for according to their individual value.

NO CHARGE IS MADE FOR PACKING on stock purchased at within prices or for delivery to freight depots or express offices at Morrisville or Yardley, Pa., or to Trenton, N. J. Plain and explicit shipping instructions are requested with every order, naming mode and route for forwarding. Otherwise we will use our own judgment. Perennials should always be shipped by express; other stock may travel either by express or freight; excepting that shipments of over 300 lbs. will not be accepted by the express companies and hence must travel by freight.

A DISCOUNT OF 2% WILL BE ALLOWED upon receipt of payment within ten days from date of bill. No credit accommodation is expected to extend beyond 30 days. Financial references are required of persons opening accounts.



A block of Summer flowering shrubs



The Ginkgo - Our trees are grown 5ft. apart



Digging trees with good roots, straight stem & balanced head



Evergreens for your future plantings



Transplanted evergreens grow best

*A
Few
Snap-shots
of
Our*

Nurseries



Our Office - where your letters are answered

What to Plant and Where to Plant It

HEDGE PLANTS

Deciduous

	Page		Page
<i>Acanthopanax pentaphyllum. Aralia</i>	45	<i>Hibiscus. The Altheas</i>	50
<i>Berberis Thunbergi. Japan Barberry</i>	46	<i>Ligustrum. The Privets</i>	52
<i>Deutzia gracilis. Dwarf Deutzia</i>	48	<i>Rhamnus Cathartica. Buckthorn</i>	54
<i>Carpinus. Hornbeam</i>	35	<i>Spirea Van Houttei. Van Houtte's Spirea</i>	55
<i>Fagus heterophylla. Fern-leaf Beech</i>	37	<i>Stephanandra flexuosa</i>	58
<i>Fagus sylvatica and varieties. Beech</i>	37	<i>Syringa. The Lilacs</i>	56

Evergreens

<i>Abelia. Bush Arbutus</i>	26	<i>Picea excelsa. Norway Spruce</i>	20
<i>Azalea amœna. Evergreen Azalea</i>	26	<i>Pseudotsuga Douglasi. Douglas Spruce</i>	21
<i>Buxus in variety. Boxwood</i>	27-28	<i>Thuja in variety. Arborvitæ</i>	24-25
<i>Ilex crenata. Japanese Holly</i>	28	<i>Tsuga canadensis. Hemlock</i>	25

SCREEN OR BORDER PLANTINGS

Evergreens

<i>Abies. Nikko and Veitchi Fir</i>	16	<i>Thuja occidentalis. American Arborvitæ</i>	24
<i>Pinus. Red, White and Austrian Pine</i>	20-21	<i>Thuja pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ</i>	25
<i>Pseudotsuga Douglasi. Douglas Spruce</i>	21	<i>Thuja Reidi. Reid's Arborvitæ</i>	24
<i>Retinisporas. Tall growing varieties</i>	21-23	<i>Tsuga canadensis. Hemlock</i>	25

Deciduous Trees

<i>Acer monspessulanum. Montpelier Maple</i>	33	<i>Phellodendron. Corktree</i>	40
<i>Carpinus caroliniana. American Hornbeam</i>	35	<i>Populus nigra italica. Lombardy Poplar</i>	41
<i>Cornus florida. Pink or White Dogwood</i>	36	(For tall screens, shade trees of almost any variety can be used.)	
<i>Fagus. Beeches in variety</i>	37		
<i>Malus. The Flowering Crabapples</i>	40		

Deciduous Shrubs

Almost any tall growing variety [those followed by the letters (L), (M), or (S)] in Deciduous Shrub chapter.

PLANTS FOR GROUND COVERS

<i>Hedera helix. English Ivy</i>	65	<i>Rosa Wichuraiana and its Hybrids. Trailing</i>	
<i>Lonicera Halleana. Hall's Japan Honeysuckle</i>	65	<i>Roses</i>	64
<i>Lycium chinense. Matrimony Vine</i>	65	<i>Vinca minor. Myrtle or Periwinkle</i>	65
<i>Pachysandra terminalis. Japanese Spurge</i>	30-72		

PLANTS FOR WET OR MOIST PLACES

Deciduous Trees

<i>Betula nigra, syn. rubra. Red Birch</i>	35	<i>Quercus bicolor. Swamp White Oak</i>	41
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua. Sweet Gum</i>	39	<i>Quercus phellos. Willow-leaved Oak</i>	42
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera. Tulip Tree</i>	38	<i>Salix. The Willows</i>	42
<i>Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane</i>	41	<i>Taxodium distichum. Bald Cypress</i>	42

Deciduous Shrubs

<i>Azalea Vaseyi</i>	45	<i>Ilex verticillata. Winterberry</i>	51
<i>Benzoin æstivale. Spice Bush</i>	46	<i>Potentilla fruticosa. Shrubby Cinquefoil</i>	54
<i>Cephalanthus. Buttonbush</i>	46	<i>Spirea Billardi. Pink Spirea</i>	55
<i>Cornus. (Bush types). Cornels in variety</i>	47	<i>Viburnum cassinoides. Withe Rod</i>	59
<i>Hamamelis virginiana. Witch Hazel</i>	49		

PLANTS FOR PARTIALLY SHADED PLACES

Evergreens

<i>Pinus montana, var. Mughus. Mugho Pine</i>	20	<i>Tsuga canadensis. Hemlock</i>	25
<i>Taxus. The Yews</i>	23		

What to Plant and Where to Plant It—Continued

Evergreen Shrubs

	Page		Page
Abelia. <i>Bush Arbutus</i>	26	Ilex opaca. <i>American Holly</i>	28
Azaleas in variety.....	26	Kalmia latifolia. <i>Mountain Laurel</i>	28
Buxus in variety. <i>Boxwood</i>	27-28	Leucothoe Catesbaei. <i>Drooping Andromeda</i>	28
Ilex crenata. <i>Japanese Holly</i>	28	Rhododendrons in variety.....	29-30

Deciduous Shrubs

Acanthopanax pentaphyllum. <i>Aralia</i>	45	Hydrangea arborescens. <i>Native Hydrangeas</i>	51
Azalea in variety.....	45	Hypericum aureum. <i>St. John's-wort</i>	51
Benzoin æstivale. <i>Spice Bush</i>	46	Ilex verticillata. <i>Winterberry</i>	51
Berberis. <i>The Barberries</i>	46	Ligustrum. <i>The Privets</i>	52
Cercis canadensis. <i>Red Bud</i>	46	Lonicera. <i>The Bush Honeysuckles</i>	52
Cornus florida. <i>Pink and White Dogwoods</i>	36	Philadelphus. <i>The Mock Oranges</i>	53
Cornus (Bush types). <i>The Cornels</i>	47	Rhodotypus kerrioides. <i>White Kerria</i>	54
Forsythia. <i>The Golden Bells</i>	49	Symphoricarpos. <i>Snow- and Coralberries</i>	58
Hamamelis virginiana. <i>Witch Hazel</i>	49	Viburnums, all varieties.....	59

Perennials

Aquilegia. <i>The Columbines</i>	67	Hemerocallis. <i>Day Lillies</i>	71
Anemone. <i>Wind Flower</i>	66	Hypericum. <i>St. John's-wort</i>	71
Astilbe. <i>Meadow Sweet</i>	67	Linum perenne. <i>Perennial Flax</i>	72
Coreopsis lanceolata. <i>Coreopsis</i>	69	Myosotis palustris. <i>Forget-me-not</i>	72
Convallaria majalis. <i>Lily-of-the-Valley</i>	69	Pachysandra. <i>Japanese Spurge</i>	30
Digitalis. <i>Foxglove</i>	70	Papaver. <i>Poppies</i>	72
Dicentra spectabilis. <i>Bleeding Heart</i>	70	Phlox divaricata. <i>Perry's variety</i>	74
Eupatorium in variety.....	70	Primula veris. <i>English Cowslip</i>	74
Ferns, Hardy.....	70	Saxifraga crassifolia. <i>Saxifrage</i>	75
Funkia. <i>The Plantain Lilies</i>	70	Tunica-Saxifrage.....	75

PLANTS FOR DRY PLACES

Evergreens

Juniperus canadensis. <i>Canadian Juniper</i>	17	Juniperus virginiana. <i>Red Cedar</i>	19
Juniperus chinensis procumbens. <i>Trailing Juniper</i>	17	Pinus Mughus. <i>Mugho Pine</i>	20
Juniperus Pfitzeriana. <i>Pfitzer's Juniper</i>	19	Yucca filamentosa. <i>Adam's Needle</i>	30
Juniperus Sabina. <i>Savin Juniper</i>	19		

Deciduous Shrubs

Acanthopanax pentaphyllum. <i>Aralia</i>	45	Lonicera Morrowii. <i>Japan Bush Honeysuckle</i>	52
Berberis Thunbergii. <i>Japanese Barberry</i>	46	Potentilla fruticosa. <i>Shrubby Cinquefoil</i>	54
Forsythia. <i>The Golden Bells</i>	49	Rhodotypus Kerrioides.....	54
Hypericum Kalmianum. <i>St. John's-wort</i>	71	Symphoricarpos. <i>Snow- and Coralberries</i>	58
Ligustrum. <i>The Privets</i>	52	Tamarix.....	58
Lonicera fragrantissima. <i>Fragrant Bush Honey-suckle</i>	52		

PLANTS FOR SANDY BANKS

Deciduous Shrubs

Acanthopanax pentaphyllum. <i>Aralia</i>	45	Lonicera Morrowii. <i>Japan Bush Honeysuckle</i>	52
Forsythia suspensa. <i>Drooping Golden Bell</i>	49	Symphoricarpos. <i>Snow- and Coralberry</i>	58
Lonicera fragrantissima. <i>Fragrant Bush Honey-suckle</i>	52	Tamarix.....	58
		Yucca filamentosa. <i>Adam's Needle. (Evergreen)</i>	30

Vines

Lonicera Halliana. <i>Hall's Japan Honeysuckle</i>	65	Rosa Wichuraiana. <i>Memorial Rose</i>	64
Lycium chinense. <i>Matrimony Vine</i>	65		

What to Plant and Where to Plant It—Continued

TREES AND SHRUBS FOR WINTER EFFECT

Trees

	Page		Page
<i>Acer pennsylvanicum. Moosewood</i>	33	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua. Sweet Gum</i>	39
<i>Betula. The Birches</i>	35	<i>Platanus Orientalis. Oriental Plane</i>	41
<i>Fagus. The Beeches</i>	37	<i>Quercus macrocarpa. Mossy Cup Oak</i>	42

Shrubs With Attractive Fruits

<i>Benzoin æstivale. Spice Bush</i>	46	<i>Ligustrum Ibota. Ibota Privet</i>	52
<i>Berberis Thunbergii. Japanese Barberry</i>	46	<i>Rhodotypus kerrioides. White Kerria</i>	54
<i>Callicarpa. Beauty Fruit</i>	46	<i>Symphoricarpos. Snow- and Coralberry</i>	58
<i>Cotoneaster horizontalis. Prostrate Cotoneaster</i>	30	<i>Viburnum opulus. High Bush Cranberry</i>	59
<i>Ilex verticillata. Winterberry</i>	51	<i>Viburnum Wrightii. Oriental Viburnum</i>	60

Shrubs With Attractive Twigs or Bark

<i>Cornus Amomum. Silky Cornel</i>	47	<i>Euonymus alatus. Cork-barked Euonymus</i>	48
<i>Cornus sibirica. Siberian Dogwood</i>	47	<i>Lonicera fragrantissima. Fragrant Honeysuckle</i>	52
<i>Cornus stolonifera. Red Osier Dogwood</i>	47		

PLANTS FOR FOUNDATION PLANTING

Evergreens

<i>Biota. The Chinese Arborvitæ</i>	17	<i>Taxus. The Yews</i>	23
<i>Juniperus in variety. The Junipers</i>	17-19	<i>Thuja. The Arborvitæ</i>	24-25
<i>Pinus mughus. Mugho Pine</i>	20	<i>Tsuga canadensis. Canadian Hemlock</i>	25
<i>Retinispora. The Japanese Cypress</i>	21-23		

Broad-leaved Evergreens

<i>Abelia. Bush Arbutus</i>	26	<i>Kalmia latifolia. Mountain Laurel</i>	28
<i>Azaleas in variety</i>	26	<i>Leucothoe catesbaei. Drooping Andromeda</i>	28
<i>Buxus in variety. Boxwood</i>	27-28	<i>Rhododendrons in variety</i>	29-30
<i>Ilex crenata. Japanese Holly</i>	28		

[Deciduous Shrubs. Dwarf Varieties for Edging Beds

<i>Berberis Thunbergii. Japanese Barberry</i>	46	<i>Philadelphus coronarius nana. Dwarf Mock Orange</i>	53
<i>Callicarpa. Beauty Fruit</i>	46	<i>Philadelphus coronarius foliis aureis. Golden Mock Orange</i>	53
<i>Cotoneaster divaricata</i>	47	<i>Spirea anthony waterer. Crimson Summer Flowering Spirea</i>	55
<i>Cotoneaster horizontalis. Prostrate Cotoneaster</i>	30	<i>Spirea Thunbergii. Thunberg's Spirea</i>	55
<i>Deutzia gracilis. Dwarf Deutzia</i>	48	<i>Viburnum opulus nana. Dwarf Bush Cranberry</i>	59
<i>Deutzia Lemoinei</i>	48		
<i>Hypericum. The St. John's-wort</i>	51		
<i>Ligustrum Ibota Regelianum. Regel's Privet</i>	52		

Deciduous Shrubs. Medium-growing Varieties for Backgrounds

<i>Cotoneaster foveolata</i>	47	<i>Philadelphus Lemoinei and Hybrids</i>	53
<i>Deutzias. Tall varieties</i>	48	<i>Stephanandra flexuosa</i>	58
<i>Forsythia intermedia. Hybrid Golden Bell</i>	49	<i>Rhodotypus kerrioides. White Kerria</i>	54
<i>Hydrangeas in variety</i>	51	<i>Spireas. Tall varieties</i>	55
<i>Ligustrum Ibota. Ibota Privet</i>	52	<i>Viburnum Wrightii. Oriental Viburnum</i>	60
<i>Lonicera tatarica. Tartarian Honeysuckle</i>	52	<i>Weigela Hybrids. Weigela</i>	60
<i>Philadelphus coronarius. Garland Mock Orange</i>	53		

TREES FOR STREET AND AVENUE PLANTING

City Streets

<i>Acer platanoides. Norway Maple</i>	33	<i>Quercus rubra. Red Oak</i>	42
<i>Ginkgo biloba. Maiden Hair Tree</i>	38	<i>Ulmus americana. American Elm</i>	43
<i>Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane</i>	41		

What to Plant and Where to Plant It—Continued

Street Trees for Suburban and Country Planting

All varieties in the preceding list may be used, and in addition:

	Page		Page
<i>Acer saccharum. Sugar Maple</i>	34	<i>Quercus palustris. Pin Oak</i>	42
<i>Aesculus. The Horse-Chestnuts</i>	35	<i>Tilia. The Lindens</i>	43
<i>Fraxinus americana. White Ash</i>	38		

PLANTS FOR SEASHORE PLANTING

Evergreens

<i>Ilex crenata. Japanese Holly</i>	28	<i>Koster's Blue Spruce</i>	20
<i>Juniperus virginiana in variety. Cedars</i>	19	<i>Pinus Mughus. Mugho Pine</i>	20
<i>Juniperus Pfitzeriana. Pfitzer's Juniper</i>	19	<i>Pinus resinosa. Red Pine</i>	21

Deciduous Shrubs

<i>Berberis Thunbergi. Japanese Barberry</i>	46	<i>Ligustrum. The Privets</i>	52
<i>Hibiscus. The Altheas</i>	50	<i>Philadelphus. The Mock Oranges</i>	53
<i>Hydrangeas, The</i>	51	<i>Tamarix</i>	58

Deciduous Trees

<i>Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane</i>	41	<i>Quercus. The Oaks</i>	41
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PLANTS WITH BRILLIANT AUTUMN FOLIAGE

Trees for Autumn Color

<i>Acer japonica. The Japanese Maples</i>	33	<i>Fraxinus americana. White Ash</i>	38
<i>Acer saccharum. Sugar Maple</i>	34	<i>Ginkgo biloba. Maiden Hair Tree</i>	38
<i>Betula. The Birches</i>	35	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua. Sweet Gum</i>	39
<i>Cornus. Pink and White Flowering Dogwoods</i>	36	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera. Tulip Poplar</i>	38
<i>Fagus. The Beeches</i>	37	<i>Quercus. Red, Pin and Scarlet Oaks</i>	42

Shrubs for Autumn Color

<i>Azalea arborescens. Fragrant White Azalea</i>	45	<i>Euonymus alatus. Cork-barked Euonymus</i>	48
<i>Benzoin æstivale. Spice Bush</i>	46	<i>Ligustrum. Iboia and Regel's Privet</i>	52
<i>Berberis. The Barberries</i>	46	<i>Rhus. The Sumacs</i>	54
<i>Aronia arbutifolia. Chokeberry</i>	45	<i>Stephanandra flexuosa</i>	58
<i>Cotoneasters in variety</i>	47	<i>Vaccinium corymbosum. High Bush Blueberry</i>	58
<i>Enkianthus. The Japanese Bell Flowers</i>	48	<i>Viburnums in variety</i>	59

Vines for Autumn Color

<i>Ampelopsis Veitchi. Boston Ivy</i>	65	<i>Ampelopsis quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper</i>	65
<i>Ampelopsis Lowi. Japanese Ivy</i>	65		

FLOWERING TREES

<i>Aesculus hippocastanum. Horse-Chestnut</i>	35	<i>Magnolias in variety</i>	39
<i>Aesculusglabra</i>	35	<i>Malus. The Flowering Crabapples</i>	40
<i>Cornus florida. The Flowering Dogwoods</i>	36	<i>Prunus. Flowering Cherries</i>	40-41
<i>Fraxinus ornus. European Flowering Ash</i>	38	<i>Tilia. Lindens</i>	43
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera. Tulip Tree</i>	38		

RAPID-GROWING PLANTS FOR QUICK EFFECTS

Deciduous Trees

<i>Acer dasycarpum. Silver Maple</i>	34	<i>Populus nigra italica. Lombardy Poplar</i>	41
<i>Fraxinus americana. White Ash</i>	38	<i>Ulmus America</i>	43
<i>Magnolia Acuminata</i>	39		

Shrubs as a class are rapid-growing if planted in fertile, well cultivated areas.

What to Plant and Where to Plant It—Continued

PLANTS FOR ADVERSE CITY CONDITIONS

Deciduous Trees

	Page		Page
<i>Acer platanoides. Norway Maple</i>	33	<i>Ginkgo biloba. Maiden Hair Tree</i>	38
<i>Ailanthus glandulosa. Tree of Heaven</i>	35	<i>Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane</i>	41

Deciduous Shrubs

<i>Acanthopanax pentaphyllum. Aralia</i>	45	<i>Ligustrum. The Privets</i>	52
<i>Berberis Thunbergi. Japan Barberry</i>	46	<i>Lonicera Morrowi. Japan Bush Honeysuckle</i>	52
<i>Hypericum aureum. St. John's-wort</i>	51	<i>Symphoricarpos. Snow- and Coralberry</i>	58

TREES ADAPTED FOR WINDBREAKS

Evergreens

<i>Abies, Nikko and Veitchi</i>	16	<i>Pinus sylvestris. Scotch Pine</i>	21
<i>Picea, excelsa and orientalis</i>	20	<i>Pseudotsuga Douglasi. Douglas Spruce</i>	21
<i>Pinus austriaca. Austrian Pine</i>	20	<i>Thuja occidentalis. American Arborvitæ</i>	24
<i>Pinus resinosa. Red Pine</i>	21	<i>Thuja pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ</i>	25
<i>Pinus strobus. White Pine</i>	21	<i>Tsuga canadensis. Hemlock Spruce</i>	25

Deciduous Trees

<i>Carpinus. Hornbeam</i>	35	<i>Populus nigra italica. Lombardy Poplar</i>	41
<i>Fagus, in variety. Beech</i>	37	<i>Quercus. Scarlet and Black</i>	41-42

ROCK AND ALPINE PLANTS

<i>Juniperus sabina. Savin Juniper</i>	19	<i>Retinispora gracilis nana. Dwarf Japan Cypress</i>	23
<i>Juniperus tamariscifolia. Tamarisk Juniper</i>	17	<i>Taxus cuspidata brevifolia. Japan Dwarf Yew</i>	23
<i>Juniperus procumbens. Prostrate Juniper</i>	17	<i>Taxus repandens. English spreading Yew</i>	23
<i>Pinus mughus. Mugho Pine</i>	21	<i>Tsuga Pendula. Sargent's Weeping Hemlock</i>	25

Evergreen Shrubs

<i>Abelia grandiflora. Bush Arbutus</i>	26	<i>Daphne Cneorum. Daphne</i>	28
<i>Azalea, in variety. Japanese Evergreen Azalea</i> ..	26	<i>Ilex crenata. Japanese Holly</i>	28
<i>Calluna vulgaris. Heather</i>	26	<i>Leucothoe Catesbæi. Leucothoe</i>	28
<i>Cotoneaster Horizonitalis</i>	30	<i>Pachysandra. Japanese Spurge</i>	30

Perennials (See Page).....72

SEE CHART PAGE

PLANTS WITH FRUIT WHICH ATTRACTS THE BIRDS

<i>Ampelopsis quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper</i>	65	<i>Lonicera. The Bush Honeysuckles</i>	52
<i>Amelanchier. Serviceberry</i>	45	<i>Malus. The Single Flowering Crabapples</i>	40
<i>Benzoin aestivale. Spice Bush</i>	46	<i>Morus. The Mulberries</i>	40
<i>Cornus florida. Pink and White Dogwoods</i>	36	<i>Rhus. The Sumacs</i>	54
<i>Cornus (Bush types). The Cornels</i>	47	<i>Symphoricarpos. Snow- and Coralberry</i>	58
<i>Ilex verticillata. Winterberry</i>	51	<i>Viburnum in variety, particularly prunifolium</i>	59-60

Perennials for a Succession of Bloom

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<i>Alyssum saxatile. Goldentuft.</i>	67	<i>Iberis sempervirens. Hardy Candytuft.</i>	71
<i>Aquilegia. Columbine.</i>	67	<i>Iris siberica. Siberian Iris.</i>	72
<i>Arabis alpina. Rock Cress.</i>	67	<i>Linum perenne. Perennial Flax.</i>	72
<i>Armerias, The. Sea-pink or Thrift.</i>	67	<i>Myosotis palustris. Forget-me-not.</i>	72
<i>Cerastium tomentosum. Snow-in-sumner.</i>	68	<i>Paeonia. Peonies.</i>	73
<i>Convallaria majalis. Lily-of-the-Vailey.</i>	69	<i>Phlox subulata. Mountain Pink.</i>	74
<i>Dianthus. Hardy Pinks.</i>	69	<i>Primula veris. Cowslip.</i>	74
<i>Dicentra spectabilis. Bleeding-heart.</i>	70	<i>Saxifraga crassifolia. Leather Saxifrage.</i>	75
<i>Geum. Acons.</i>	70	<i>Thymus. Scarlet Thyme.</i>	75
<i>Gillenia trifoliata. Bowman's Root.</i>	70	<i>Tradescantia virginica. Spiderwort.</i>	75
<i>Heuchera sanguinea. Coralbells.</i>	71		

June and July

<i>Achilleas, The. Fern-leaved Yarrow.</i>	66	<i>Iris, Japanese and German.</i>	71
<i>Agrostemma coronaria. Dusty Miller.</i>	66	<i>Liatris elegans. Blazing Star.</i>	72
<i>Anchusas, The. Dropmore.</i>	66	<i>Linum perenne. Perennial Flax.</i>	72
<i>Anthemis tinctoria. Golden Marguerite.</i>	67	<i>Lysimachia clethroides.</i>	72
<i>Aquilegia chrysantha. Yellow Columbine.</i>	67	<i>Monardas, The. Oswego Tea.</i>	72
<i>Armerias, The. Sea-pink or Thrift.</i>	67	<i>Myosotis palustris. Forget-me-not.</i>	72
<i>Asclepias tuberosa. Butterfly Weed.</i>	67	<i>Oenotheras, The. Evening Primrose.</i>	72
<i>Astilbe japonica. Astilbe.</i>	67	<i>Phlox, The.</i>	74
<i>Campanulas, The. Bellflower.</i>	68	<i>Papaver. Oriental Poppy.</i>	72
<i>Centaureas, The. Mountain Bluet.</i>	68	<i>Physostegia virginica. False Dragon-head.</i>	74
<i>Coreopsis. Coreopsis.</i>	69	<i>Platycodons, The. Balloon Flower.</i>	74
<i>Delphiniums, The. Larkspur.</i>	69	<i>Pyrethrum hybridum. Painted Daisy.</i>	74
<i>Dianthus barbatus. Sweet William.</i>	69	<i>Ranunculus. Buttercup.</i>	74
<i>Digitalis, The. Foxglove.</i>	70	<i>Pentstemon. Beard Tongue.</i>	74
<i>Euphorbia corollata. Flowering Spurge.</i>	70	<i>Rudbeckias, The. Golden-glow.</i>	74
<i>Funkia coerula. Blue Plantain Lily.</i>	70	<i>Sedum acre. Golden Moss.</i>	75
<i>Gaillardia. Blanket Flower.</i>	70	<i>Silene Schraffa. Autumn Catch-fly.</i>	74
<i>Geum. Acons.</i>	70	<i>Statice latifolia. Sea Lavender.</i>	75
<i>Gillenia trifoliata. Bowman's Root.</i>	70	<i>Stokesia. Stokes Aster.</i>	75
<i>Gypsophilas, The. Baby's Breath.</i>	70	<i>Teucrium canadensis.</i>	75
<i>Heliopsis pitcheriana.</i>	71	<i>Thalictrums, The.</i>	75
<i>Hemerocallis, The. Day Lily.</i>	71	<i>Thymus, The. Scarlet Thyme.</i>	75
<i>Hesperis matronalis. Dame's Rocket.</i>	71	<i>Tradescantia virginica. Spiderwort.</i>	75
<i>Heuchera sanguinea. Coralbells.</i>	71	<i>Tunica saxafrage.</i>	75
<i>Hypericums, The. Goldflower.</i>	71	<i>Veronica incana. Speedwell.</i>	75

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<i>Achilleas, The. Fern-leaved Yarrow.</i>	66	<i>Hypericums, The. Goldflower.</i>	71
<i>Agrostemma. Dusty Miller.</i>	66	<i>Lathyrus latifolius. Perennial Sweet Pea.</i>	72
<i>Anemone japonica. Japanese Wind Flower.</i>	66	<i>Liatris elegans. Blazing Star.</i>	72
<i>Anthemis tinctoria. Golden Marguerite.</i>	67	<i>Linum perenne. Perennial Flax.</i>	72
<i>Asclepias tuberosa. Butterfly Weed.</i>	67	<i>Lysimachia clethroides.</i>	72
<i>Aster, The. Perennial Aster.</i>	67	<i>Myosotis palustris. Forget-me-not.</i>	72
<i>Astilbes chinensis.</i>	67	<i>Pentstemon barbatus. Beard Tongue.</i>	74
<i>Boltonia asteroides. Boltonia.</i>	67	<i>Phlox, The.</i>	74
<i>Caryopteris. Blue Beard.</i>	68	<i>Physostegia virginica. False Dragon-head.</i>	74
<i>Chrysanthemum Hybridum. Shasta Daisy.</i>	69	<i>Platycodons, The. Balloon Flower.</i>	74
<i>Eupatorium, The. Flowering Spurge.</i>	70	<i>Plumbago, larpentæ. Leadwort.</i>	74
<i>Euphorbia corollata. Long Flowering Spurge.</i>	70	<i>Rudbeckias. Golden-glow.</i>	74
<i>Funkias, The (except coerulea). Day Lily.</i>	70	<i>Sedums, The (except acre). Sedum.</i>	75
<i>Gaillardia. Blanket Flower.</i>	70	<i>Silene Schraffa. Autumn Catch-fly.</i>	74
<i>Gypsophilas, The. Baby's Breath.</i>	70	<i>Statice latifolia. Sea Lavender.</i>	75
<i>Heleniums, The. False Sunflower.</i>	71	<i>Stokesias, The. Stokes Aster.</i>	75
<i>Heliopsis pitcheriana.</i>	71	<i>Teucrium canadensis.</i>	75
<i>Helianthus, The. Perennial Sunflower.</i>	71	<i>Tradescantia virginica. Spiderwort.</i>	75
<i>Heuchera sanguinea. Coralbell.</i>	71	<i>Tritoma Pfitzeri. Red-hot Poker.</i>	75
<i>Hollyhocks, The.</i>	71	<i>Veronica longifolia subsessilis. Speedwell.</i>	75

October and November

<i>Anemone japonica. Japanese Wind Flower.</i>	66	<i>Heliopsis pitcheriana.</i>	71
<i>Asters, The. Perennial Aster.</i>	67	<i>Stokesias, The. Stokes' Aster.</i>	75
<i>Caryopteris. Blue Beard.</i>	68	<i>Tritoma Pfitzeri. Red-hot Poker.</i>	75
<i>Chrysanthemums, Hardy.</i>	68		

How to Plant and Care for Nursery Stock

Proper Planting Depends on Four Things

1. The right plant in the right place by using varieties adapted to the location.
2. By planting while the stock is dormant or otherwise in fit condition for transplanting.
3. The use of nursery-grown stock that has been previously transplanted and is in consequence supplied with fibrous feeding roots to nourish and sustain it after planting.
4. Taking proper care of the plants until they have become thoroughly established in their new location.



If impossible to arrange for planting within three or four days from the time of arrival, unpack the stock and "heel" or trench it, in some place out of harm's way until such time as the planting may be accomplished. When possible, however, it is best to plant nursery stock in its permanent position promptly upon arrival.

Preparation of the Soil

Generally speaking, trees and shrubbery will thrive in any good vegetable soil.

Fertilizer, in the form of compost or manure, is beneficial though often not absolutely essential.

Recently graded areas are likely to be void of fertile humus-bearing "top-soil," and unless such soil is provided, trees and shrubbery can scarcely be expected to make a vigorous, healthy growth.

What to Do With Plants When They Arrive

Our stock will be found so thoroughly packed that if it is not convenient to plant it immediately upon arrival it may remain for a few days in the boxes or bales that it has been shipped in. Arrange, however, to have the packages kept moist and away from drying winds, hot sun or freezing temperature.

On Planting Evergreens

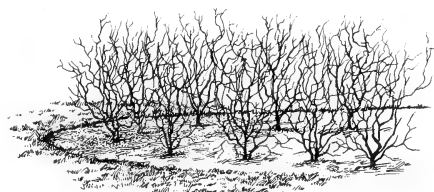
Our Evergreens will usually be received with balls of earth about their roots, wrapped in burlap. If these balls of earth are dry when received it is well to moisten them before unwrapping, so that the soil will better adhere to the roots.

With large Evergreens, or with smaller ones if the "ball" is soft and likely to break in unwrapping, place the tree in position in the hole, burlap attached, then cut the ropes and slit the burlap with a sharp knife.

Planting Shrubby

The best results with shrubbery are had when the planting is done in beds or groups. Shrubs grow best when in the companionship of others. Compare plants placed individually in the sod with those in a group which enjoy the cultivation of a deep hoeing or spading once or more each year.

If shrubs are to be arranged in groups or colonies, the area that they are to occupy should first be thoroughly spaded as if for flowers, after which the planting may be done in the usual manner.



Not only does a cultivated area stimulate their growth but it is easier to keep in order than grass, which succeeds poorly beneath their shade and is in such places difficult to mow.



Avoid the stiff, unnatural way of trimming shown on the left; adopt the natural method shown on the right. Then your shrubs will carry long, graceful, swaying branches of bloom. Trim all Spring-flowering shrubbery right after blooming. Trim Summer-flowering shrubbery in Winter.

About Trimming Shrubby

Newly planted shrubbery should be cut back severely at time of planting. This treatment reduces the number of buds to be supplied with nourishment and has a tendency to make the growth much more vigorous than if it were not so pruned. Generally from one-third to one-half of the top should be removed. While this may seem to spoil the shrub, it really is the making of it. The plant will be more bushy and can be trained, as it grows, into the shaped plant desired.

When shrubbery is planted in the Spring this trimming is perhaps most easily done before the shrub is set in the ground. When planted in the Autumn it is usually best to defer the trimming until early the following Spring.

Those shrubs that bloom before the middle of June bear their flowers on twigs of the previous season's growth. When these twigs are trimmed in Winter the very branches that would have flowers the following Spring are destroyed and the bloom sacrificed. Trim such shrubs, if they really need trimming, immediately after they have finished blooming, by removing dead twigs, cutting out short, weak ones, and clipping back long, ungainly branches to preserve the natural, graceful form of the plant.

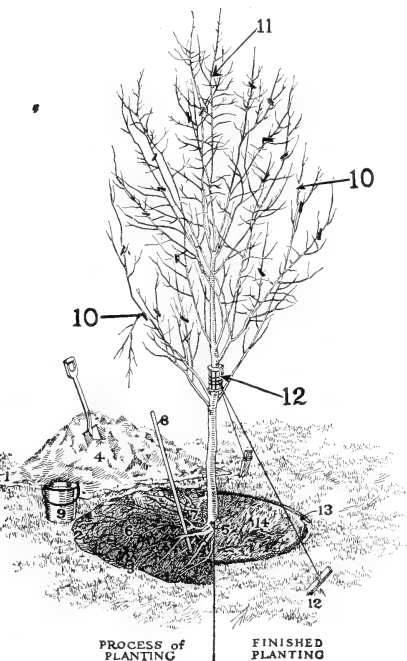
On Winter Care

Alternate freezing and thawing is often more damaging to newly planted stock than is severe cold. A heavy mulch of straw, leaves or manure, applied just after the ground freezes will help prevent damage from this source.

Evergreens in exposed places should usually have a windbreak of matting, burlap, or cornstalks the first Winter, erected on their windward side.

Fourteen Points in Tree Planting

1. A piece of burlap or canvas should be spread over the grass, so that the dirt from the holes may be thrown upon it.
2. Holes must be made large enough that the roots may be spread out naturally without cramping. See also No. 6.
3. Dig holes larger in circumference at the bottom than at the top to prevent water lying about the roots.
4. Good, fertile top-soil must be used about the roots. If the tree is to be planted in impoverished ground, good soil should be provided for it.
5. Plant the tree the same depth it stood at the Nursery (easily determined by the dirt ring on the trunk). This is very important.
6. Lay the roots out naturally and cut off all the broken or bruised parts. See also No. 2.
7. Press the earth down firmly embedding every particle of roots, and working it in under the crown (see arrow).
8. With small trees the dirt will settle firmly if the plant is moved gently up and down as the hole is filled. With large trees use tamping stick.
9. Pour in water to top of hole after filling three-quarters full with earth. When this is settled, complete filling-in process, leaving top soil loose.
10. Trim broken or bruised branches, also two-thirds of the previous year's growth to offset the loss of roots in transplanting. See marks on diagram.
11. It is often best not to trim the leader or central stem, as a forked tree may result. Hardwood trees, like the Oak and Beech especially, should not have their central leader trimmed.
12. Large trees or trees in exposed places should usually be staked. To prevent chafing, protect the tree with old hose or with burlap and sticks where the wire is attached.
13. After planting, it is better to leave a cultivated area about the tree than to sod close to it. This cultivated area should be from 3 to 5 feet in diameter.



14. Fertilizer, as manure or compost, may be used either in the bottom of the hole or as a mulch, or both. Be careful not to allow manure to come in direct contact with the roots.

Planting and Care of Perennials

The planting area where the perennials are to go should be deeply spaded, digging-in a heavy application of well-rotted manure, or compost. It should then be raked smooth and the surface free from lumps.

The proper planting distance for most varieties of perennials is 18 inches. Large, growing types like Peonies, however, should go 2 feet apart and small plants 10 to 12 inches apart.

As a general rule the plants should be set with the crowns on a level with the ground. If they are planted deeper they are liable to rot; if they are planted more shallow, they are likely to dry out. An exception to the rule is the Peony which should be planted with the crown 2 inches below the surface.

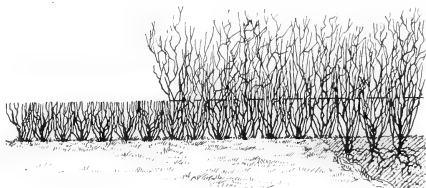
After planting is completed, the area should be thoroughly watered, and thereafter once or twice a week throughout the season.

Each Winter the Perennial bed should be mulched with straw or leaves after the first freeze. Avoid manure as it is likely to form a mat and stifle the plants. In the Spring, lightly work in a liberal application of fine manure, or of bone meal at the rate of a single handful per plant.

The Importance of Watering

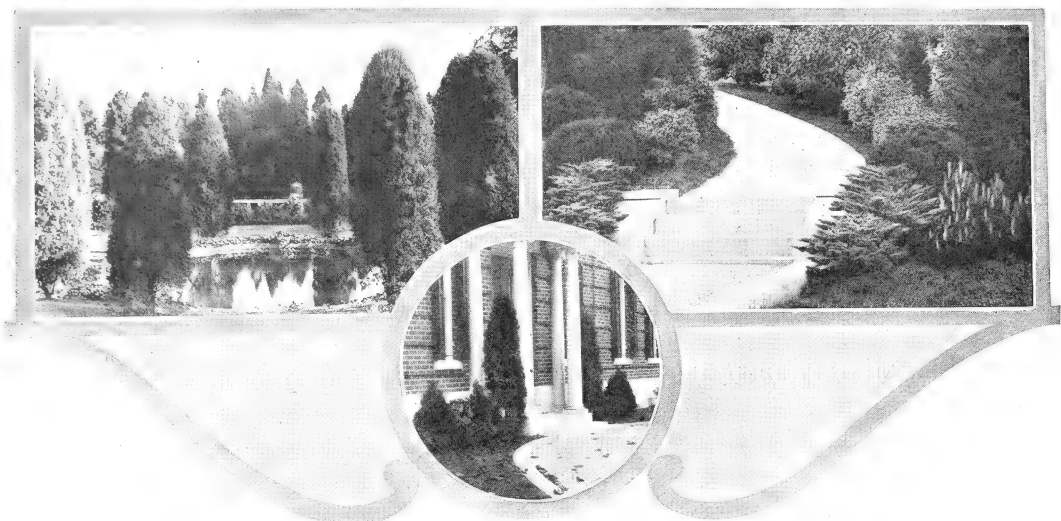
In addition to thoroughly watering your plants at the time of planting, it is very important that especially during the first season they should be kept in a moist condition. This does not mean frequent sprinkling, but a thorough soaking once or twice a week.

The maintenance of cultivated areas, or of a mulch of grass clippings, long manure or straw about the plants will serve to retain moisture.



Planting and Trimming Privet Hedge

Privet hedge should be planted several inches deeper than it stood in the Nursery, then trimmed severely back. The more severe the trimming, the denser the resultant hedge.



IN this group are contained some of the most valued plants for landscape effects. Only a personal familiarity with the various plants in our collection could give you an adequate idea of the variety of color effects they present. There are deepest and lightest greens, bright and sombre golden tints, and soft steel-greys and blues.

The diversity of habit of growth in this class provides truly "a plant for every place and purpose"—some for the limited areas of foundation plantings or for bed and border uses, others as screens, hedges and windbreaks and for group and specimen plantings. Many of the larger growing varieties, because they endure shearing, are adapted for use along with the more dwarf types.

For Winter cheer Evergreens are unexcelled. Their bright, warm foliage is always a welcome note in the

landscape, but with the branches arched and laden with snow, the deep green needles standing out in contrast, they present a picture of indescribable beauty.

In our assortment are varieties for all the uses outlined above. We would particularly call attention to a fine stock of specimens 8 to 20 feet high which we have been years in raising and which are capable of producing immediate effects upon your lawn.

The following key is designated to assist in the selection of Evergreens of the different types which are best suited for the location in which it is desired to plant them:

Varieties marked (L) usually attain a height of 60 ft. or over at maturity; (M) 30 to 60 ft.; (S) 10 to 30 ft.; (D) 4 to 10 ft.; (VD) below 4 ft.

"var." indicates a variety of the last-named species.

The Firs—Abies

THE Firs are mostly quick-growing, hardy Evergreens, of pyramidal form, and symmetrical outline. Some of the most ornamental tall-growing Evergreens are contained in this group, and the beauty of many of these varieties is best displayed when they are used as specimens—though they are also valued for mass plantings.

WHITE FIR. ABIES CONCOLOR. (L). Soft, glaucous green foliage. Especially hardy and generally develops into a beautiful specimen. Splendid by itself or in groups with darker green Evergreens, where it lends a pleasing contrast. A native of the Rockies. Each Per 10
2 to 3 ft. \$5.00 \$45.00
3 to 4 ft. 7.50 70.00

NIKKO FIR. ABIES HOMOLEPIS, SYN. BRACHYPHYLLA. (L). A Fir from Japan that we especially recommend for Eastern planting. It grows rapidly with a rather open tendency. Needles dark green. Very hardy and adapted to a wide range of climatic conditions. Each Per 10
4 to 5 ft. \$6.00 \$50.00
5 to 6 ft. 8.00 70.00
6 to 7 ft. 10.00 85.00
7 to 8 ft. 12.50 100.00

CEPHALONIAN FIR. ABIES CEPHALONICA. (M). Of symmetrical growth with dark green needles. Appears to the best advantage when used individually. Each Per 10
2½ to 3 ft. \$5.00 \$45.00
3 to 4 ft. 7.50 70.00

ALPINE FIR. ABIES LASIOCARPA. (M). Dark green needles, broad, spreading nature and fairly rapid growth. Best adapted for group plantings.

	Each	Per 10
2½ to 3 ft.	\$4.00	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft.	6.00	50.00
4 to 5 ft.	7.00	60.00
5 to 6 ft.	10.00	

NORDMANN'S FIR. ABIES NORDMANNIANA. (L). Thrives under city conditions. Its wide needles, lustrous dark green above, with silvery under-surface, and its dense habit of growth produce a particularly rich effect. Native among the mountains about the Black Sea. Each Per 10

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft.	\$4.00	\$35.00
2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	50.00
3 to 4 ft.	8.00	70.00
4 to 5 ft.	10.00	85.00

CILICIAN FIR. ABIES CILICICA. (M). Of rather spreading growth, with shiny green needles. Produces a striking effect when used individually.

	Each	Per 10
2½ to 3 ft.	\$5.00	\$45.00
3 to 4 ft.	7.50	60.00
4 to 5 ft.	10.00	

VEITCH'S SILVER FIR. ABIES VEITCHI. (L). Narrow outline, adapting it to limited areas. Limber branches easily tossed by the wind, beautifully displaying the silvery-white under-surface of the needles. Indigenous to the mountains of Japan.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.	\$5.00	\$45.00
4 to 5 ft.	7.00	62.50
5 to 6 ft.	9.00	80.00
6 to 7 ft.	12.50	



The Chinese Arborvitae—Biota

MORE delicately cut foliage, arranged in perpendicular fronds, distinguishes these plants from the better known Arborvitae which they closely

resemble. They are useful in foundation and group plantings and for producing formal effects. Not dependably hardy north of New York.

CHINESE ARBORVITÆ. BIOTA ORIENTALIS. (S). Columnar habit. Best adapted for bed or border plantings where its light green foliage lends a pleasing note of contrast. Its rapid growth makes it especially valued where quick results and moderate price are a consideration.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$2.50	\$20.00
3 to 4 ft.....	3.50	30.00
4 to 5 ft.....	4.50	40.00
5 to 6 ft.....	6.00	50.00
6 to 7 ft.....	7.00	60.00
7 to 8 ft.....	9.00	75.00
8 to 10 ft.....	12.00	100.00

BIOTA. VAR. AUREA CONSPICUA. 10 to 30 feet. Narrow, pyramidal growth. Golden foliage, suffused with green. Rich bronze hue in Winter.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$6.00	
4 to 5 ft.....	10.00	
5 to 6 ft.....	12.50	

BERKMAN'S GOLDEN ARBORVITÆ. VAR. AUREA NANA. (D). Globe-shaped, with golden-edged, upright fronds.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 in.....	\$1.75	\$16.00
1 to 1½ ft.....	2.50	
1½ to 2 ft.....	4.00	36.00

BIOTA CONICA. (D). A bushy tree of slow growth, an upright-oval in shape. Beautiful dark green foliage.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	4.00	35.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	5.00	45.00

ROLLINSON'S GOLDEN BIOTA. VAR. ELEGANTISSIMA. (S). Of narrow, pyramidal outline. Foliage effect golden in Summer, bronze in Winter. Valuable for color contrast in mixed Evergreen plantings.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$4.50	
2½ to 3 ft.....	6.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	8.00	\$75.00

The Junipers and Cedars—Juniperus

THIS group embraces a wide diversity of foliage, color, form and size. Varieties may be found here for individual planting, formal effects, groups, borders, or mass plantings on rocky slopes and sand-

banks. The Junipers possess great vigor, and when once established will thrive under the most adverse conditions—in bleak and barren locations; at the seashore; in low damp grounds; poor soils, etc.

Spreading Types

The following varieties are best adapted for rockeries, flanking steps and as edgings for Evergreen groups.

TAMARIX-LEAVED JUNIPER. VAR. TAMARISCIFOLIA. (VD). Low, spreading, with delicate bluish-green foliage. For rockeries and foregrounds.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft. spread	\$5.00	\$45.00

TRAILING JUNIPER. VAR. PROCUMBENS. (VD). For use in rock gardens and as a ground cover on banks or terraces, in which latter place it should be planted in colonies.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ ft. spread	\$1.75	\$15.00

DOUGLAS DWARF GOLDEN JUNIPER. VAR. CANADENSIS AUREA. SYN. DOUGLASI. (VD). Golden form of the Canadian Juniper. Valued for color contrast in bed and border plantings.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1¼ ft. spread	\$1.75	
1¼ to 1½ ft. spread	2.25	\$20.00

CREEPING JUNIPER. JUNIPERUS HORIZONTALIS, VAR. PROSTRATA. (VD). Low, spreading habit. glaucous-green foliage. Useful in same ways as JUNIPERUS PROCUMBENS. Native.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft. spread	\$2.50	\$22.50
2 to 3 ft. spread	3.50	32.50



A planting of dwarf Evergreens that softens foundation walls without actually completely covering them, is desirable where attractive stone is used in their construction. Moon's Evergreens planted at Langhorne, Pa.



Types of Evergreens

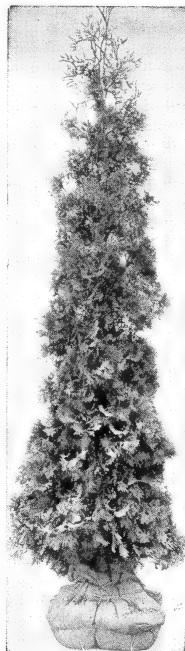


Spreading Type

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Columnar Type



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Varieties of Columnar Form

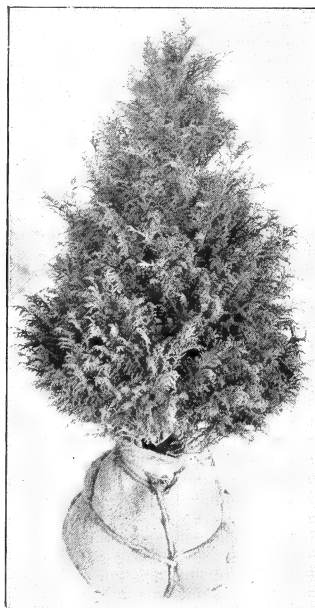
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Many varieties of Evergreens, particularly of the *Arborvitæ*, *Retinispora* and *Hemlock* families can be used either for tall screen plantings or for foundation or border beds because they can readily be sheared and kept small.

If in doubt as to the selection and arrangement of your Evergreens (or any other Hardy Plants) write us your problem in detail and we will endeavor to help you with it.

Varieties of Pyramidal Form

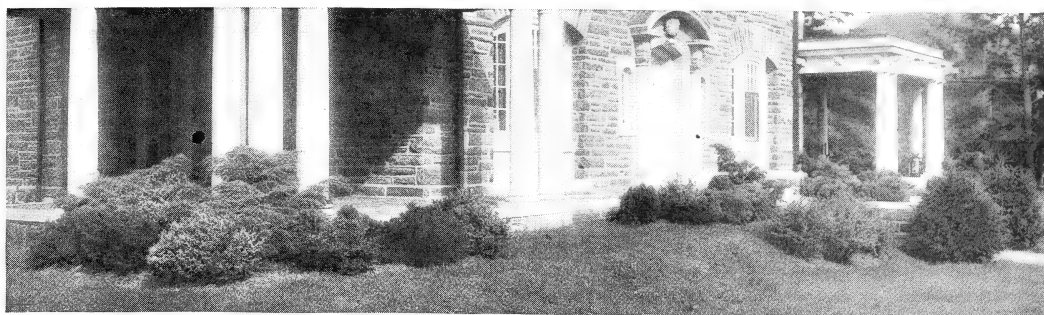
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Pyramidal Type

Varieties of Pyramidal Form

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Plantings supplied and arranged by us for Wm. Haytock, Easton, Pa. These were photographed the season following planting and show the attractive results obtained by group, rather than continuous, planting about the house foundation as well as the immediate effect which Evergreens give.

Upright-Spreading Forms of Junipers

The following varieties may be effectively used in informal plantings and in groups with contrasting forms.

PFITZER'S JUNIPER. VAR. PFITZERIANA. (D). Vase-shaped, spreading growth and light green foliage producing a beautiful, soft effect. Extremely hardy. Thrives under city conditions.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft. spread.....	\$5.00	\$45.00
2 to 2½ ft. spread.....	6.00	55.00
3 to 4 ft. high.....	12.50	110.00
4 to 5 ft. high.....	16.00	150.00

SAVIN JUNIPER. JUNIPERUS SABINA. (VD). A vase-shaped, somewhat upright plant with deep green foliage. Valued for rockeries, groups and borders in combination with other low-growing Evergreens. Native of Eurasia and North America with a wide range.

	Each	Per 10
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	\$2.25	\$20.00

Upright or Columnar Types of Junipers

The varieties listed below may be effectively used where tall accent plants are wanted and to add variety in texture and color of foliage.

BLUE VIRGINIA CEDAR. VAR. GLAUCA. (M). Formal, slender type most nearly corresponding to the classic Cypress. Distinctive glaucous foliage.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$4.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	6.00	
10 to 12 ft.....	20.00	

VAR. CANNARTI. (S). Pyramidal form. Dark green foliage with abundant showy blue berries.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$6.00	\$55.00

DWARF SWEDISH JUNIPER. VAR. SUECICA NANA. (D). Compact, bushy, somewhat formal outline, with bluish-green foliage. For foreground planting.

	Each	Per 10
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	\$2.75	\$22.50

GOLDEN VIRGINIA CEDAR. VAR. ELEGANTISSIMA. (M). Slender outline with light golden foliage. Useful for color contrast in background of bed plantings.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft.....	\$14.00	\$125.00

RED CEDAR. JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA. (M). Our native Red Cedar, useful as formal specimens, for accents, in groups and for producing naturalistic effects.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00	
6 to 7 ft.....	8.00	
7 to 8 ft.....	10.00	

SCHOTT'S RED CEDAR. JUNIPERUS SCHOTTI. 10 to 30 feet. Distinct light green foliage. Habit columnar and formal. This is a variety of Virginia cedar.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$6.00	\$55.00



A planting of evergreens along the drive with a ribbon of English Ivy to make a finishing touch. Such a planting will make your every homecoming pleasant. In the Summer you will be interested in the bright young tips that indicate the new season's growth. The charm of the shades of green against the Winter landscapes will give a cheerful welcome in the cold, snowy days.



The Spruces—Picea

THESE trees are probably better known and more widely planted than any other family of Evergreens. They are almost universally reliable, mature rapidly, and live to a ripe old age. The tall growing varieties are most effective as screens, while other varieties in group plantings and as individual specimens are equally good. Because of the arrangement of the branches on the upright-growing sorts, these trees catch and hold the snow in a most graceful manner, producing beautiful Winter landscapes.

NORWAY SPRUCE. PICEA EXCELSA. (L). The best-known Spruce. Fine as a specimen, for screens and windbreaks. As a sheared hedge it becomes almost impenetrable.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$2.00	\$16.00	
2 to 3 ft.....	3.00	25.00	\$200.00

ALCOCK SPRUCE. PICEA ALCOCKIANA. (M). Slender spreading branches. Leaves dark green above, silvery-blue beneath, producing valuable color contrast. A Siberian variety.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$4.00	\$36.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	5.00	45.00
3 to 4 ft.....	6.00	55.00

EASTERN OR ORIENTAL SPRUCE. PICEA ORIENTALIS. (L). Compact and shapely, producing specimen or group planting. Short, dark, lustrous needles.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft.....	\$40.00	\$360.00
14 to 16 ft.....	60.00	550.00
16 to 18 ft.....	75.00	650.00

TIGERTAIL SPRUCE. PICEA POLITA. (M). Pyramidal habit. Has very rigid, light-green needles. Attractive but comparatively rare. A native of Japan, especially recommended for park and large lawn use.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$5.00	\$42.50
3 to 4 ft.....	7.00	60.00
4 to 5 ft.....	10.00	
6 to 7 ft.....	16.00	
7 to 8 ft.....	20.00	

SERBIAN SPRUCE. PICEA OMORIKA. (L). Distinct and ornamental, of dense and narrow outline. Shining dark green needles.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$4.00	\$36.00
3 to 4 ft.....	5.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00	50.00

KOSTER'S BLUE SPRUCE. VAR. KOSTERIANA. (L). The popular blue Evergreen so generally used as lawn specimens. The large demand for and the scarcity of Koster's Spruce have exhausted our supply of symmetrical specimens, but the stock here offered, though slightly irregular, should develop into attractive trees.

	Each	Per 10
2½ to 3 ft.....	\$15.00	
5 to 6 ft.....	22.50	
6 to 7 ft.....	25.00	\$225.00
7 to 8 ft.....	30.00	250.00
8 to 10 ft.....	45.00	400.00
10 to 12 ft.....	60.00	500.00

WEeping BLUE SPRUCE. VAR. PENDULA. (S). A variety of above with drooping branches. An unusual Evergreen for specimen or group planting.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.....	\$9.00
3 to 4 ft.....	12.00

The Pines—Pinus

THE Pines are perhaps more diverse in character than any other family of Evergreens. They are native to the mountains and the lowlands, so endure a wide range of climatic and soil conditions, and may be used in practically any location where a hardy, permanent Evergreen is wanted. This group includes varieties from the tall, upright forms to the dwarf, spreading sorts, making them available for planting on the smallest lawn or the largest estate as individual specimens, in groups, or as windbreaks and screens.

AUSTRIAN PINE. PINUS NIGRA. VAR. AUSTRIACA. (L). Tall, massive, with spreading limbs and long, stiff needles. Thrives along the coast, inland, and under city conditions. Handsome for specimen or open group planting.

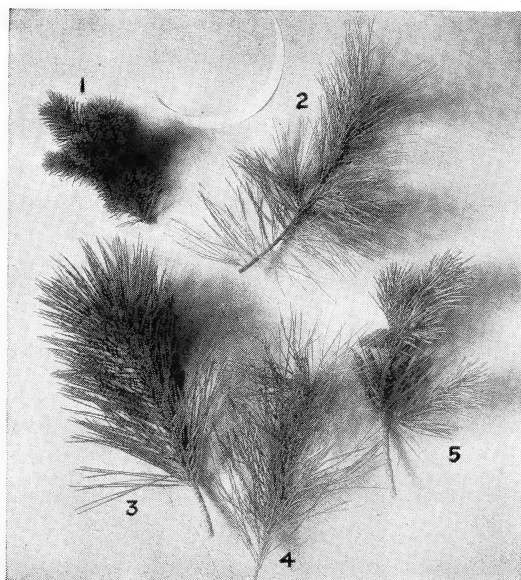
	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.75	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft.....	5.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft.....	7.50	65.00

LIMBER PINE. PINUS FLEXILIS. (M). Horizontal branches. Dark green needles. Recommended for ornamental planting on rocky slopes. From west of the Rockies.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft.....	\$12.00	\$100.00
6 to 7 ft.....	15.00	
7 to 8 ft.....	17.50	145.00
8 to 12 ft.....	22.50	175.00

MUGHU PINE. PINUS MONTANA. VAR. MUGHUS. (VD). A low, mound-like hardy type. The erect new growth resembles candles, making a striking contrast to the dark green of the older foliage. For rock gardens, group and foundation plantings.

	Each	Per 10
1¼ to 1½ ft. spread.....	\$3.50	\$30.00
1½ to 2 ft.....	4.50	40.00



The several types of foliage represented in the Pine family. (1) Mugho Pine; (2) White Pine; (3) Austrian Pine; (4) Red Pine; (5) Scotch Pine.



MOON'S EVERGREENS



WESTERN YELLOW PINE. PINUS PONDEROSA. (L). Long, twisted, dark green needles. Ponderous appearance, adapting it for massing in parks and on large lawns. From Western United States.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$4.00	\$36.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00	50.00
5 to 6 ft.....	8.00	70.00
6 to 8 ft.....	12.50	

CORSICAN PINE. PINUS NIGRA. (L). The most rapid growing of our Evergreens. Open habit; needles dark green and curved.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$4.00	\$36.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00	55.00
5 to 6 ft.....	7.50	65.00

RED or NORWAY PINE. PINUS RESINOSA. (M). A two-needle pine, immune to the five-needle pine diseases; of good color and large stature. Very desirable for lawn and park planting. Native to our Northern States.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.00	\$27.50
5 to 6 ft.....	7.50	65.00
6 to 7 ft.....	10.00	

SCOTCH PINE. PINUS SYLVESTRIS. (M). A rapid grower, for planting where quick results are wanted. Thrives near the seashore and in other exposed locations. Good for mass plantings, screens and windbreaks.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft.....	\$17.50	\$160.00
10 to 12 ft.....	25.00	225.00
12 to 14 ft.....	35.00	300.00

WHITE PINE. PINUS STROBUS. (L). The grand old Pine so well-known—the picturesque pine of many a landscape. The foliage is a soft bluish-green.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft.....	\$4.00	
5 to 6 ft.....	6.00	\$50.00
6 to 8 ft.....	9.00	75.00
8 to 10 ft.....	12.50	100.00
10 to 12 ft.....	17.50	

The Douglas Spruce

PSEUDOTSUGA DOUGLASI. (L). The soft dark green to bluish foliage of this tree presents a particularly delightful effect. Grows rapidly and makes a beautiful specimen for individual planting. Even more commendable than the well-known Norway Spruce.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.50	\$32.50
3 to 4 ft.....	5.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00	52.50
5 to 6 ft.....	8.00	

BLUE DOUGLAS SPRUCE. PSEUDOTSUGA DOUGLASI. VAR. GLAUCA. The bluish-green foliage of this tree presents a particularly delightful effect. Grows rapidly and makes a beautiful specimen for individual planting.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$5.00	\$45.00
3 to 4 ft.....	7.00	

"Many a man intensely practical in his own business will give his order to the lowest bidder among competing nurserymen, and waste years looking at sickly, struggling or dying trees, shrubs and perennials about the home, rather than invest a little more money and get satisfaction and joy from the start. Poor stock is dear at any price."
—Nietje Blanchan in "The American Flower Garden."



A Douglas Spruce near Philadelphia [that came from our Nurseries originally. This Spruce, a native of our Western States, endures better than the European kinds the range of temperature to which trees on the Atlantic Coast are subjected.

The Japanese Cypress —Retinispora

THE brilliancy and variety in the coloring of the foliage of these plants, as well as its delicacy in texture, make them especially interesting. The group includes tall-growing sorts, and those of a more dwarf nature, all of which are most valued for the color and foliage contrasts which they produce in groupings, terrace borders, hedges, window-boxes, and vases. An occasional shearing makes them more compact in growth, and brings out even more distinctly in the foliage the varied shades of silver, green and gold. Because the growth of even the larger-growing of these plants can be controlled in this way, they are well suited for planting about the house foundation.

OBTUSE-LEAVED RETINISPIORA. RETINISPIORA OBTUSA. (M). Pyramidal growth. Foliage rich dark green, arranged in an odd, cluster-like form. We offer in the larger sizes below listed splendid specimens for individual planting, or open groupings. See illustration.

	Each	Per 10
2½ to 3 ft.....	\$6.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	7.50	\$62.50
4 to 5 ft.....	9.00	80.00
5 to 6 ft.....	12.00	
8 to 10 ft.....	22.00	
10 to 12 ft.....	30.00	

VAR. GRACILIS. 10 to 30 feet. A beautiful variety for lawn planting. Of slow growth with branches light and graceful at ends.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$8.00	\$70.00
4 to 5 ft.....	10.00	
8 to 10 ft.....	25.00	
10 to 12 ft.....	30.00	



Evergreens for Specimen and Group Plantings Are Effective the Year 'Round

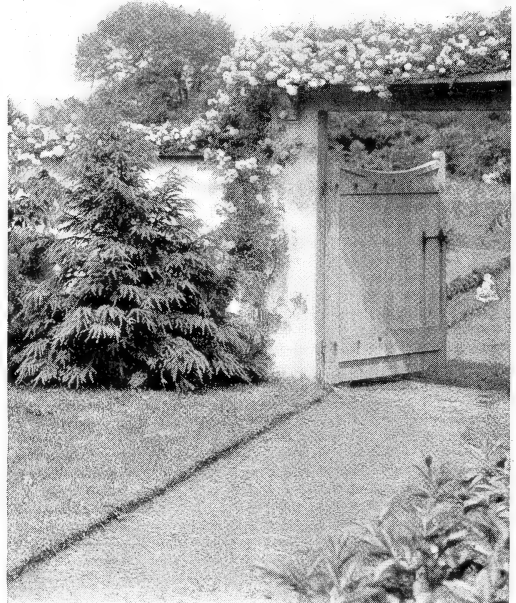


Who would imagine that there is a busy highway just beyond the confines of this lawn? All year through, in Winter as well as in Summer, Evergreens give it an enviable seclusion. There is a richness and luxuriance in such a planting that is peculiar to Evergreens.

Varieties of Evergreens especially adapted for such planting are Nikko Fir, Douglas Spruce, Veitch's Silver Fir, Canadian Hemlock, American Arborvitæ and Obtuse-leaved Retinispora.



Obtuse-leaved Retinisporas growing in our Nurseries. Their density adapts them for screen plantings and their symmetry, for accent and sentinel use in formal or informal gardens.



A corner of the garden of Congressman Chas. Brown of Princeton, N. J. Hemlocks, because they can readily be sheared, can be used effectively in limited as well as expansive areas.



VAR. GRACILIS AUREA. 10 to 30 feet. Graceful, feathery, golden foliage which adds variety and color contrast when used in beds and borders.

	Each	Per 10
2½ to 3 ft.....	\$6.00	\$52.50
3 to 4 ft.....	7.50	65.00
4 to 5 ft.....	10.00	

DWARF JAPANESE RETINISPORA. VAR. NANA. (D). A tree of rare individuality; slow-growing and dwarf with dense, heavy foliage. For Japanese gardens and general group plantings.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$6.00	\$50.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	7.50	65.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	10.00	85.00

PEA-FRUITED RETINISPORA. RETINISPORA PISIFERA. (S). A splendid bushy variety with pyramidal outline, slender, graceful branches and light green leaves.

	Each	Per 10
1¼ to 1½ ft... \$3.00		
1½ to 2 ft... 4.00	\$35.00	
2 to 2½ ft... 5.00	45.00	
2½ to 3 ft... 6.00	55.00	
3 to 4 ft... 7.50		

GOLDEN PEA-FRUITED RETINISPORA. VAR. AUREA. (S). Light, airy, golden foliage that blends well in mixed plantings.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft... \$4.00	\$35.00	

THREAD-BRANCHED RETINISPORA. VAR. FILIFERA. (S). Broad and bushy, with pendulous, dark green foliage of a thread-like nature. A distinctive, valuable tree.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft. \$4.00	\$35.00	
2 to 2½ ft. 5.00		
7 to 8 ft. 17.50		
8 to 10 ft. 22.50		

PLUME-LIKE or GREEN RETINISPORA. VAR. PLUMOSA. (S). More light and feathery than RETINISPORA PISIFERA. Otherwise similar.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$4.00	\$35.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	5.00	45.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	6.00	55.00

GOLDEN RETINISPORA. VAR. PLUMOSA AUREA. (S). Soft, plume-like, golden foliage, particularly bright in Spring and contrasting beautifully with darker shades of other Evergreens.

	Each	Per 10
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
1½ to 2 ft.....	4.00	35.00

TREE-SHAPED RETINISPORA. VAR. PLUMOSA. Neat, trimmed specimens adapted for formal effects and for vases in place of Boxwood, now so scarce in this shape.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft. stem, 12 to 18 inch dia. head.....	\$5.00	\$45.00
2 to 2½ ft. stem, 18 to 24 inch dia. head.....	6.00	55.00

SILVER RETINISPORA. VAR. SQUARROSA. (S). Soft, feathery foliage, silvery or steel-grey in color.

	Each	Per 10
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
1½ to 2 ft.....	4.00	35.00

WHITE-LEAVED RETINISPORA. VAR. FLAVESCENS VARIEGATA. (D). Dwarf, compact, with white-tipped feathery foliage. A general favorite for lawns and formal effects.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1¼ ft.....	\$2.50	\$22.50
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	3.50	32.50
1½ to 2 ft.....	4.50	

The Yews—Taxus

THE refinement and distinction which this family of Evergreens possess are hardly equaled by any other family. They are invaluable for formal effects as they withstand shearing well, and lend themselves quite as readily to specimen, group, or bed planting. The Yews are relatively slow-growing, with foliage of a deep, lustrous green. The beauty of some of the varieties is enhanced during the Autumn and Winter months by brilliant red berries which are themselves attractive, and also accentuate the green of the foliage.

GOLDEN ENGLISH YEW. TAXUS BACCATA. VAR. AUREA. (S). Bushy nature, with foliage of a faint golden tinge, more intense in Spring. Hardy to New York in sheltered places. A very desirable Evergreen.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft... \$5.00	\$45.00	
2½ to 3 ft... 7.50	65.00	
3 to 4 ft... 10.00	90.00	
4 to 5 ft... 13.00		

SPREADING ENGLISH YEW. TAXUS BACCATA. VAR. REPANDENS. (VD). Low, spreading growth with dark, glossy-green foliage, making it effective in the foreground of mixed Evergreens. One of

the most choice Evergreens of its type.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft. spread.....	\$6.00	
2½ to 3 ft. spread.....	7.50	\$70.00
3 to 4 ft. spread.....	9.00	

JAPANESE YEW. TAXUS CUSPIDATA. (S). One of the hardest of Yews. Upright, rather open growth, with rich green foliage. Makes a beautiful medium-sized specimen, and can be kept uniform and symmetrical by occasional shearing.

	Each	Per 10
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
1½ to 2 ft.....	4.50	40.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	6.00	55.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	8.00	75.00
7 to 8 ft.....	30.00	

DWARF JAPANESE YEW. VAR. NANA. (BREVIFOLIA). (D). Irregular, unique outline with deep green foliage. A popular variety for places where a low, spreading plant is wanted. Extremely hardy.

	Each	Per 10
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	\$4.50	
1½ to 2 ft.....	6.00	\$55.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	8.50	75.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	12.50	
2½ to 3 ft. by 3 to 4 ft. spread	20.00	175.00



The Arborvitae—Thuja

THIS ornamental group as a whole, though including many varieties of upright growth, does not attain great heights at maturity, and is adapted to small lawns, as well as large areas. The soft, fern-like foliage, in many instances so brightly colored, blends admirably in group or border plantings, while the neat

habit and compact appearance make them valuable for cemetery specimens, individual planting on open lawns, in window-boxes, vases, or for house decorations. When used as hedges, the taller-growing sorts make a splendid background for other ornamental plants, and provide protection and seclusion for the flower or vegetable garden.

AMERICAN ARBORVITÆ. THUJA OCCIDENTALIS. (M). Frequently but erroneously called White Cedar. Unexcelled for tall hedges, screens or windbreaks. Erect and pyramidal habit; rapid growth. Endures shearing readily, so it can be kept at any height desired. Splendid native tree for general planting.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft...	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$175.00
3 to 4 ft...	3.50	30.00	
4 to 5 ft...	5.00	45.00	
5 to 6 ft...	6.50	55.00	
6 to 7 ft...	8.00	70.00	
7 to 8 ft...	10.00	85.00	
8 to 10 ft...	13.50	125.00	
10 to 12 ft...	16.00	140.00	
12 to 14 ft...	20.00	175.00	

BURROW'S ARBORVITÆ. VAR. BURROWII. (S). Compact, conical habit, with foliage bright golden in Spring, later turning to green. For group and border plantings.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft...	\$3.00	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft...	4.00	35.00
4 to 5 ft...	5.50	

DOUGLAS PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITÆ. VAR. DOUGLASI PYRAMIDALIS. (S). Symmetrical columnar outline with dark green foliage so arranged as to give a crested effect to the tips of the branches. The most ornamental of all the Arborvitæ, and a very acceptable substitute for Pyramidal Boxwood, now so scarce.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft...	\$2.50	\$22.50
2 to 3 ft...	3.50	32.50
3 to 4 ft...	4.50	40.00
4 to 5 ft...	6.00	55.00
5 to 6 ft...	7.50	
6 to 7 ft...	10.00	

ELEGANTISSIMA. THUJA ELEGANTISSIMA. 10 to 30 feet. Foliage of a particular fresh green color. Compact pyramidal growth.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft...	\$4.50	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft...	6.00	55.00

GEORGE PEABODY ARBORVITÆ. VAR. AUREA. (S). Golden foliage retained well throughout the year. Attractive as a specimen, or to produce color contrasts in groups or beds. Not hardy north of New York.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft...	\$3.75	
2½ to 3 ft...	5.50	
3 to 4 ft...	7.50	
4 to 5 ft...	9.00	\$80.00
5 to 6 ft...	11.00	

REID'S ARBORVITÆ. VAR. REIDI. (S). Broad and bushy. A densely branched, symmetrical, conical tree adapted for much the same uses as American Arborvitæ, but more distinctive.

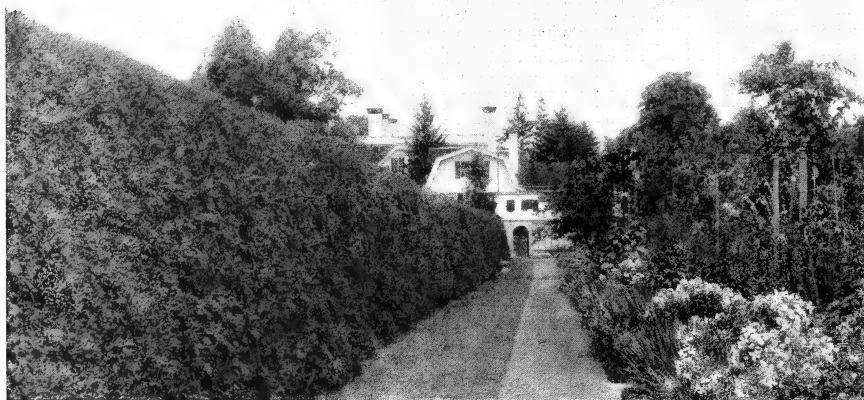
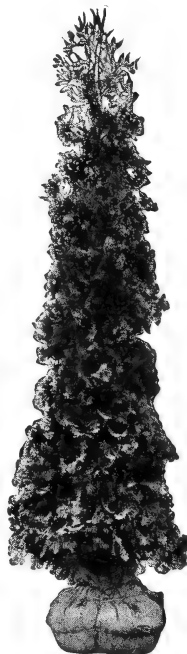
	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft...	\$3.00	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft...	4.00	35.00

SIBERIAN ARBORVITÆ. VAR. WAREANA. SYN. SIBIRICA. (S). Very slow-growing and thus adapted to limited areas. Hardy, with a neat, compact, pyramidal habit, and dark, rich, green foliage.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft...	\$3.50	
2½ to 3 ft...	4.50	
3 to 4 ft...	6.00	\$52.50
4 to 5 ft...	7.50	65.00

PUMILA. THUJA OCCIDENTALIS PUMILA. 4 to 10 feet. The least formal of the dwarf arborvitæ. Heavy dark green foliage. Ideal for beds, foundation plantings or window boxes.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft...	\$3.50	\$32.50



Plant Arborvitæ for tall hedges and windbreaks. Locate them on the windward side of walks and drives for their Winter protection. In Spring, if they are planted on the North side of your garden, they will move ahead the date of the first vegetables or flowers by several days.



PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITÆ. VAR. PYRAMIDALIS. (M).
Similar to the well-known American Arborvitæ, but somewhat more dense and columnar in habit and retains its dark, lustrous green color better through the Winter.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00	35.00
4 to 5 ft.....	5.50	50.00

PARSON'S COMPACT ARBORVITÆ. T. OCCIDENTALIS. VAR. PARSON'S COMPACTA. (D). A neat, attractive variety of upright oval shape.

	Each	Per 10
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	\$3.00	\$27.50
1½ to 2 ft.....	3.50	32.50

STANDISH'S ARBORVITÆ. THUJA STANDISHI. (M).
Long, dark green leaves, gracefully drooping. Rather open in habit and of increasing beauty as the trees develop. An interesting, distinct species from Japan.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$2.75	\$25.00
5 to 6 ft.....	10.00	85.00
6 to 7 ft.....	13.00	100.00
7 to 8 ft.....	15.00	
8 to 10 ft.....	17.50	
10 to 12 ft.....	20.00	



A Japanese Hemlock growing in our Nurseries. A distinctive Evergreen for use in group plantings or as a specimen of medium growth.

Japanese Umbrella Pine

SCIADOPITYS VERTICILLATA. 30 to 60 feet. A tree of pyramidal shape. The odd foliage is arranged in whorls of deep green, lustrous needles. Beautiful as a specimen.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$5.00	\$47.50
5 to 6 ft.....	22.50	
6 to 7 ft.....	25.00	
8 to 10 ft.....	40.00	

The Hemlocks—Tsuga

COMMON HEMLOCK. TSUGA CANADENSIS. (M).
Magnificent native trees, extremely useful for ornamental planting. As lawn specimens in full sunlight, the lower branches sweep the ground. They tolerate partial shade also, and their endurance of shearing adapts them for limited areas and for use in hedges. By shearing they become very dense and compact.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$2.75	\$25.00	
2½ to 3 ft.....	3.50	30.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	4.50	40.00	\$375.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00	50.00	450.00
5 to 6 ft.....	7.50	65.00	600.00
6 to 7 ft.....	10.00	85.00	

SARGENT'S WEeping HEMLOCK. VAR. PENDULA. (D). Low, broad, graceful, weeping habit; a beautiful dwarf tree. It is best adapted for use as a specimen.

	Each	Per 10
2½ to 3 ft. spread.....	\$10.00	\$90.00
3 to 4 ft.....	12.50	110.00

GRACILIS. SYN. MICROPHYLLA. 30 to 60 feet. Slower growing than the parent form, with shorter needles. Branches droop slightly at the end.

	Each	Per 10
2½ to 3 ft.....	\$6.00	\$55.00
3 to 4 ft.....	7.50	
4 to 5 ft.....	9.00	
5 to 6 ft.....	11.00	

CAROLINA HEMLOCK. TSUGA CAROLINIANA. (M).
A compact graceful tree of rare beauty. The dark green needles are light colored beneath.

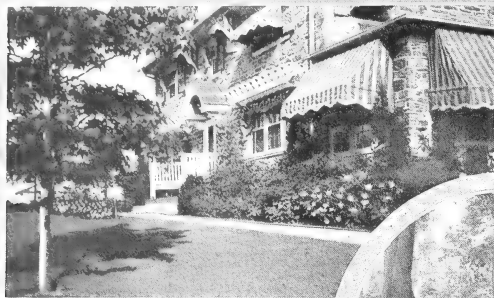
	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$4.00	\$35.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	5.00	

JAPANESE HEMLOCK. TSUGA DIVERSIFOLIA. (M).
Slender, spreading branches and beautiful, glossy green foliage with blunt, almost square ends. A hardy, choice tree, beautiful as a specimen or in groups.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$7.00	\$65.00
4 to 5 ft.....	9.00	80.00
5 to 6 ft.....	11.00	100.00
6 to 8 ft.....	15.00	



The Hemlocks listed above are dense and bushy like this, and each is dug with an ample ball of earth.



EVERGREEN



SHRUBS

THE varieties included in this chapter are most commonly known as the "Broad-leaved Evergreens," because of the broad leaves peculiar to these plants, as compared to the needle-like foliage of the Conifers and other Evergreens.

Some of the most desirable material for landscape planting is found here, the heavy leaf-masses characteristic of the family meeting the demand for fresh green foliage to offset and brighten the otherwise rather bare appearance which the Deciduous (leaf-dropping) trees and shrubs present throughout the Winter. Perhaps best of all, however, is the magnificent display of beauty and color which they present when in bloom during the early Spring. This is particularly true of the Azaleas and Rhododendrons, their dark green leaves contrasting sharply with the great clusters of bloom, varying in color from the most vivid shades of red and purple, through exquisite tints of pink and lavender, to the purest white.

The Bush Arbutus—Abelia

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA (RUPESTRIS). Arching branches that bear nearly Evergreen shiny leaves and pinkish white flowers from July to frost. Grows 2 to 4 feet high and is splendid in the foreground of Deciduous and Evergreen Shrub plantings.

Trim back severely each year in the early Spring.

Strong, vigorous plants:

\$1.25 each

\$10.00 per 10

Another very desirable quality which most of these broad-leaved Evergreens possess is a fondness for shady places, making them available for planting about house foundations, in shady corners, or any other locations about the lawn where it is difficult to get other plant material to thrive because of the lack of sunlight. As a rule, these varieties transplant very easily, and give immediate effects, but it must be borne in mind that they do not like limestone soils, and thrive most readily in what is known as "woods earth," or ground composed chiefly of decomposed vegetable matter.

It is also important to remember that the varieties in this group grow naturally in the woods, and are most successful when planted in groups, or in locations where the ground covering the roots is not exposed to the direct rays of the sun, as the roots lie very close to the surface.

The Scotch Heather—Calluna

WHITE SCOTCH HEATHER. CALLUNA VULGARIS VAR. ALBA. Tiny white flowers in July and small green leaves that cling closely to the branches and present a distinctive appearance. Low-growing and desirable for groupings in front of other Evergreens. Strong, vigorous plants from 4-inch pots:

\$1.00 each \$8.00 per 10 \$65.00 per 100

VAR. SEARLEI. A variety with light pink flowers.

From 4-inch pots:

\$1.00 each \$8.00 per 10 \$65.00 per 100

The Evergreen Azaleas

A FAMILY of Dwarf Evergreen Shrubs unique in the abundance and brilliancy of their blossoms, which occur in May. They are useful in border plantings in front of Rhododendrons and in groups and

AZALEA AMOENA. Dwarf and bushy, with small green leaves, a coppery hue in winter. Dark pink or magenta flowers in April or May.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1 1/4 ft.....	\$2.50	\$24.00

AZALEA KEMPFERI. Does well in partially shaded locations. Its flowers, profusely borne in May, vary in color from light pink to rose.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/2 to 2 ft.....	\$4.00	\$35.00
2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	5.00	45.00

masses by themselves. Thrive in sun or partial shade.

In addition to the varieties listed under this chapter there are several Deciduous sorts, which will be found under the head of "Deciduous Flowering Shrubs."

AZALEA HINODEGIRI. Vivid red flowers in May; deep green leaves turning reddish in the Fall. One of the highest and most appealing of the Azaleas.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 inches.....	\$1.00	\$8.00	\$70.00
8 to 10 inches.....	1.75	15.00	
10 to 12 inches.....	2.60	25.00	

AZALEA YODOGAWA. Double, intensely fragrant, deep lilac flowers, very showy in early May.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	\$5.00	\$45.00
2 1/2 to 3 ft.....	6.00	50.00

Boxwood—Buxus

MOST people are more or less acquainted with this old-fashioned plant that has adorned doorways, bordered walks and drives since the days of the Colonies.

Associations and sentiment attached to these plants make them the more desirable today when we are bringing into vogue the furnishings of the true Colonial period.

Architectural styles now prevailing may be emphasized by the use of a few specimen plants of boxwood properly placed. Simplicity of design in architecture needs such plants as these to complete a harmonious scheme throughout.

COMMON BOXWOOD. BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS.
This variety is a familiar sight on the lawns of many of our old historic homes. The small, dark green leaves are always fresh and glossy. It is a strong grower in almost any soil and does well in shaded places. It withstands shearing and may be clipped into artificial forms.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft. (bushy)...	\$4.00	\$35.00	
2 to 2½ ft. high by 15 to 18 inches broad...	6.00	50.00	\$400.00
2 to 2½ ft. high by 18 to 24 inches broad...	8.50	75.00	600.00
2 to 2½ ft. high by 24 to 30 inches broad...	10.00	85.00	
2½ to 3 ft. high by 1½ to 2 ft. broad...	12.00	100.00	
2½ to 3 ft. high by 2 to 2½ ft. broad...	15.00	125.00	
2½ to 3 ft. high by 2½ to 3 ft. broad...	17.50	150.00	

We list the following varieties of Boxwood at the uniform prices given below:

BUXUS ANGUSTIFOLIA. NARROW-LEAFED BOXWOOD.				BUXUS LATIFOLIA. BROAD-LEAFED BOXWOOD.			
BUXUS ARBORESCENS. TALL TREE BOXWOOD.				BUXUS ROTUNDIFOLIA. ROUND-LEAFED BOXWOOD.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100		Each	Per 10	Per 100
12 to 15 inches (bushy)	\$1.50	\$12.50		2½ to 3 ft. high by 1½ to 2 ft. broad...	\$10.00	\$80.00	\$700.00
15 to 18 inches.....	2.50	20.00		2½ to 3 ft. high by 2 to 2½ ft. broad...	12.00	100.00	850.00
1½ to 2 ft. (bushy)...	4.00	35.00		2½ to 3 ft. high by 2½ to 3 ft. broad...	15.00	125.00	
2 to 2½ ft. high by 15 to 18 inches broad...	6.00	50.00	\$400.00	3 to 3½ ft. high by 2½ to 3 ft. broad...	20.00		
2 to 2½ ft. high by 18 to 24 inches broad...	7.00	60.00	500.00	3½ to 4 ft. high by 3 to 3½ ft. broad...	27.50		
2 to 2½ ft. high by 2 to 2½ ft. broad....	7.50	65.00	600.00				

TO FRAME THE DOOR

FOR WINDOW BOXES

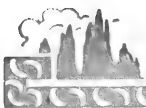
BOX EDGING

BORDERING THE WALK

BOXWOOD for POTS

Some Uses of Boxwood

Moon's Nurseries, Morrisville, Pa.



MOON'S EVERGREEN SHRUBS



Boxwood Edging

A very useful plant for edging walks and drives, to border the garden paths and outline beds in the Perennial and Rose Garden. The use last mentioned presents an interesting and pleasing effect throughout the Winter.

	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
4 to 6 inches.....	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$140.00
6 to 8 inches.....	3.00	25.00	200.00

Garland Flower—Daphne

ROSE DAPHNE. *DAPHNE CNEORUM.* A prostrate Evergreen plant with small pink, fragrant flowers in May and occasionally later. From the mountains of Central Europe.

Strong clumps:

\$1.50 each	\$12.50 per 10
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LONICERA PILEATA. A low, spreading shrub seldom growing over 3 feet high. The handsome Evergreen foliage and purple fruit renders it quite useful in informal plantings. Leaves resemble privet.

From 3-inch pots:

\$0.60 each	\$5.00 per 10	\$40.00 per 100
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Drooping Andromeda—Leucothoe

LEUCOTHOE CATESBÆI. Long, dark green leaves that turn to an attractive bronze in Winter. Beautiful, gracefully arched branches with pendant, bell-shaped flowers in Spring, an ideal plant for massing in shady places or in the foreground of Rhododendron plantings.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$1.50	\$13.50
2 to 3 ft.....	3.00	25.00



Plants representative of our Boxwood Edging listed here. Note the bushy tops and abundant roots.

The Hollies—Ilex

JAPANESE HOLLY. *ILEX CRENATA.* Because this plant will thrive in partial shade, near the seashore, and under city conditions, it is, perhaps, one of the most useful of the broad-leaved Evergreens. An irregular, closely branched shrub with small, dark green leaves, developing into an interesting specimen if allowed to grow naturally, or can be trimmed to dense formal effects if desired. Ideal for hedge planting, and in foundation planting along with Bush Arbutus, it is distinctive and very effective.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	\$2.00	\$16.00	\$140.00
1½ to 2 ft.....	3.00	25.00	200.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	4.00	35.00	300.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	5.00	45.00	400.00
3 to 4 ft.....	7.50	65.00	600.00
4 to 5 ft.....	9.00	80.00	

AMERICAN HOLLY. *ILEX OPACA.* Our native Holly so familiar in Christmas decorations. Especially fine for specimen or open group plants. When several trees are planted near together they usually bear a profusion of red berries that add to their interest. For use south of New York except in protected places along the coast.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
2 to 3 ft.....	3.50	30.00
3 to 4 ft.....	5.00	
4 to 5 ft.....	7.50	
5 to 6 ft.....	10.00	

INKBERRY. *ILEX GLABRA.* A native Evergreen shrub, low and bushy, especially valued for use where naturalistic effects are desired.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1¼ ft.....	\$2.00	\$16.00
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	2.50	20.00

PYRAMIDAL JAPANESE HOLLY. Specimens trimmed to pyramidal outline. For formal effects.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$10.00	\$85.00

Mountain Laurel—Kalmia

KALMIA LATIFOLIA. A bushy shrub with long, glossy leaves. A profuse bloomer in May and early June, with large corymbs of pink and white flowers. In masses with Rhododendrons or by themselves and as undergrowth in woodlands they have a particular charm.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1¼ to 1½ ft.....	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$175.00
1½ to 2 ft.....	3.00	25.00	225.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.75	32.50	
2½ to 3 ft.....	5.00		
3 to 4 ft.....	6.00		
4 to 5 ft.....	7.50		



Broad-leaved Evergreens combine the charm of flowers in Summer with the luxuriance of foliage in Winter.

For decorating shady locations we suggest planting Evergreen Shrubs

Rhododendrons



Rhododendrons are splendidly adapted for foundation plantings, either in sunny exposures or in partial shade. Their broad, evergreen leaves give a particularly luxurious effect, and provide a beautiful setting for the clusters of flowers that come in May and June. Where the matter of expense is a consideration, a good arrangement is to use Rhododendron maximum in the background, with a few hybrids in the foreground for the effect of their more gorgeous flowers.

RHODODENDRONS are probably one of the most popular plants for the all-year-round garden, as the masses of foliage retain their coloring throughout the entire year, and provide a touch of green in the Winter landscape. While Rhododendrons thrive in almost all soils which are free from limestone, it is best to give a little extra care in the preparation of the areas in which they are to be planted, providing a soil as nearly similar to woods earth as is possible. As they

favor partially shaded locations, they are invaluable for decorating the shady nooks about the house foundation, or on the lawn. In the Summer a light mulch of cut grass will aid in retaining the moisture they seek, while a heavier mulch of leaves in the Winter will protect the roots. *After the flowering season the seed pods should be removed, to permit the strength of the plant to go toward the forming of the flower buds for the next season.*

Hybrid Rhododendrons

The varieties included in this group are those which produce such a gorgeous display of bloom during the month of May. The flower colors include varying shades of pink, red and lilac, while some are pure white. Favorite plants with garden enthusiasts generally.

Color descriptions preceded by (R) are described according to Ridgway's book on "Color Nomenclature."

Price of Hybrid Rhododendrons *except as noted*:

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft. (mixed colors) . . .	\$5.00	\$45.00
2½ to 3 ft. (named varieties) . . .	10.00	85.00
3 to 4 ft. (named varieties) . . .	12.50	100.00
4 to 5 ft. (named varieties) . . .	15.00	125.00

ALBUM ELEGANS. White, delicately flushed with rose pink.	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.	\$10.00	\$90.00
4 to 5 ft.	12.50	100.00
5 to 6 ft.	15.00	120.00

SNOW-WHITE. ALBUM NOVUM. White, shaded with (R) Phlox Pink. 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.

BOULE DE NEIGE. Pure white in large clusters. Habit of growth very broad and bushy.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 2½ ft.	\$9.00	\$85.00
2½ to 3 ft.	12.00	100.00

CARACTACUS. Large clusters of clear, deep, rose-colored flowers. (R) Rose color tinged with Amaranth Purple. 3 to 4 ft.

CATAWBIENSE ALBA. Changes from delicate rose-pink when opening to pure white when in full bloom. 2½ to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

C. S. SARGENT. Large full clusters of light rose-red flowers. Shading from (R) Tyrian Rose to Amaranth Purple. 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.

DELICATISSIMA. White, delicately touched with pink. 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.

EVERASTIANUM. Beautiful, delicately colored, pale pinkish lilac. Shades from (R) Rose Purple to Pale Rose Purple. 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.

F. D. GODMAN. Purplish-red with one petal spotted black. (R) Rosaline Purple. 3 to 4 ft.

GENERAL GRANT. General effect light bluish-red, between (R) Amaranth Purple and Tyrian Pink. 3 to 4 ft.

H. W. SARGENT. Effect, a light rose-red. Shades from (R) Amaranth Purple to Pomegranate Purple. 2½ to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

KETTLEDROM. A light rose-red that appears pinkish in sunlight. Between (R) Pomegranate Purple and Rose color. 2½ to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

LADY ARMSTRONG. Large. A deep and brilliant pink. (R). "Tyrian Pink." 2½ to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

MRS. C. S. SARGENT. A very excellent hardy pink variety with dark green foliage. 4 to 5 ft.

ROSEUM ELEGANS. Clear pinkish lilac. (R) Mallow Pink 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.



Rhododendron Maximum

Grows naturally in certain mountainous sections of Pennsylvania, Virginia and North Carolina, bearing white or light pink flowers in June. Nothing produces a more attractive result than this plant when used as undergrowth in wooded places, for natural effects along walks and drives, and for foundation planting in shady spots.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$225.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.00	35.00	325.00
3 to 4 ft.....	5.00	45.00	400.00
4 to 5 ft.....	7.50	60.00	
5 to 6 ft.....	9.00	75.00	

Leather-Leaf—Chamaedaphne

CHAMÆDAPHNE CALYCVLATA. A low, spreading bush, valued for its very early bell-shaped flowers that droop from the underside of the branches.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 1½ ft.....	\$2.00	\$15.00

The Cotoneasters

See deciduous shrubs

Adam's Needle—Yucca

YUCCA FILIMENTOSA. Sends up tall stalks laden with ivory-white flowers in June and July from a base of spreading, sword-like leaves. Desirable alone or in shrubby and herbaceous borders.

Strong plants:

\$1.00 each

\$7.50 per 10

PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS. JAPANESE SPURGE.

An evergreen ground cover with attractive dark green leaves, valuable for planting in shady places where grass will not grow. When once established, it becomes a veritable mat, completely covering the ground.

\$0.20 each

\$1.50 per 10

\$12.00 per 100

\$90.00 per 1000



For naturalistic effects along your walks and drives, Rhododendrons are unexcelled. So long as you keep them well mulched with leaves, they will thrive equally well in sun as in partial shade.



Under low-branched trees and in other shady places where grass won't thrive, plant Pachysandra. The stone building shown on the right of this illustration was the original office of Moon's Nurseries and was erected in 1767. On the site of the one on the left, George Washington spent a night before the battle of Trenton.

What We Have Done For Others

The indoor swimming pool at Hamilton Farms, Gladstone, N. J. Note that the building and lawn are united by the soft, graceful foliage of evergreen shrubs accentuated with a few upright junipers. The picture also shows good use of Lombardy poplars as a contrasting element with the horizontal lines of the building.



European Lindens from our Nurseries planted on Louis Pasteur Avenue by Boston Park Dept.

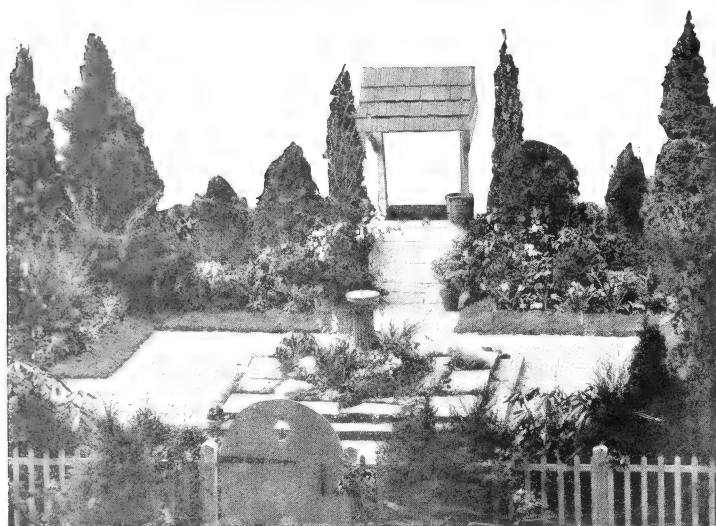
For straight trees of uniform developed heads there is little that equals the Lindens

The home of Mrs. Francis King, Almar, Mich., Honorary President of the Woman's National Farm and Garden Association. This picture well illustrates the quality and vigor of the plants which Moons have furnished to enhance this home.



If in doubt what to plant, ask us

What We Have Done For Others



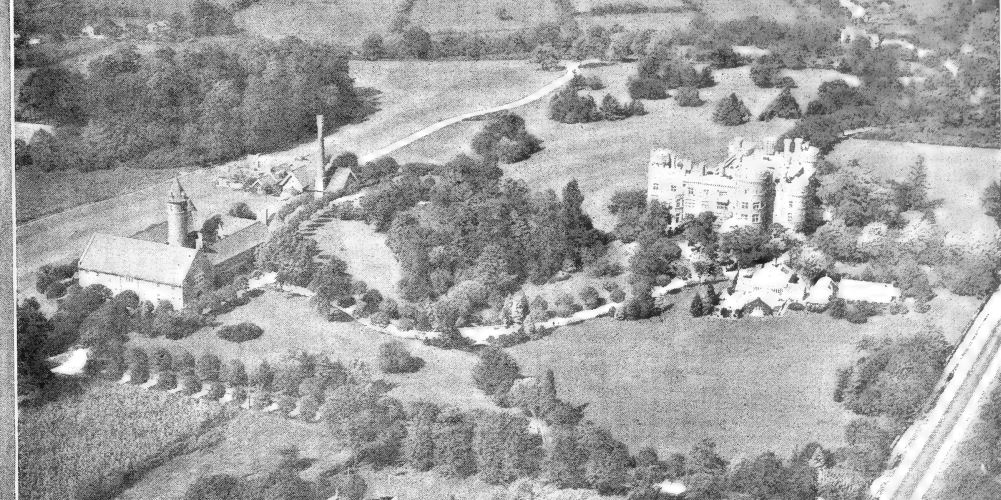
Old-fashioned garden designed by Black, Burris and Fisk, Landscape Engineers. The stock being supplied from our nurseries. We are equipped to furnish plants for most any type of garden. Let us know your needs.

What could be nicer! Someone looked ahead here, no doubt, with the idea of supplying a restful cool retreat for the children when the summer heat was almost unending.



A planting that veils and does not completely hide is often desired as it breaks harsh lines. We were asked to suggest a planting scheme here and you see the results.

TREES



The value of Trees in the landscape is very well portrayed by this aeroplane view of the Estate of W. W. Harrison, Glenside, Pa., planted several years ago with Trees from our Nurseries

Copyright—Arco Service Corporation

DECIDUOUS ORNAMENTAL TREES

TO appreciate the value of trees one has only to compare the comfort and beauty of suburban avenues on hot Summer days with the barrenness and glare of downtown city streets. For street and avenue planting, therefore, they perform a real service to man in protecting him from the rays of the Summer sun, in making so much more beautiful his daily surroundings, and, intrinsically, in making more valuable his property if it fronts upon a shady street.

Shade upon the lawn performs this same service in a more intimate way. Trees so located that they shade living-room windows or the porch, add to the comfort of the house itself. Shade just outside the kitchen door enables Mother to perform many of the household chores out in the open, while a shady nook adds a new room to your home—an outdoor living-room, an ideal spot to read or sew, or to entertain your friends—a healthful place

for the whole family to recreate in leisure moments.

In addition to the trees which are valued for their shade, are those flowering trees which at different times during the Spring and Summer adorn the lawn with their bloom. To deny yourself the beauty of these trees is to miss one of the greatest pleasures the possession of a suburban home can give. They may be planted individually, in groups, or in combination with shrubbery, and add to the lawn the "finishing touch" which the hangings and pictures provide indoors.

"var." indicates a variety of the last-mentioned species. That the unacquainted may have an idea of the height to which each tree may be expected to grow we have marked the varieties as follows: (L) designates trees growing to 60 feet or over at maturity; (M) from 30 to 60 ft.; (S) 20 to 30 ft.; (D) 10 to 20 ft.; (VD) less than 10 ft. "B. & B." indicates trees dug with ball of earth about their roots and wrapped securely with burlap.

The Maples—Acer

THE varieties of this group are among the most popular of the shade trees. They are all hardy—vigorous growers which are easily transplanted. Few trees can rival the maple in a display of Autumn color. The leaf outlines are pleasing and symmetrical.

MONTPELIER MAPLE. ACER MONSPESSULANUM. (D). A relatively slow-growing variety, low branched and bushy. Native to Southern Europe, West Asia and Northern Africa.

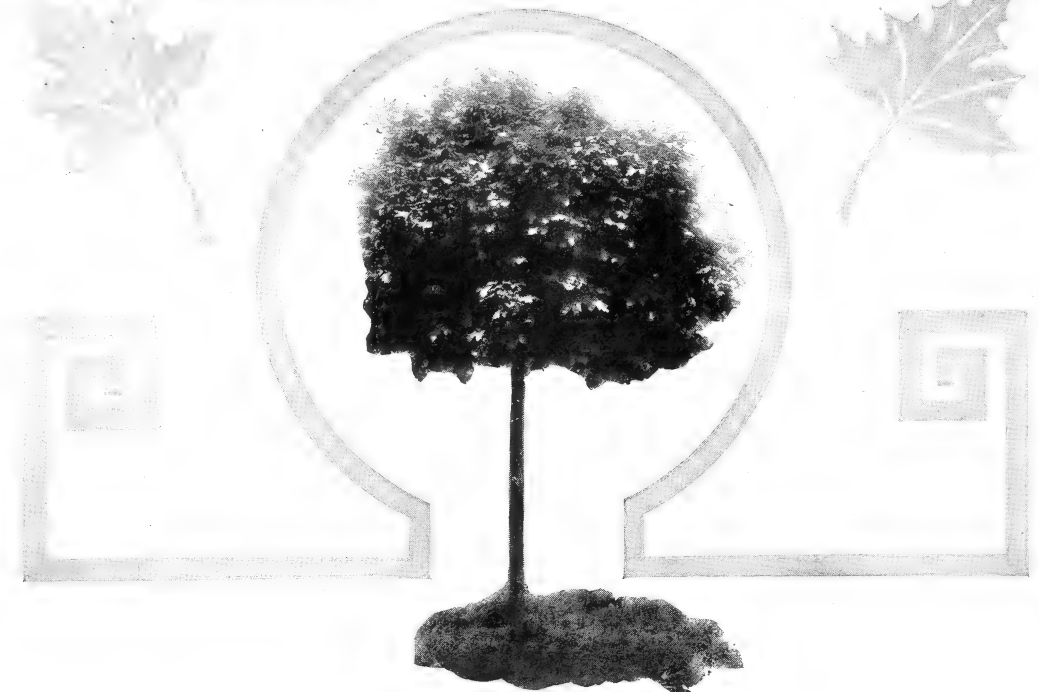
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$200.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	16.00	125.00

NORWAY MAPLE. ACER PLATANOIDES. (M). One of the best trees for street planting. A rapid, vigorous grower which develops into a broad-headed symmetrical specimen.

	Each	Per 10
18 to 20 ft., 4 to 5 in.....	\$20.00	\$175.00
16 to 18 ft., 4 to 4½ in.....	15.00	125.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in.....	10.00	85.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in.....	4.50	42.50

Prices of trees from 20 to 30 ft. given on application.

Have you read the introductory pages? Trees for various purposes are summarized on pages 8 to 13.



A Globe-headed Norway Maple photographed in our Nurseries. These trees are unexcelled for formal effects, and in hardiness and good foliage, they have all the good qualities of the familiar Norway Maple.

GLOBE NORWAY MAPLE. ACER GLOBOSUM. (A) particularly desirable tree for formal effects. Unlike many other globe-headed trees, in that it does not require trimming to retain its shape.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 7 ft. stems, 7 to 8 ft. heads.	\$27.50	\$225.00
6 to 7 ft. stems, 6 to 7 ft. heads.	24.00	200.00
6 to 7 ft. stems, 5 to 6 ft. heads.	20.00	160.00
6 to 7 ft. stems, 3 to 4 ft. heads.	12.50	100.00

MOOSEWOOD. ACER PENNSYLVANICUM. (S). A handsome medium-sized tree of upright growth. Has smooth greenish bark, striped with white.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft.	\$3.50	\$30.00
6 to 8 ft.	3.00	25.00
5 to 6 ft.	2.50	22.50

SYCAMORE MAPLE. ACER PSEUDOPLATANUS. (M). A spreading open-headed tree of rapid growth.

	Each	Per 10
18 to 20 ft., 4 to 5 in.	\$17.50	\$135.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in.	10.00	85.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	7.50	65.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	6.00	50.00

SUGAR or ROCK MAPLE. ACER SACCHARUM. (L). One of the best shade trees, somewhat higher-headed than the Norway Maple. An excellent lawn tree. Brilliant Fall foliage.

	Each	Per 10
20 to 22 ft., 3½ to 4 in.	\$14.00	\$120.00
20 to 22 ft., 3 to 3½ in.	11.00	90.00
10 to 12 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	3.00	25.00
8 to 10 ft.	2.50	20.00

Japanese Maples

JAPANESE MAPLE. VAR. FILICIFOLIUM. (D). Delicately cut green leaves.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft.	\$12.50	\$100.00
4 to 5 ft.	9.00	75.00
3 to 4 ft.	7.00	60.00

RED-LEAVED JAPANESE MAPLE. ACER PALMATUM. VAR. ATROPURPUREUM. (D). A red-leaved variety popular for lawn planting.

	Each	Per 10
7 to 8 ft.	\$20.00	\$200.00
6 to 7 ft.	17.50	175.00
5 to 6 ft.	15.00	150.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

GOLDEN-LEAVED JAPANESE MAPLE. VAR. AU-REUM. (VD). A distinct and desirable sort of upright open habit. The only variety with foliage of this color and one of the few Japan Maples with leaves that are not deeply divided.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.	\$7.00	\$60.00
2 to 3 ft.	5.00	45.00

CUT-LEAF JAPANESE MAPLE. VAR. DISSECTUM. (VD). Green foliage, finely cut leaves, low and spreading habit of growth.

	Each	Per 10
2½ to 3 ft., bushy	\$11.00	\$110.00
2 to 2½ ft., bushy	8.00	\$70.00
1½ to 2 ft., bushy	6.00	50.00

JAPANESE MAPLE. VAR. RETICULATUM. (VD). Compact variety, green leaves mottled with white.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft.	\$12.50	\$125.00
4 to 5 ft.	9.00	\$75.00
3 to 4 ft.	7.00	60.00
2 to 3 ft.	5.00	45.00

The Birches—Betula

THE Birches are distinguished for their graceful appearance, slender branches, light airy foliage, and the silvery white bark which lends such distinction to some of the varieties. They endure a wide range of climatic conditions and thrive in moist loca-

tions, as well as in high, dry and stony places. They are very attractive for lawn trees, especially when planted in clumps of two or three, and the white-barked varieties contrast beautifully when planted near, or in connection with, Evergreens or Purple Beech.

EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH. BETULA ALBA. (M). White bark and a quick grower.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft.	\$2.75	\$22.50

Prices of larger trees on application

WEeping CUT-LEAVED WHITE BIRCH. VAR. LACINATA PENDULA. (M). Silvery-white bark, a graceful drooping habit of growth. Leaves deeply cut.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft.	\$3.00	\$27.50

RED BIRCH. BETULA NIGRA. SYN. RUBRA. (L). A native tree with ragged bark suitable for naturalistic planting. Does well in wet places.

4 to 5 ft., bushy	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	\$1.50	\$12.50	\$100.00

PAPER or CANOE BIRCH. BETULA PAPIRIFERA. (L). The white bark has a tendency to peel more easily than on other varieties.

8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1 1/4 in.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	\$2.75	\$25.00	\$200.00
6 to 8 ft. 2.00	17.50	150.00	

Tree of Heaven

CHINESE SUMAC. AILANTHUS GLANDULOSA. (M). Endures the hardships of planting in built-up places in cities. It is a rapid growing tree with feathery foliage.

10 to 12 ft., 1 1/2 to 2 in.	Each	Per 10
	\$3.00	\$25.00

8 to 10 ft., 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 in.	Each	Per 10
	\$2.00	\$15.00



The Birches, with their light, airy foliage and their distinctive bark, add a pleasing note of contrast to both the Summer and Winter landscapes.

The Hornbeams—Carpinus

Slow-growing, extremely hardy, medium-sized trees resembling Beech. Especially good for planting in shady places, or as undergrowth for natural effects. Useful also for screens and hedges, as they withstand shearing and the leaves persist into Winter.

EUROPEAN HORNBEAM. CARPINUS BETULUS. (S). Forms dense, round heads, holds its foliage well.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft.	\$5.00	\$40.00
6 to 8 ft.	3.50	30.00
5 to 6 ft.	3.00	25.00

PYRAMIDAL HORNBEAM. VAR. COLUMNARE. (S). A compact pyramidal tree of unusually slow growth. May be successfully used for formal effects or where a dwarf symmetrical tree is wanted.

	Each
6 to 8 ft.	\$8.00
5 to 6 ft.	6.50

The Catalpas

CHINESE or UMBRELLA CATALPA. CATALPA BUNGEI. (D). This is the dwarf round-headed tree frequently seen, and used primarily for producing formal effects. The globular head can be kept compact and symmetrical by trimming late in the Winter each year.

5 to 6 ft. stems, 1-yr. heads	Each	Per 10
	\$3.00	\$27.50

Ask anyone who has planted Moon's trees what he thinks of our stock and service.

The Horse-Chestnuts—Aesculus

One of the first trees to burst into leaf in Spring, and one of the most showy when in flower, with spikes of yellow, white or pinkish flowers. Do best in rather moist locations.

OHIO BUCKEYE. AESCULUS GLABRA. (M). Has yellow flowers in the Spring. A large growing native tree.

	Each	Per 10
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in.	\$10.00	\$80.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 1/2 to 3 in.	7.50	60.00
8 to 10 ft., 1 1/2 to 2 in.	4.00	35.00

COMMON HORSE-CHESTNUT. AESCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM. (M). Flowers white, tinged with red, in showy panicles. Has large attractive seeds in the Fall. We have a splendid lot of well-developed trees in the following sizes:

	Each	Per 10
14 to 16 ft., 4 to 5 in.	\$15.00	\$120.00
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in.	8.00	65.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 1/2 to 3 in.	6.00	50.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2 1/2 in.	4.50	40.00

Prices of larger trees on application.



The Dogwoods—Cornus

The varieties of Dogwood which are of a shrubby nature will be found listed under Cornus in the chapter of "Deciduous Flowering Shrubs"

THE Dogwoods possess many desirable qualities which recommend them for lawn planting. The early Spring flowers are followed by attractive red berries which are borne in such quantities and retained so long that the tree adds greatly to the Autumn landscape. The foliage is good throughout the year, and the coloring in the Fall presents a most gorgeous spectacle. These trees are of relatively slow growth, particularly for a few years after transplanting, and are also slow to show signs of life in the Spring, having been known not to come into leaf until very late Spring or early Summer. Some of the most popular small trees for lawn decoration are included in this group.

DOUBLE WHITE FLOWERING DOGWOOD. VAR. ALBA FLORE-PLENA. (D). A double white flowering variety similar to the above.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft.....	\$11.00	
8 to 10 ft.....	9.00	\$75.00
7 to 8 ft.....	6.00	50.00
6 to 7 ft.....	4.50	40.00
5 to 6 ft.....	3.50	30.00

RED or PINK FLOWERING DOGWOOD. VAR. RUBRA. (D). One of the most popular flowering trees. The flowers vary in color from pink to light red and are beautiful in the early Spring. The Fall foliage is unusually brilliant.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft.....	\$18.00	
8 to 10 ft.....	15.00	
7 to 8 ft.....	10.00	
2 to 3 ft.....	3.00	\$27.50

WHITE DOGWOOD. CORNUS FLORIDA. (D). A native variety with attractive white flowers. They are useful in natural plantings on the edge of woodlands and as specimen trees.

Tree Form:	Each	Per 10	Per 100
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 3 in. . .	\$7.50	\$60.00	
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. .	6.00	50.00	
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in. .	5.00	40.00	
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. .	3.50	30.00	\$250.00
6 to 8 ft.....	2.50	20.00	150.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.50	12.50	100.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	10.00	75.00

Low Branched and Bushy:

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1¼ in.	\$6.00	\$50.00
6 to 8 ft.....	4.00	35.00

JAPANESE DOGWOOD. CORNUS KOUSA. (D). This white variety blooms in June and July when few other trees are in flower.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft.....	\$5.00	\$45.00
5 to 6 ft.....	4.00	35.00

Diospyros

PERSIMMON. DIOSPYROS VIRGINICA. (S). An ornamental tree with shining foliage. Thrives in nearly any soil. Fruit is edible.

	Each	Per 10
7 to 8 ft.....	\$2.50	\$20.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.50	

The Hackberry—Celtis

HACKBERRY or NETTLE TREE. CELTIS OCCIDENTALIS. (L). A useful tree that with age has characteristic little bunches of twigs like birds' nests, which are conspicuous during the Winter.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	\$3.00	\$25.00

Cercidiphyllum

KADSURA TREE. CERCIDIPHYLLUM JAPONICUM. (S). An ornamental, hardy, compact tree of pyramidal form. It is a rapid-growing tree, thriving in moist, fertile soil.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft.....	\$4.00	\$36.00

The Yellow Wood—Cladrastis

YELLOW-WOOD. CLADRASTIS LUTEA. (M). An unusual variety with smooth bark. After reaching maturity these trees bear drooping racemes of white flowers in June.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft.....	\$3.00	\$26.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.25	20.00

Avenues of remembrance not only serve to keep fresh the cherished love for those who have gone on, but they make life happier and richer for those who still are with us. Get your society to plant a Memorial Avenue.



Dogwoods from our Nurseries photographed in Princeton, N. J. Against a background of Evergreens, Dogwoods are charming, but planted alone or in groups by themselves they are also the delight of the lover of flowers.

The Beeches—Fagus

THESE are among the most attractive ornamental trees for lawn or park plantings. They are also useful for high screens or as specimens. Hardy, and rarely subjected to insect ravages. The deep, dark red leaves of the purple varieties, the delicately cut

foliage of the Fern-leaved and the grotesqueness of the Weeping Beech are characteristics meriting their more general use. The Beeches, particularly our American variety, rival the Oaks for stately appearance.

AMERICAN BEECH. *FAGUS AMERICANA.* (L). A lofty, spreading tree, with smooth gray bark, which is very ornamental.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft.....	\$4.00	\$35.00
3 to 4 ft.....	3.00	25.00

PURPLE or COPPER BEECH. *VAR. PURPUREA.* (M). An effective tree for individual planting or color contrast. Of rather slow growth, but in time develops into a fine specimen, being branched to the ground. Bushy and branched to the ground:

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft.....	\$50.00	\$400.00
14 to 16 ft.....	40.00	350.00
8 to 10 ft.....	12.50	100.00
6 to 8 ft.....	8.00	65.00
5 to 6 ft.....	5.00	45.00

RIVER'S PURPLE BEECH. *VAR. RIVERSI.* (M). This variety assumes more the proportions of a shade tree and is not branched as closely to the ground as most Beeches. The best purple-leaved sort for lawn planting.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft.....	\$25.00	\$200.00
10 to 12 ft.....	17.50	140.00
8 to 10 ft.....	10.00	80.00
6 to 8 ft.....	6.00	50.00

Prices of larger trees on application.



A sample of our big, bushy European Beech—*Fagus sylvatica*. We have hundreds of such specimens. They are suitable for individual planting or because of the fact that the leaves, after turning brown in Autumn cling fast until new ones come in Spring, this Beech is just about as efficient for screening purposes the year round as evergreens, and it is less costly.

EUROPEAN BEECH. *FAGUS SYLVATICA.* (L). A closely branched tree which retains its lower branches. The leaves persist until late Winter, making it valuable for screen planting. It is also a desirable tree for specimen on the lawn. Bushy, symmetrical specimens branched to the ground.

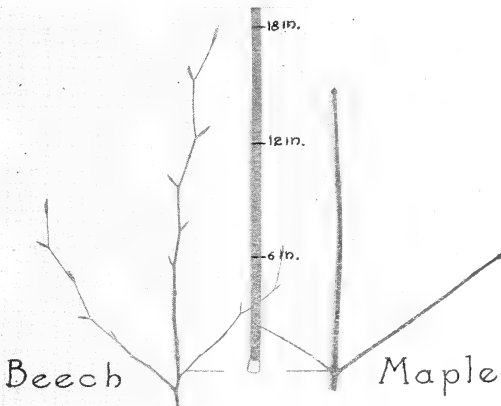
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
10 to 12 ft.....	\$15.00	\$125.00	\$1000.00
8 to 10 ft.....	10.00	85.00	750.00
7 to 8 ft.....	7.50	65.00	600.00
6 to 7 ft.....	6.00	55.00	
5 to 6 ft.....	5.00	45.00	

FERN-LEAVED BEECH. *VAR. HETEROPHYLLA.* (S). Deep, delicately cut foliage, which is very distinctive. Retains its lower branches and leaves, which makes it a beautiful as well as serviceable plant for tall screens and hedges.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft.....	\$10.00	\$80.00
5 to 6 ft.....	7.00	60.00

WEeping BEECH. *VAR. PENDULA.* (M). The drooping branches of this tree present a very picturesque effect. One of the best of the weeping trees. Bushy trees branched to the ground:

	Each	Per 10
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in.....	\$25.00	\$200.00
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in.....	20.00	150.00



It is the popular conception that the Beech is a slow-growing tree. Note that in reality one year's growth compares very favorably with the Norway Maple.

"Many a man intensely practical in his own business will give his order to the lowest bidder among competing nurserymen, and waste years looking at sickly, struggling or dying trees, shrubs and perennials about the home, rather than invest a little more money and get satisfaction and joy from the start. Poor stock is dear at any price."

—Nieltje Blanchan in "The American Flower Garden."



The Ash—Fraxinus

A FAMILY of rapid-growing trees, which develop into broad, spreading specimens, especially effective in park plantings, or on large lawn areas. As their shade is not particularly dense, an attractive greensward is more easily maintained about them, which in many instances is an important factor. A group of ornamental trees well suited for general planting.

WHITE ASH. FRAXINUS AMERICANA. (L.) This native tree is quick in growth, with massive trunk and broad, spreading limbs. Valued for timber, shade, or street planting. A comparatively long-lived tree.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
16 to 20 ft., 3 to 4 in.	\$7.50	\$60.00	
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	5.00	40.00	
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	2.50	20.00	\$170.00
10 to 12 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	1.75	14.00	

EUROPEAN ASH. FRAXINUS EXCELSIOR. (L.) Taller than the American Ash, with larger, darker leaves, which remain on the tree late in the Fall. Thrives in moist soils.

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in.	\$7.50	\$60.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	5.00	40.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	3.50	30.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	2.50	20.00

EUROPEAN FLOWERING ASH. FRAXINUS ORNUS. (S.) A small ornamental tree that bears great masses of fringe-like flowers in June.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	\$3.50	\$30.00
10 to 12 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	2.50	20.00
6 to 8 ft.	1.25	10.00

KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE. GYMNOCLADUS CANADENSIS. (M.) Odd tropical-looking foliage. In Winter the blunt twigless branches give it a unique individuality.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	\$6.00	\$50.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	3.00	25.00
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	2.50	20.00
6 to 8 ft.	1.75	15.00



The Ashes are quick growing, yet permanent trees. This specimen, near our office, is probably 150 years old and is still in excellent condition. Note its size as compared to the horse and carriage beneath it.

Moon's—Nurserymen since Ben Franklin's day.



The Ginkgo, a tree suited for a suburban and urban planting alike. Historically interesting, for its origin is shrouded in the mysteries of the Orient, and all trees now extant come from three trees near the Temple of Nikko in Japan.

The Ginkgo

GINKGO TREE, MAIDENHAIR TREE. GINKGO BILOBA. (M.) A deciduous member of the Pine family with unusual leaves, which resemble those of the Maidenhair Fern in shape, from which it takes its name. It withstands our unnatural city conditions. A native of Japan, sole survivor of a pre-Coal Age family. We offer this year a number of pyramidal trees which may be successfully used to produce the effect of the Lombardy poplar.

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in.	\$10.00	\$80.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	7.50	60.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	5.00	45.00
10 to 12 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	2.50	20.00
8 to 10 ft.	2.00	17.50
6 to 8 ft.	1.50	12.50

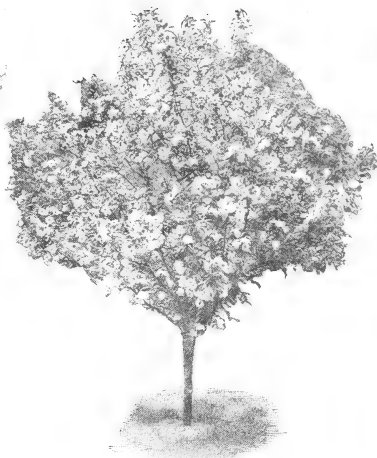
The Tulip Tree—Liriodendron

TULIP TREE. LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA. (L.) A rapid-growing tree which develops into one of the tallest of our native sorts. Attractive tulip-like flowers in June. Spring planting recommended.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	\$5.00	\$40.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	3.50	30.00
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	2.75	22.50
6 to 8 ft.	1.60	13.50

ENGLISH WALNUT. JUGLANS REGIA. (M.) A slow-growing tree, but the nuts are very delicious and most desirable. Does best south of New York.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.50	\$12.50



An Oak, a Flowering Crab-apple and a Linden from our Nurseries. The first and last are among the best trees for shade, while the Flowering Crab-apple brings the delight of apple blossoms within the reach of home owners with large or small lawns.

SWEET GUM. LIQUIDAMBAR STYRACIFLUA. (M). A native tree of rapid growth, corky bark and star-shaped leaves. One of the most beautiful trees for Fall color. Spring planting is preferable.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft.....	\$3.50	\$30.00

The Magnolias

THE stately, tropical appearance of the Magnolias, the richness of their foliage, and the lavish profusion of large and beautiful flowers, which are very fragrant, easily place them among the most popular of flowering trees. They transplant quite readily, but are most likely to be successful when moved in the Spring.

American Magnolias

CUCUMBER TREE. MAGNOLIA ACUMINATA. (L). The yellowish green flowers in June are followed by scarlet cucumber-shaped seed pods. Upright grower with spreading branches—a massive tree.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.....	\$3.50	\$30.00
6 to 8 ft.....	2.50	

Prices of large trees on application.

LARGE-LEAVED CUCUMBER TREE. MAGNOLIA MACROPHYLLA. (M). Extremely large leaves, bright green with a silvery under-surface. Same general habit as *M. ACUMINATA* but smaller.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in., B. & B.	\$7.50	
6 to 8 ft., B. & B.....	6.00	\$55.00

LARGE-LEAVED MAGNOLIA. MAGNOLIA TRIPETALA. (M). Broad green leaves. As it matures, bears large white flowers. Open-headed, umbrella-shaped tree.

	Each	Per 10
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in.....	\$9.00	\$75.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.....	5.50	50.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	4.50	40.00
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.....	3.50	30.00

Oriental Magnolias

The Oriental Magnolias retain their lower branches more than the American sorts, assuming bush-like proportions. They flower in even greater profusion, and have the additional advantage of blooming when quite young.

M. SOULANGEANA VAR. ALBA SUPERBA. (S). A decorative tree for individual planting, with beautiful white flowers.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., B. & B.....	\$20.00	\$175.00
6 to 8 ft., B. & B.....	15.00	135.00

LENNE'S MAGNOLIA. VAR. LENNEI. (S). Rather open and irregular growth. Flowers are deep rose without, and pearly white within.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., B. & B.....	\$20.00	\$175.00
6 to 8 ft., B. & B.....	15.00	135.00
4 to 5 ft., B. & B.....	8.00	

The Flowering Crab-Apple —Malus

MR. JOHN DUNBAR, of the Rochester Park System, says of the Crab-Apples that they are "the most wonderful of all flowering trees for American gardens." As a family, they are of relatively low growth, adapting themselves to individual planting on the small lawn, or beautiful groupings on the larger areas, the flowers ranging in color from deep rose to pink and pure white. The trees blossom even when young, increasing in beauty from year to year.

MALUS ATROSANGUINEA. (D). An interesting small tree, valued principally for the multitude of bright, pink flowers which it produces during the month of May. A very showy variety, good for individual planting.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft.....	\$2.50	\$20.00

SIBERIAN FLOWERING CRAB-APPLE. MALUS BACCATA. (S). One of the largest-growing flowering crab-apples. The pure white flowers are followed by ornamental yellow fruits.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	16.00

FLOWERING CRAB-APPLE. MALUS FLORIBUNDA. (S). One of the best of the flowering crab-apples. It blooms profusely, the rose-colored buds opening into white blossoms. Yellow fruits follow in the Fall.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft.....	\$2.50	\$20.00

BECHTEL'S DOUBLE-FLOWERING CRAB-APPLE. MALUS IOENSIS. VAR. BECHTEL. (S). The flowers are large, very double and extremely fragrant. Splendid for individual planting.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$2.00	\$16.00
2 to 3 ft.....	1.50	12.50

PARKMAN'S FLOWERING CRAB-APPLE. MALUS PARKMANI. (D). Rose-colored buds open into little rosy-white flowers. These are succeeded by decorative fruit. The tree is of a rather spreading, irregular nature, and therefore is best displayed in groups and mass plantings.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1¾.....	\$5.00	\$40.00

MALUS SCHEIDECKERI. (S). An upright grower. Flowers, small, double and of a beautiful pink color, are borne profusely.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	\$5.00	
5 to 6 ft.....	2.50	\$20.00

The Mulberries—Morus

QUICK-GROWING, ornamental trees, with sweet, edible fruit that attracts birds. Because of the dropping berries, these trees should not be planted near walks.

TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY. MORUS ALBA VAR. PENDULA. (D).

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft. stems, 1-yr. heads...	\$3.00	\$27.50

RUSSIAN MULBERRY. VAR. TATARICA. (S). A low-growing, bushy-topped tree that bears small fruit abundantly.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	\$3.00	\$25.00	
6 to 8 ft.....	1.35	10.00	\$85.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.00	7.50	60.00

Cork Tree—Phellodendron

CHINESE CORK TREE. PHELLDENDRON SAGHALINENSE. (M). A native of China, but does well in this climate. A tall-trunked, broad-crowned tree with good foliage and clusters of black berries. Does well in cities.

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in.....	\$9.00	\$75.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.....	6.50	50.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.....	4.50	37.50

Prices of larger trees on application.

The Flowering Cherries—Prunus

ALL the stories of the regard of the Japanese for the Cherry Blossoms seem probable when you see Flowering Cherry trees a mass of delicate bloom. The blossoms cling closely to the branch, and give the tree the appearance of being buried beneath the wealth of exquisite color and fragrance.

SARGENT'S CHERRY. PRUNUS SARGENTI. Large, spreading tree with dark green leaves, that assume brilliant tints of red and yellow during Fall, lustrous reddish bark, showy rose-pink blossoms, and bright red fruit that becomes a glossy black at maturity.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in....	\$10.00	
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in....	8.00	
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1¼ in....	7.00	\$60.00
6 to 8 ft.....	5.00	45.00

JAPANESE PINK FLOWERING CHERRY. PRUNUS SIEBOLDI ROSEA. (S). Double white flowers flushed with pink at petal tips.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	\$9.00	
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1¼ in.....	7.50	

VEITCH'S FLOWERING CHERRY. PRUNUS JAS. H. VEITCH. Flowers borne in profusion in early Spring in large double clusters. Color is soft pink deepening to rose at the tips of petals.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft.....	\$5.00	
5 to 6 ft.....	3.50	\$32.50

GIFTS THAT LAST ARE BEST

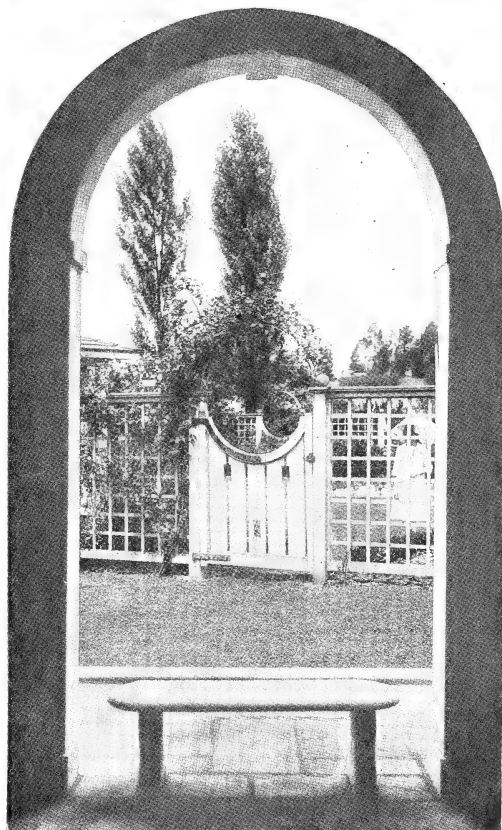
What ideal gifts trees and shrubs make! Why not celebrate birthdays and other anniversaries by giving trees and shrubs? Any other gift that you could give will depreciate with time, but these grow in usefulness and beauty as the years go by. Make your gift symbolical of true love and friendship which grows continually.

While it is not always possible to plant on anniversaries, owing to the limited planting season, we should be glad to make reservations for you, for shipment at the proper time.



For the complete lawn, if it is to serve its full measure of usefulness, shade is essential. It makes of the lawn a Summer room—cool, refreshing—a delightful place to while away your leisure time.

The planting of trees and shrubbery is not an expense, for they enhance real estate values, which makes their purchase a safe and sure investment



Narrow, columnar trees add character and zest to the sky-line. Lombardy poplars are the most rapid-growing trees for this purpose. Pyramidal Ginkgos are more permanent and distinctive, however.

EUROPEAN BIRD CHERRY. PRUNUS PADUS. (D). A small, spreading tree. The fruit which follows the white flowers of Spring is cherry-like in clusters.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in....	\$4.50	\$40.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in....	3.50	\$30.00
6 to 8 ft.....	2.00	

COMMON WILD PLUM. PRUNUS AMERICANA. A small, twiggy, spreading tree with large white flowers in clusters. The fruit is yellow, flushed with red, and is readily edible.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in....	\$3.50	\$30.00
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in....	3.00	25.00

The Plane Tree—Platanus

ORIENTAL PLANE. PLATANUS ORIENTALIS. (L). Considered by many authorities as the best shade tree for city planting. It grows well in a great variety of soils and withstands the smoky atmosphere of cities. It is hardy, thrives near the seashore and is remarkably free from insect pests. Its rapid growth makes it a popular and satisfactory tree for avenue planting.

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in....	\$9.00	\$75.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in....	6.00	45.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in....	4.50	40.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in....	2.75	25.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

The Poplars—Populus

THESE trees grow rapidly, making them especially useful for quick and inexpensive effects. They thrive in almost any soil and withstand the adverse conditions found in cities.

LOMBARDY POPLAR. POPULUS NIGRA. VAR. ITALICA. (L). A tall, columnar form that is in contrast to the more rounded outline of other trees. Splendid for screen and accent planting.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft.....	\$2.00	\$16.00
8 to 10 ft.....	1.60	12.50
6 to 8 ft.....	1.25	10.00

The Oaks—Quercus

"Strength, Solidity, Durability are Symbolized in the Oaks"

SEVERAL varieties of these grand trees, possessing so many virtues, do not grow so slowly as is often supposed. Their broad, spreading heads make them desirable shade trees for lawns, parks, public grounds and avenues. The brilliant autumnal coloring of some species is everywhere commented upon. Most varieties retain their leaves during the Winter, serving as a shelter for squirrels and birds.

WHITE OAK. QUERCUS ALBA. (L). A massive tree with a broad, open head, light grey bark, and green, round-lobed foliage that turns a beautiful red in the Fall. Excellent for parks and large lawns.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in....	\$9.00	\$75.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in....	7.00	65.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in....	5.00	45.00

SWAMP WHITE OAK. QUERCUS BICOLOR. (L). Thrives well in either wet or dry soils. One of the quickest-growing of the oaks. Light grey, scaly bark; open head more narrow than White Oak.

	Each	Per 10
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in....	\$11.00	\$85.00
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in....	7.50	65.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in....	6.00	50.00

SCARLET OAK. QUERCUS COCCINEA. (L). This tree takes its name from the brilliant coloring of its Autumn foliage. One of the best of our shade trees for dryish locations.

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in....	\$15.00	\$125.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in....	9.00	75.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in....	4.50	40.00
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in....	3.50	30.00
6 to 8 ft.....	2.75	22.50

Prices of larger trees on application.



Trees that hold their leaves through the Winter have great value in relieving the monotony of the landscape in that season. A Scarlet Oak on our office grounds.



MOSSY CUP OAK. QUERCUS MACROCARPA. (M). Massive open growth, large heavy leaves and deeply corrugated, corky bark characterize this most interesting of Oaks. The smaller branches present an antler-like appearance, most striking in Winter.

	Each	Per 10
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 in.	\$15.00	\$125.00
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	9.00	75.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	6.00	50.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	4.50	40.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

PIN OAK. QUERCUS PALUSTRIS. (M). An extremely popular Oak for street, park and lawn planting because of its rapid growth, and the beauty of its glossy leaves so richly colored in the Fall. The branches have a downward sweeping tendency.

	Each	Per 10
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	\$9.00	\$75.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	6.00	50.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	4.50	40.00
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	3.50	30.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

WILLOW-LEAVED OAK. QUERCUS PHELLOS. (M). The long, narrow leaves of this variety resemble those of the Willow. Grows slowly and does best in the moist soils.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	\$9.00	\$75.00	
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	6.00	50.00	\$400.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	4.50	37.50	
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	3.50	30.00	

Prices of larger trees on application.

CHESTNUT OAK. QUERCUS PRINUS. (M). A rapid grower, distinctive because its leaves closely resemble those of the Chestnut.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	\$6.00	\$50.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	4.50	40.00

RED OAK. QUERCUS RUBRA. (M). A large native tree, with deeply cut, bright green leaves. It is the most rapid growing of all the Oaks. The Autumn foliage is unsurpassed for brilliancy; a beautiful tree for lawn and avenue planting.

	Each	Per 10
18 to 20 ft., 3 to 4 in.	\$12.50	\$100.00
16 to 18 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	7.50	65.00
14 to 16 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	6.00	50.00
12 to 14 ft., 1¾ to 2 in.	4.50	40.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in.	3.75	32.50
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	3.50	30.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

BLACK OAK. QUERCUS VELUTINA. (L). Adapted for lawn and park plantings and tolerant of fairly dry situations.

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in.	\$15.00	\$125.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	9.00	75.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

The Willows—Salix

WILLOWS will grow almost anywhere, and need not necessarily be planted beside streams and waterways, as is commonly supposed. They mature so rapidly that they are very desirable where quick results are wanted.

WEeping WILLOW. SALIX BABYLONICA. (M). The well-known Weeping Willow, whose long pendulous branches droop so gracefully, is especially effective when planted near water.

	Each	Per 10
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	\$3.50	\$32.00
6 to 8 ft.	1.50	12.50

BRONZE GOLDEN WILLOW. SALIX BRITZENSIS. Large, spreading tree conspicuous for its bright red twigs which contrast well with the silvery under-surface of the foliage.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft.	\$1.25	\$10.00



Plant trees to commemorate anniversaries, the visits of distinguished visitors to your town, and other occasions of importance.

A Mossy Cup Oak from our Nurseries being planted by Colonel MacNider, Ex-Commander of the American Legion, near the point where Washington crossed the Delaware.

GOAT or PUSSY WILLOW. SALIX CAPREA. (S). A quick-growing, shrub-like tree. The fur-like catkins along the branches in early Spring make it attractive.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1¼ in.	\$1.60	\$13.50
6 to 8 ft.	1.25	10.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.00	7.50

ROSEMARY WILLOW. SALIX INCANA. SYN. ROSMARINIFOLIA. (D). A small, round-headed tree with long, slender branches and narrow leaves.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 ft.	\$2.00	\$15.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.50	12.50
4 to 5 ft.	1.25	10.00

Bald Cypress—Taxodium

DECIDUOUS or BALD CYPRESS. TAXODIUM DISTICHUM. (L). Grows rapidly and thrives well in damp or dry soils. It is a remarkably tall, narrow-headed tree of conical outline. Foliage fine and feathery.

	Each	Per 10
8 to 10 ft.	\$5.00	\$45.00
6 to 8 ft.	3.50	30.00
5 to 6 ft.	2.75	25.00
4 to 5 ft.	2.00	16.00



The Lindens—Tilia

AS a family the Lindens are of rapid growth, and transplant readily. Most kinds develop into rather compact, conical trees which are well adapted to lawn and park planting. Their straight growth and symmetrical outline also make them well suited for street use. The European varieties, especially, class among the best shade trees for avenue planting, particularly in the suburbs.

SILVER-LEAVED LINDEN. TILIA ARGENTEA. SYN. TOMENTOSA. (M). The leaves of this variety are dark green above and silvery-white beneath. This contrast of leaf surfaces is very effective, making it a beautiful shade tree for lawn decoration.

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in....	\$12.50	\$100.00
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in....	7.50	65.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in....	6.00	50.00
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in....	5.00	40.00
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in....	3.50	30.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

LARGE-LEAVED LINDEN. TILIA PLATYPHYLLOS. (M). A beautiful tree with a pyramidal head and regular outline, well suited for avenue planting.

	Each	Per 10
18 to 24 ft., 4 to 5 in....	\$20.00	\$160.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in....	10.00	85.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in....	7.00	60.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in....	5.00	45.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

SMALL-LEAVED EUROPEAN LINDEN. TILIA VULGARIS. (M). One of the best of the European varieties. It grows symmetrically even when young and makes a good general-purpose tree.

	Each	Per 10
20 to 25 ft., 5 to 6 in....	\$40.00	\$300.00
18 to 20 ft., 4 to 5 in....	20.00	160.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in....	12.50	100.00

CRIMEAN LINDEN. TILIA DASYSTYLA. (M). Dark, glossy leaves of a rich green color, which is well retained. The tree is characterized by the bright green color of the young branches. It grows symmetrically, forming a pyramidal head. One of the most desirable Lindens adapted for either street or lawn plantings.

	Each	Per 10
20 to 25 ft., 4 to 5 in....	\$25.00	\$200.00
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in....	12.00	100.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in....	7.50	65.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in....	5.50	45.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

AMERICAN LINDEN or BASSWOOD. TILIA AMERICANA. (M). A rapid-growing native that develops into a large, broad, open-headed tree. Has small yellow flowers in June that fill the air with fragrance.

	Each	Per 10
16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 in....	\$9.00	\$75.00
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in....	6.00	50.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in....	4.50	37.50
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in....	3.50	30.00

Prices of larger trees on application.

The Elms—Ulmus

AMERICAN ELM. ULMUS AMERICANA. (L). This Elm is the characteristic tree which arches many of the New England streets, though it also grows well in other sections. It is of massive proportions, long-lived, and the spreading branches support a drooping canopy of foliage.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	\$3.50	\$30.00	
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	2.50	22.50	\$200.00

CAMPERDOWN or WEeping ELM. ULMUS GLABRA CAMPERDOWNI. (D). Its branches grow outward and downward in odd, interesting forms. Beautiful as a specimen on large lawns.

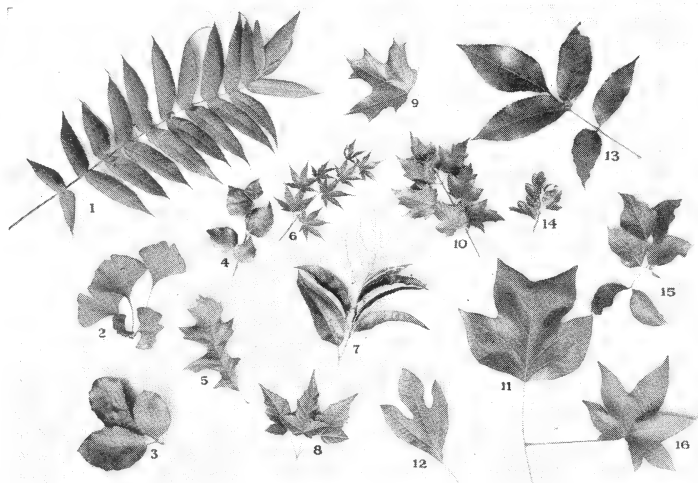
	Each
5 to 6 ft. stems, strong heads.....	\$6.00



Shade Trees being dug and packed at our Nurseries. When properly placed, Trees soften the architectural lines of the house and give it a verdant frame. This is an important mission of Shade Trees and one of the reasons why investments in shade yield such splendid returns in increased realty values.



MOON'S TREES



By selecting plant material that offers a number of various landscape uses, one gets added value for the money expended. The plants illustrated above not only exhibit gorgeous Autumnal effects but are also adapted to many other valuable uses as suggested under their respective catalogue descriptions:

- | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| 1. Sumacs in variety | 7. Scarlet Oak | 12. Red Maple |
| 2. Ginkgo | 8. Japanese Maple | 13. Tulip Tree |
| 3. Beeches | 9. Sorrel Tree | 14. Sassafras |
| 4. Birches | 10. Siberian Maple | 15. Ash |
| 5. Red Oak | 11. Sugar Maple | 16. Hawthorne |
| 6. Pin Oak | | |

Locate your home town on the map on page 5. If in light shaded areas, motor delivery of most orders is possible.

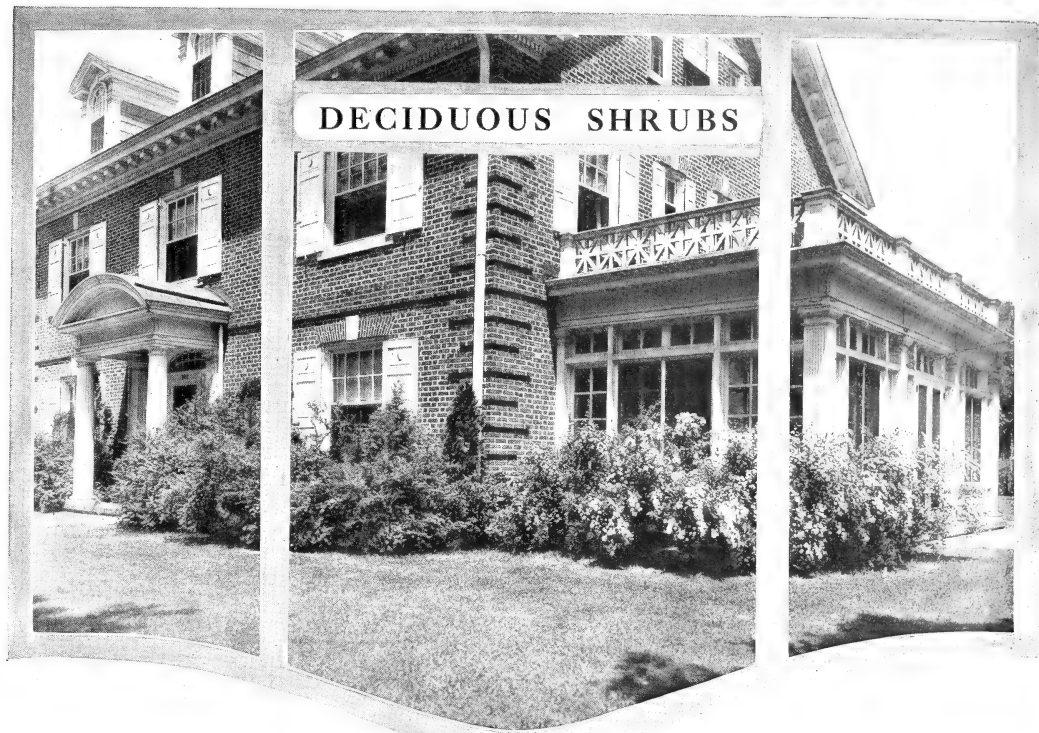
For orders where truck delivery is not practicable, shipments are made by parcel post, express or freight. Careful and thorough packing is part of Moon's service and is often commended on by distant customers.



Shade Trees are the keynote in the beauty of this scene. A view in Woodlawn Cemetery, Woodlawn, N. Y., where Moon's stock has been extensively used.

MOON'S SHRUBS

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS



SERVICE-BERRY. AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS. Profuse white flowers in early Spring followed by edible blue fruit. Good for naturalistic effects.

	Each	Per 10		Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft...	\$0.90	\$7.00	3 to 4 ft...	\$1.15	\$8.50

PINK-FLOWERING ALMOND. VAR. ROSEA FLORE PLENO. 6 to 8 feet.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.25	\$10.00

ACANTHOPANAX (ARALIA) PENTAPHYLLUM. 5 to 10 feet.

Upright, prickly branches clothed in luxuriant, glossy foliage. One of the best shrubs for shady places, rocky banks and slopes and adverse city conditions.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.80	6.00	40.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	7.50	50.00

CHOKEBERRY. ARONIA ARBUTIFOLIA. 6 to 10 feet. May. Valuable for massing because of its profusion of white flower spikes in Spring, and its showy red berries and foliage in Autumn.

	Each	Per 10
Strong, 2- and 3-year plants.....	\$0.90	\$7.00

Deciduous Azaleas

See Pages 26 and 27 for the beautiful Evergreen Azaleas.

FRAGRANT WHITE AZALEA. AZALEA ARBORESCENS. 3 to 4 feet.

June. Fragrant white flowers with pink stamens. Foliage assumes brilliant shades of red in Autumn.

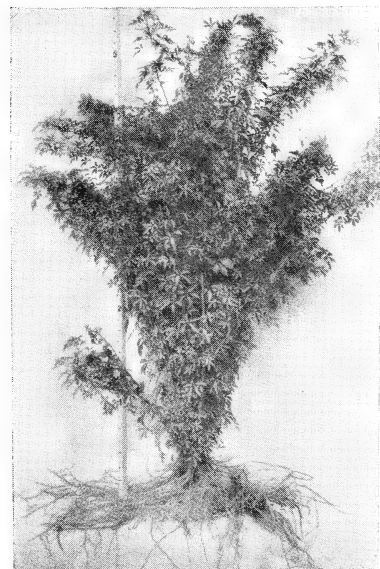
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$200.00
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00	35.00	

PINK SHELL AZALEA. AZALEA VASEYI. 3 to 4 feet. May. Delicate shell pink. Bloom appears before the leaves. Autumn foliage assumes deep, rich, red tone.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$3.00	\$26.00

WOOD HONEYSUCKLE. AZALEA NUDIFLORA. 4 to 10 feet. May. Clusters of deep pink flowers appear before the leaves. Splendid for partially shaded spots and for sylvan effects.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$1.50	\$12.50
1½ to 2 ft.....	2.50	22.50



An Acanthopanax selected at random from our Nursery rows. It is representative of our stock plants of these hardy, adaptable plants.



A suggestion for an entrance planting, inexpensive yet bespeaking cordial welcome to whomsoever mounts the steps. Japanese Barberry is the main feature of this planting.

The Barberries—Berberis

REGEL'S BARBERRY. BERBERIS AMURENSIS JAPONICA. 4 to 6 feet. Upright shrub with red berries in October and November.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1.00	\$7.50

Japanese Barberry

BERBERIS THUNBERGI. 3 to 4 feet. May. A great favorite for hedges, shrub groups and plantings generally. Tolerant of partial shade and city conditions. Brilliant Fall color and scarlet berries. The best all-around shrub.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.75	\$5.00	\$40.00

Spice Bush—Benzoin

BENZOIN. AESTIVALE. SYN. ODORIFERUM. 8 to 10 feet. March and April. Small bright yellow flowers, among the first to appear in Spring. Gorgeous in Autumn with yellow foliage and red berries which attract birds. Well adapted for moist soils.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00	\$45.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	8.00	55.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	10.00	

Butterfly Bush—Buddleia

BUDDLEIA. DAVIDI MAGNIFICA. 6 to 8 feet. July to frost. Long spikes of light blue flowers, (R) "lighter than Pallid Bluish Violet." Butterflies are attracted by their honey-like fragrance, and add to its charm. Not entirely hardy north of Philadelphia. Cutting back to the ground each Spring and removing flower spikes as they fade increases its florescence. Native of China.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Strong plants.....	\$0.75	\$6.00	\$40.00

The Callicarpas

JAPANESE BEAUTYBERRY. CALLICARPA JAPONICA. 3 to 6 feet. August. Flowers pink, followed by violet berries that line the branches after the leaves have fallen. Not dependably hardy north of Philadelphia.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Strong, 2- and 3-year plants.....	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00

The Red Buds—Cercis

AMERICAN RED BUD. CERCIS CANADENSIS. 10 to 15 feet. Small-size tree with bright pink pea-shaped flowers in May. Is quite conspicuous on the landscape.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.75	\$6.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	7.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.35	11.00

CHINESE RED BUD. CERCIS CHINENSIS. SYN. JAPONICA. 6 to 8 feet. April. A thick mist of delicate deep pink flowers clothes the branches before the attractive heart-shaped leaves appear. Fine for early Spring color and for foliage variety in the shrub border.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50
2 to 3 ft.....	1.35	10.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.75	13.50

CHINESE BEAUTYBERRY. CALLICARPA PURPUREA. 3 to 5 feet. August. Similar to above but somewhat more dwarf in growth.

	Each	Per 10
Strong, 2-and 3-year plants.....	\$0.80	\$6.00

Sweet Shrub, Allspice or "Shrub"

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS. 8 to 12 feet. June. Chocolate colored flowers (R) between "Diamine Brown" and "Hessian Brown," of delightful fragrance. Strong upright grower.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.15	8.50	

WHITE FRINGE TREE. CHIONANTHUS VIRGINICA. 10 to 20 feet. White flowers in May and June. Very attractive as a specimen or in groups with other tall shrubs.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.50	\$12.50
3 to 4 ft.....	1.75	15.00

Cephalanthus

BUTTON BUSH. CEPHALANTHUS OCCIDENTALIS. 5 to 6 feet. July to September. Ball-like clusters of white flowers. Bright, glossy foliage. Hardy, strong grower. Splendid for groups and masses in moist soils and at water edges.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.80	6.00

THIS Catalogue leaves nothing to the purchaser's imagination about the size of the stock we propose furnishing at the prices given. Some nursery catalogues do. Isn't it safer to buy where you know just what size stock you are going to get for the money you have to spend?

The Osier Dogwoods or Cornels—Cornus

THE Osier Dogwoods or Cornels, strong growers in almost any soil, are especially valued for the brilliant coloring of the bark of most varieties, a conspicuous addition to the Winter landscape. Attractive fruits add to their interest in Autumn. They thrive nearly as well in shaded places as in open ground, and are particularly suited for mass planting and natural effects. Good for moist soils and water edges. The tree-shape varieties are listed under TREES.

GRAY DOGWOOD. CORNUS PANICULATA. 6 to 15 feet. Gray branches, white flowers in May and June. Striking white fruit peduncles in Fall.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft...	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
4 to 5 ft...	1.00	7.50	

RED OSIER DOGWOOD. CORNUS STOLONIFERA. 4 to 8 feet. May and June. Spreading habit, dark red bark and white flowers followed by white fruit.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.90	7.00	45.00

SILKY DOGWOOD. CORNUS AMOMUM. 8 to 12 feet. June. White flowers, blue berries and dull red bark.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$0.70	\$5.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	7.50

Filbert or Hazelnut—Corylus

EUROPEAN FILBERT or HAZELNUT. CORYLUS AVELLANA. 8 to 12 feet. Valued for its edible nuts as well as for its decorative value as a lawn shrub in heavy mass plantings.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50

VAR. ATROPURPUREA. Purple variety of the above. Useful for color contrasts, and tall screens in shrubby borders. Thrives in moist soils.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.50	\$13.50
3 to 4 ft.....	2.00	15.00
4 to 5 ft.....	2.50	20.00

AMERICAN HAZEL. CORYLUS AMERICANA. 3 to 8 feet. Hardy from Canada to Florida. Grown for its handsome large foliage and edible nuts.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50

Quince—Cydonia

FLOWERING QUINCE. CYDONIA JAPONICA. 8 to 12 feet. Scarlet flowers in May.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00
2 to 3 ft.....	1.00	7.50

MAULE'S JAPAN QUINCE. VAR. MAULEI. 8 to 12 feet. May. A showy variety with orange-scarlet flowers in profusion.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50
2 to 3 ft.....	1.15	8.50



Flowers and foliage of the Cornels

The Cotoneasters

VERY ornamental shrubs from the standpoint of habit of growth, quality of foliage, Autumnal tints, and in some varieties, showy fruits. They have come to us to grace our American gardens from Oriental wilds. Generally hardy, and because they are not commonly seen have much to recommend them to the garden lover on the lookout for "something different."

SPREADING COTONEASTER. COTONEASTER DIVARICATA. 3 to 6 feet. Spreading habit of growth. Shiny green leaves in Summer; dark crimson in Autumn. Scarlet berries.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.35	\$11.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.60	13.50
4 to 5 ft.....	2.00	15.00



Clusters of white or blue berries decorate the Cornels in the Autumn and the red twigs of some kinds add a touch of color to the Winter landscape.

The Deutzias—Deutzia

PROFUSE flowering shrubs in both dwarf and tall growing varieties. The dwarf forms are among the most useful and attractive shrubs we have for planting in front of taller shrubberies or wherever low growing plants are wanted. The tall growing varieties are effective in the background of the shrubbery border. There are few lawns where members of this family cannot be used to good advantage. Well-drained soils are best for Deutzias. Native of East Asia and the Himalayas.

DWARF DEUTZIA. DEUTZIA GRACILIS. 3 to 6 feet. May. An old-fashioned dense shrub, bearing a profusion of single, pure-white flowers. Excellent for edging shrub borders. Very hardy.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 12 in.....	\$0.50	\$3.50	\$25.00
12 to 15 in.....	.60	4.50	30.00
15 to 18 in.....	.80	6.00	

DWARF PINK DEUTZIA. VAR. ROSEA. 3 to 6 feet. May. Pinkflowering form of above.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00	
1½ to 2 ft.....	1.00	7.50	

DOUBLE PINK DEUTZIA. DEUTZIA SCABRA VAR. ROSEA PLENA. 8 to 12 feet. Flowers are tinged with soft old rose. Exceedingly dainty and beautiful.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.90	7.00	45.00

LEMOINE'S DEUTZIA. DEUTZIA LEMOINEI. 3 to 6 feet. May. A more spreading vigorous grower than GRACILIS with even showier flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.60	\$12.50	\$30.00

SOUTHERN BUSH HONEYSUCKLE. DIERVILLA SESSILIFOLIA. 6 to 8 feet. June. Closely allied to the Weigela but flowering after they have finished. Flowers a lemon yellow (R) "Pale Green Yellow," in rather inconspicuous, flat irregular clusters.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00

Silver Thorn Oleaster—Eleagnus

The silvery under-surface of the foliage of these plants, and the brown dotted bark of the new growth, make them worth having in any collection because of their beauty and interest.

SMALL-LEAVED SILVER THORN. ELEAGNUS PARVIFLORA. 8 to 12 feet. Silvery-white, fragrant flowers. Pink berries in late Summer.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4 to 5 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50	
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	10.00	

The Japanese Bell-Flowers—Enkianthus

Japanese plants of erect growth, not commonly planted, but so distinctive that they are worthy of more general use. Charming flowers droop from the branches in Spring, and in the Fall the foliage is bright with Autumn tints.

ENKIANTHUS CAMPANULATUS. 10 to 20 feet.

May. A large growing variety with red, or yellow and red flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00	35.00	

ENKIANTHUS PERULATUS. 3 to 6 feet. May. White flowers in drooping clusters.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$2.50	\$20.00	
2 to 3 ft.....	3.50	30.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	5.00	40.00	

Euonymus

Climbing varieties of Euonymus will be found listed under VINES.

CORK-BARKED EUONYMUS. EUONYMUS

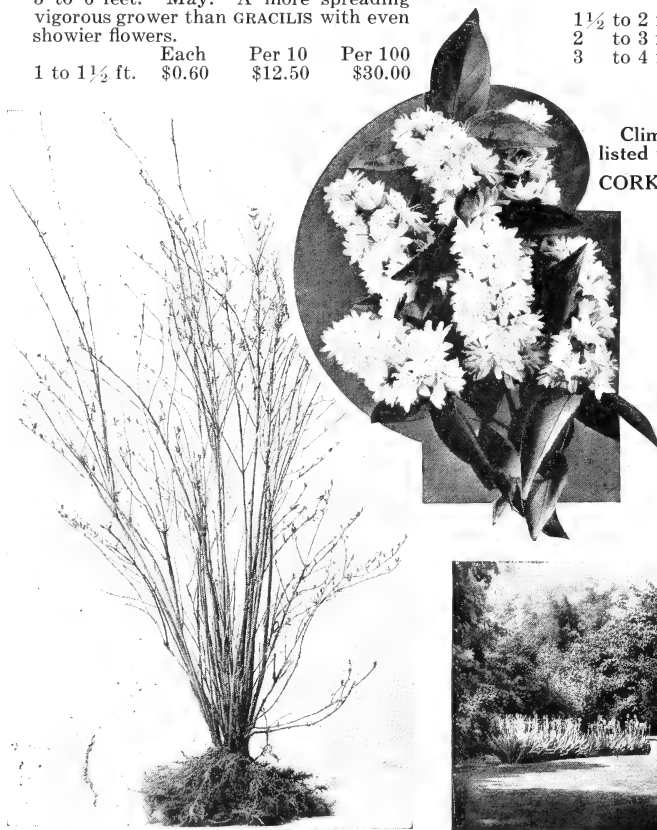
ALATUS. 8 to 12 feet. Small delicate flowers in late Spring are followed by attractive red berries in the Fall. Curious corky bark, brilliant Autumnal foliage. Best for individual planting.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.75	\$15.00	
4 to 5 ft.....	2.50	20.00	

Pearl Bush—Exochorda

EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA. 8 to 12 feet. May. Beautiful when covered with fragrant clusters of pure white, starry flowers. Especially adapted for individual planting. From China.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00	



The flowers of the Deutzia and a plant of the tall growing type from our Nursery rows.



Low-branched trees, banked with flowering shrubs, are responsible for the effective background to this lawn.

If in doubt about what to plant, write us

The Golden Bells—Forsythia

NO lawn is complete without the "Golden Bell," that familiar shrub that greets the Spring with its golden shower of star-like flowers. When the flowers are done, the leaves appear and their lustrous deep green is exceedingly ornamental. The flowers of all varieties are similar.

BORDER GOLDEN BELL. FORSYTHIA INTERMEDIA. 8 to 12 feet. April. Vigorous grower with slender, erect or arching branches. Considered by many as the best of the family.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.55	\$4.00	\$27.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.70	5.00	35.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.90	7.00	

WEeping GOLDEN BELL. FORSYTHIA SUSPENS. 6 to 8 feet. Graceful, drooping tendency. Frequently planted on banks and slopes. Beautiful as specimens or in masses.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.80	6.00

GREEN STEMMED GOLDEN BELL. FORSYTHIA VIRIDISSIMA. 6 to 8 feet. Erect shoots, spreading branches with excellent foliage that assumes a rich Autumn color and persists until early Winter.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.55	\$4.00	\$27.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.70	5.00	35.00

FORTUNE'S GOLDEN BELL. VAR. FORTUNEI. 6 to 8 feet. Erect branches and handsome, broad, dark green leaves.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.55	\$4.00	\$27.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.70	5.00	35.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.90	7.00	

Witch Hazel—Hamamelis

HAMAMELIS VIRGINIANA. 10 to 20 feet. November. Valued for producing naturalistic effects. Unusual because of the season of bloom of its yellow flowers.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.10	\$8.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	10.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.40	12.00



The Golden Bell is almost the first shrub to bloom in the Spring. Its blossoms come when everyone is hungry for flowers and are so profusely borne that whether planted singly or in groups or masses, the Golden Bell is a feature of the landscape.



Who would guess that these beautiful shrubs were planted primarily to hide a disagreeable outlook just beyond?



Altheas are of great value in the shrubbery groupings because they bloom so profusely in mid-summer when so few other shrubs are in flower. They are old-fashioned shrubs, with the associations of old gardens, and have a place upon almost every lawn.

Rose of Sharon or Altheas—Hibiscus Syriacus

THESE familiar shrubs, with their compact erect habit, and abundant flowers coming in July to September when so few other shrubs are in blossom, are adapted to even the smallest lawn. They ultimately attain a height of 8 to 12 feet, are valued as specimens, and make beautiful screens and hedges, for which latter purpose they may be trimmed to almost any desired height.

Altheas are slow in coming into leaf the season after

AMPLISSIMA. Double. A deep lilac pink with a carmine center.
2 to 3 ft.

ALBA PLENA. Small and very double white flowers, splashed with carmine on outer petals.
2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.

BOULE DE FEU. Double. Very deep violet-pink. Deeper than (R) "Spinel Pink."
2 to 3 ft.

DUCHESSE DE BRABANT. Medium size double. Deep rose-pink.
2 to 3 ft.

PAEONIFLORA. White with carmine center. Semi-double.
2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.

transplanting, and while trimming undoubtedly makes them come out sooner than otherwise, customers should not be discouraged if their plants remain dormant well into July.

Price of all varieties of Hibiscus are as follows:

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.70	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.90	7.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.10	8.50

PURITY. Pure white, single.

2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.

LADY STANLEY. Medium size, semi-double, of palest pink splashed with carmine.
2 to 3 ft.

RUBIS. A dark violet-pink with a carmine center.
2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

TOTUS ALBUS SIMPLEX. Very large, single, pure white.
2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.

VAN HOUTTEI. Double white with red center. Petals lightly splashed with carmine.
2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.; 4 to 5 ft.

Have you read the introductory pages?



Lawns blessed with running water lend themselves admirably to naturalistic effects through the use of flowering shrubs. Low places, too, ordinarily hard to care for can be made to "blossom as the rose" by the use of moisture loving plants.

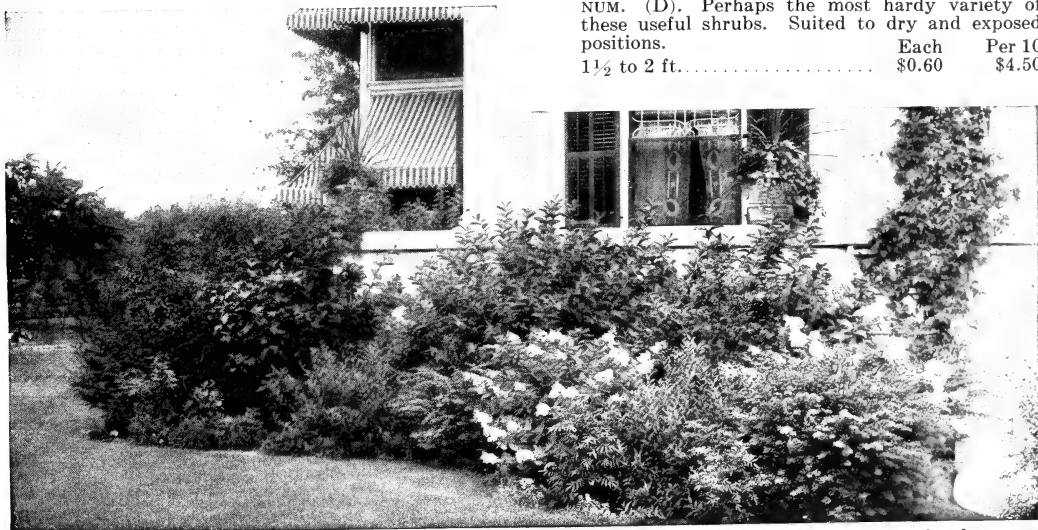


In July, when flowers are needed to brighten the shrubbery border, *Hydrangea Hills of Snow* can be depended upon for a profusion of blossoms.

Black Alder or Winterberry—Ilex

ILEX VERTICILLATA. 6 to 8 feet. A neat, attractive native shrub with showy scarlet fruit in late Fall and early Winter.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.10	8.50	70.00



There is, combined with luxuriant foliage in Summer and the flowers that can be had in succession by the proper choice of varieties all through the open months, the element of economy in flowering shrubs that appeals to many. Their cost is but from 10 to 15 cents per square foot of area in the foundation bed.

The Hydrangeas

No class of shrubs is better known than the Hydrangeas, comprising some of the most showy plants in cultivation. They transplant easily, have no insect enemies, and, with the exception of the *Hortensis* varieties, are reliably hardy.

NATIVE HYDRANGEA. HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS. 6 to 8 feet. June and July. The most hardy of Hydrangeas and particularly desirable for shady places. Flowers in flat, white clusters.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	9.00

HILLS OF SNOW. VAR. GRANDIFLORA. 6 to 8 feet. June and July. A new variety of rare beauty, bearing in profusion immense clusters of pure white flowers that arch the branches.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	9.00	

GREAT PANICLED HYDRANGEA. HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA. 8 to 12 feet. July to September. No shrub is more showy than this favorite Hydrangea, whose branches bend under the weight of enormous flower clusters. At first the flowers are white, shading to pink and bronze as the season advances.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00
2 to 3 ft.....	1.00	7.50
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	9.00

St. John's-Wort—Hypericum

Free-flowering, thrifty-growing shrubs that thrive in most any good soil. Not subject to attack of insects. For Southern plantings these shrubs can be relied upon as being almost evergreen.

GOLD FLOWER—HYPERICUM AUREUM. (D).

July to September. A stiff, dense shrub that bears large (R) "Lemon Yellow" flowers at a time when little else is blooming.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50

KALM'S ST. JOHN'S-WORT. HYPERICUM KALMIANUM. (D). Perhaps the most hardy variety of these useful shrubs. Suited to dry and exposed positions.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50

Privet—Ligustrum

A GROUP of ornamental shrubs, including, besides the California Privet, some of the most desirable plants. The Privets are not particular as to soil and they grow rapidly in open places or beneath the shade of trees. In shrubby borders and masses their

good qualities can be appreciated, as well as in the hedges, where their use is best known. They are seldom attacked by insects, withstand shearing, and can be kept at any height or clipped into artificial shapes.

California Privet

LIGSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM. 5 to 20 feet. The half-evergreen, generally useful shrub most widely known as a hedge plant. Valued also for tall screens and for seashore planting. Not reliably hardy north of Boston.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.15	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$60.00
2 to 3 ft.....	.25	1.50	10.00	80.00

IBOLIUM PRIVET. LIGSTRUM IBOLIUM. 5 to 15 feet. A cross between Ibota and California Privet, combining the hardiness of the former variety with the excellent foliage of the latter. Unexcelled for hedging purposes under adverse conditions.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$0.30	\$2.25	\$15.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	4.50	30.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.70	5.00	35.00

GLOBULAR CALIFORNIA PRIVET. Have been trimmed to neat globes for formal planting.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 1½ ft. high x 1 to 1½ ft. spread.....	\$2.00	\$15.00
1½ to 2 ft. high x 1½ to 2 ft. spread.....	2.50	20.00

AMUR PRIVET. Hardy Type. **LIGSTRUM AMURENSE.**

8 to 12 feet. Somewhat similar to the California Privet, but hardier. Adapted for hedges in cold and exposed places.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.40	\$3.00	\$20.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.80	6.00	40.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.00	7.50	

IBOTA PRIVET. LIGSTRUM IBOTA. 8 to 12 feet. Upright, with white flowers and blue-black berries. Unexcelled for hedges and general decorative purposes. Autumn foliage dark red.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.50	\$3.50	\$25.00

REGEL'S PRIVET. VAR. REGELIANUM. 3 to 6 feet. A low, spreading form, with gracefully drooping branches. Adapted for much the same uses as Japan Barberry. Autumn foliage especially attractive.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00

EUROPEAN PRIVET. LIGSTRUM VULGARE. Dark green foliage; abundant purplish black fruit. Very hardy.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50

The Bush Honeysuckles—Lonicera



There is the urge to enter in a garden entrance like this that is irresistible. You would be surprised to know how little such an arrangement really costs.

THE fragrant flowers, showy fruits, and fine foliage possessed by this group have pushed them to the forefront of ornamental shrubs. They are hardy, transplant easily, and are adapted to almost any shrubby grouping. See "Vines" for the trailing varieties of this species.

WINTER HONEYSUCKLE. LONICERA FRAGRANTISSIMA. 8 to 12 feet. March and April. Delightfully fragrant white flowers that come with the first breath of Spring. Scarlet fruits. A broad, many-branched shrub with excellent foliage.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.90	7.00	45.00

MORROW'S HONEYSUCKLE. LONICERA MORROWI. 8 to 12 feet. An open bush with crooked branches. Its red berries are especially ornamental in August and last a long time.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.70	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.90	7.00

TARTARIAN HONEYSUCKLE. LONICERA TATARICA. 6 to 8 feet. May. The favorite, old-fashioned Bush Honeysuckle with slender upright branches. Pink flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.80	6.00	40.00

WHITE TARTARIAN HONEYSUCKLE. VAR. ALBA. 6 to 8 feet. May. A white-flowering form of the above.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00

The Mock Oranges—Philadelphus

IT can truthfully be said that no garden is quite complete unless it possesses some of these popular old-fashioned shrubs. They are strong growers in sun or partial shade, have no insect enemies, and present

attractive foliage effects. Although their popularity has been gained largely on account of their fragrant creamy-white flowers, it must be remembered that not all kinds are fragrant.

DOUBLE-FLOWERING MOCK ORANGE.

VAR. PRIMULAEFLORUS. 8 to 12 feet. Medium-size fragrant double-white flowers. Foliage exceptionally good, the dark green leaves having a crumpled appearance. Extremely hardy.

2 to 3 ft.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00

DWARF MOCK ORANGE. VAR. NANUS.

2 to 3 feet. Dense bushy plant with good green foliage.

1 to 1½ ft.	Each	Per 10
	\$0.80	\$6.00

1½ to 2 ft.	Each	Per 10
	\$1.00	\$7.50

GOLDEN MOCK ORANGE. VAR. FOLIS

AUREIS. 3 to 6 feet. Desirable for edging because of its showy golden foliage and dwarf nature. Flowers sparingly.

1 to 1½ ft.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00

SWEET MOCK ORANGE. PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS.

6 to 8 feet. May. Vigorous, hardy, erect growing—the old favorite. Fragrant white flowers.

3 to 4 ft.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00

DROOPING MOCK ORANGE. PHILADELPHUS LAXUS.

8 to 12 feet. June. Slightly fragrant flowers sometimes 1½ inches across. A strong grower.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.	\$0.80	\$6.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	7.50



A view of the lawn of F. B. Moore, near Trenton, N. J., largely planted with stock from our Nurseries. While few lawns may possess the same natural advantages that this does, many do have some features that can be capitalized in planning the landscape arrangement.

LEMOINE'S MOCK ORANGES.

Philadelphus Lemoinei and Varieties are hybrids of Philadelphus coronarius and Philadelphus microphyllus introduced by Lemoine, a French horticulturist. They are distinctive in that they possess smaller leaves and flowers and are exceedingly fragrant. The general type is more dwarf than above varieties.

AVALANCHE. 6 to 8 feet.

Slender arching branches, nearly covered with showy white flowers.

1½ to 2 ft.	Each	Per 10
	\$0.70	\$5.00
2 to 3 ft.	.90	7.00

CANDELABRE. 3 to 6 feet.

A very low shrub. Suggests a candelabrum when in bloom.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.90	\$7.00

ERECTUS. 3 to 6 feet.

Flowering branches irregularly ascending, forming a more compact bush than most varieties.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.70	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft.	.90	7.00

LEMOINEI. 3 to 6 feet.

Not such a strong grower as some kinds, but very desirable because of its fragrant flowers.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.90	\$7.00

Suggestions for the various uses of Mock Oranges may be found on pages 8 to 13

Shrubby Cinquefoil—Potentilla

POTENTILLA FRUTICOSA. 3 to 6 feet. (R) "Lemon Chrome" flowers brighten its low spreading branches all Summer. Grows in stony, dry places and in wet soils.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00
2 to 3 ft.....	.90	7.00

Hop Tree—Ptelea

PTELEA TRIFOLIATA. 12 to 18 feet. June. Bright, shiny foliage; clusters of white flowers.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.90	7.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.00	7.50

PHOTINIA VILLOSA. 8 to 12 feet. June. An upright, growing shrub with white flowers followed by scarlet fruits.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	8.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	10.00

Buckthorn—Rhamnus

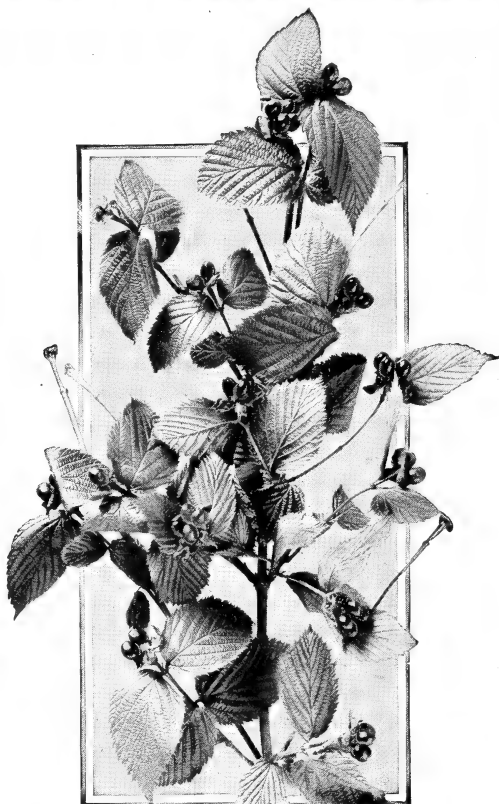
COMMON BUCKTHORN. RHAMNUS CATHARTICA. 10 to 15 feet. Upright woody shrub having numerous small white flowers in June. Useful for naturalistic effects and bird gardens. Abundant glossy black berries during Fall.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.50	\$3.50	\$24.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	4.50	30.00

White Kerria—Rhodotypos

RHODOTYPOS KERRIOIDES. 6 to 8 feet. Hardy, with showy white flowers in May and occasionally throughout the Summer. Black fruits that last all Winter. A splendid shrub for general planting.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00



A spray of White Kerria, showing the berries that persist well into the Winter. This shrub is one of the hardiest we have and is adapted for planting under adverse as well as favorable conditions.

The Sumacs and the Mist Tree—Rhus

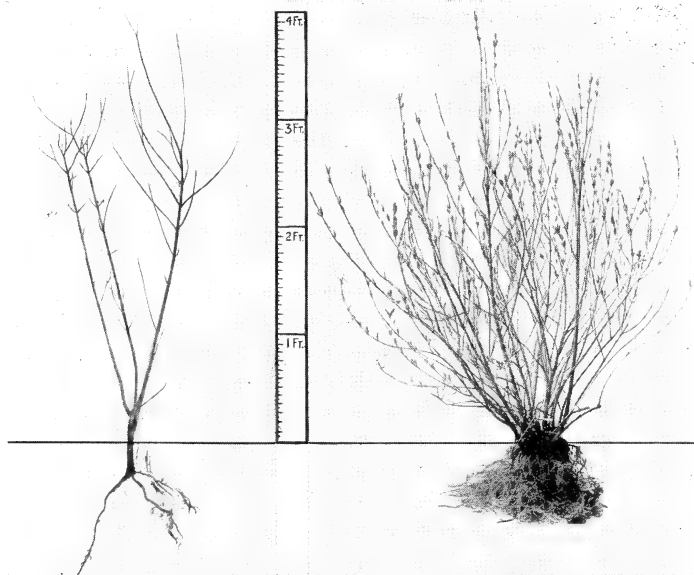
The Sumacs as a family are among the most showy of our Autumn color plants. Most varieties are best adapted for background planting in heavy borders, and in the production of natural effects.

FRAGRANT SUMAC. RHUS CANADENSIS. SYN. (AROMATICA). 3 to 6 feet. Attractive foliage that emits an aromatic odor when bruised. Conspicuous yellow flowers in Spring. Good as a cover plant for rocky banks.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft..	\$0.90	\$7.00	\$45.00
3 to 4 ft..	1.00	7.50	50.00

SMOOTH SUMAC. RHUS GLABRA. 12 to 16 feet. Especially useful for producing natural effects.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50
6 to 7 ft.....	1.20	10.00
7 to 8 ft.....	1.40	11.00



Notice the comparison in tops and roots in the above specimens. The transplanting in the Nursery that has developed the mass of roots on the plant to the right, and the ample spacing that has made possible its bushy top, make such a plant more costly to produce, but because of the satisfaction it gives, it is cheapest in the long run. Moon's shrubs compare favorably with the right-hand specimen.

The Spireas—Spirea

THERE is truly a Spirea "For Every Place and Purpose." These indispensable shrubs vary in size, character and time of blooming. In this group are some of the most popular old-fashioned shrubs.

The Summer-flowering varieties brighten the garden when few other shrubs are in bloom. All varieties do best in moist, fertile soils and sunny exposures.

Spring Flowering Varieties

BRIDAL WREATH. SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA. 6 to 8 feet. The popular old-fashioned shrub with branches studded with little white rose-like flowers in early May.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.10	8.50

GARLAND SPIREA. VAR. ARGUTA. 3 to 6 feet. May. The innumerable white flowers crowd the slender branches, making it one of the showiest of the early-blooming spireas.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	7.50	50.00

REEVES' SPIREA. SPIREA REEVESIANA. 8 to 12 feet. Last of May. Similar to the favorite VAN HOUTTEI except that its leaves assume autumnal tints.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.90	7.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.10	8.50

SPIREA REEVESIANA. VAR. FLORE PLENO. 6 to 8 feet. May and June.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00

THUNBERGI SPIREA. SPIREA THUNBERGI. 3 to 6 feet. April and May. A graceful bush, whose thread-like branchlets bear innumerable small white flowers and tiny leaves. Recommended for seaside planting. Bright Autumn foliage.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.10	8.50	

VAN HOUTTE'S SPIREA. SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI. 8 to 12 feet. May. Among the very finest of flowering shrubs. The profusion of bloom covers the graceful drooping branches with a canopy of white. The foliage effect is excellent.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.00	40.00

Spirea—Summer Flowering Varieties

CRIMSON EVERBLOOMING SPIREA. VAR. ANTHONY WATERER. 3 to 6 feet. June until frost. Quite similar to the above. The (R) "Rose Color" flower suggests the color of crushed strawberries.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$0.60	\$4.50	\$30.00
1½ to 2 ft.....	.80	6.00	40.00

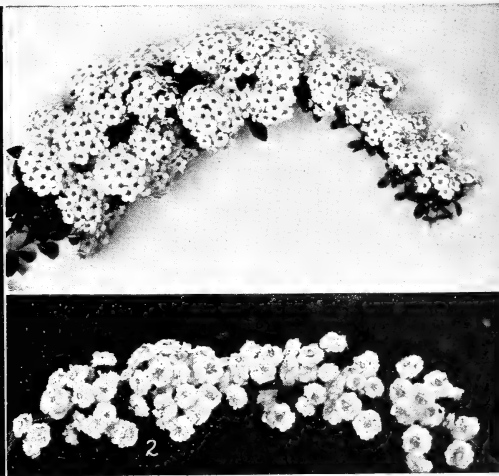
DWARF WHITE SPIREA. SPIREA ALBIFLORA. 3 to 6 feet. July and August. Erect branches; flat-headed pure-white flowers, lace-like and attractive.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	1.00	7.50

DWARF PINK SPIREA. SPIREA CALLOSA. 3 to 6 feet. June and July. Lacy clusters of pink and white flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00
2 to 3 ft.....	1.00	7.50	

Plants make an ideal gift—birthday, anniversary or Christmas—for your suburban friends, the hospitality of whose lawn you share when you visit them. Why not tell them you are giving them some Trees and Shrubs which will be delivered at the proper time—and then send Moon's the order?



The Spireas include a great variation in flower and foliage effects. No. 1 represents the type of flowers produced by the varieties Van Houttei and Reevesiana. No. 2 is the old-fashioned Bridal Wreath. No. 3. Flowers of this type are borne by varieties Billardi, Billardi alba, Douglasi and TomENTOSA. They differ in color. No. 4 represents flowers of varieties Bumalda and Anthony Waterer, Albiflora and Callosa.



Lilacs are the natural accompaniment of May. To omit them from your lawn is to deprive yourself of one of spring-time's greatest joys.

The Lilacs—Syringa

YOU can have Lilacs almost anywhere you may live. They grow in city, in suburbs and in the country. They are adapted to large lawns or small. With ever so little care and attention they can be depended upon each May for a profusion of colorful, fragrant panicles of bloom that you, as a flower lover, cannot help but revel in.

COMMON LILAC. SYRINGA VULGARIS. 8 to 12 feet. May. The well-known, old-fashioned Lilac. Flowers are remarkably fragrant, varying from (R) "Pale Wisteria Blue" to "Lavender."

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	7.50	\$50.00

COMMON WHITE LILAC. VAR. ALBA. 8 to 12 feet. The familiar, white-flowering variety.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00	\$45.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.10	8.50	

HUNGARIAN LILAC. SYRINGA JOSIKAEA. 8 to 12 feet. A distinct late-blooming type. Deep purple buds, arranged in loose panicles, opening into light violet-colored flowers. (R) "Purplish Lilac."

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	10.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.50	12.50

SYRINGA RANUNCULATA FLORE PLENA. 6 to 8 feet. An uncommon variety with double pale blue flowers. (R) "Light Chicory Blue."

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00

JAPANESE TREE LILAC. SYRINGA JAPONICA. 12 to 16 feet. June. Glossy, leathery leaves. Yellowish-white flowers that come after other Lilacs are through blooming.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.10	8.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	10.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.50	12.50

Lilacs have many adaptabilities. Think of their beauty as a hedge along your property line or around your garden. Plant them, too, among other shrubs in your shrubby border, and in groups and as specimens at effective points about the lawn. Even if you have room for only one or two plants there is scarcely any flower you will enjoy more than Lilacs.

ROUEN LILAC. SYRINGA ROTHOMAGENSIS. SYN. CHINENSIS. 8 to 12 feet. May. Arching branches and large, loose, deep lilac flower-plumes shading through (R) "Bishop's Purple" to "Mauvette." Distinctive, narrow leaves.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00

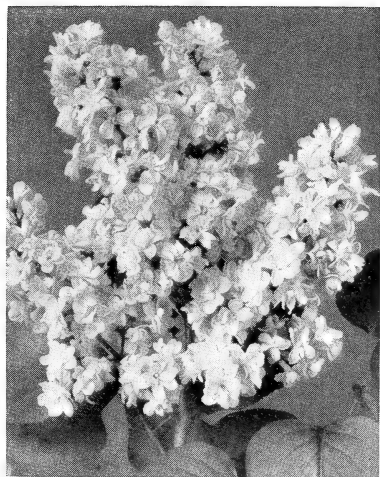
WHITE ROUEN LILAC. VAR. ALBA. 8 to 12 feet. A white flowering variety of the above.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.10	\$8.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.35	10.00

LATE LILAC. VAR. VILLOSA. 6 to 8 feet. June. Bushy and upright, flowers a pinkish lilac.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00

A. S. Newcomb, a realtor of Pinehurst, N. C., as quoted in House and Garden Magazine, says: "The expenditure of an amount equal to 5% of the cost of the dwelling on any lot is essential, and will add 20% to the value of the property. This amount added to that expended in the construction operations will make very little difference in the intrinsic value of a home, and it will amply repay any owner, if necessary, to cut the amount from the building cost and expend it in the improvement of the grounds. Within reasonable limits, the more planting the better. Failure to plant at all is actual extravagance."



A cluster of double white Lilacs. Varieties Madame Lemoine and Madame Casimir Perier have flowers like this.

Light and Medium-Colored Varieties

CHAS. X. A strong grower, with single flowers in broad, thick clusters. Buds reddish-purple, flowers quite light with bluish tinge. (R) "Hellebore Red" fading to "Mauve." 2 to 3 ft.

RED GUIDE. (*Insignis Rubra*). Single flowers of (R) "Light Chicory Blue" touched with Lilac on edge. Buds "Purplish Lilac." 2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

LAMARACK. Double in large full clusters. Buds and flower a very pale lilac, the latter touched with pale blue. General effect (R) "Bluish Lavender." 3 to 4 ft.

MICHEL BUCHNER. Very large trusses of double florets, pale lilac in color, shaded blue on interior of petals. Buds deep pinkish lilac. General effect (R) "Light Wisteria Violet" and "Lilac." 2 to 3 ft.

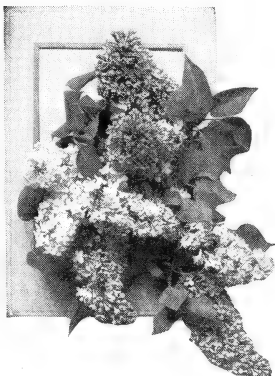
PRESIDENT GREVY. Double. Clusters large and full. Buds pale tones of Lilac, (R) Purplish Lilac; flowers light blue, (R) "Pale Wisteria Violet." 2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

RED MARLEY. Single in large full clusters. Flowers lilac touched with blue. Pinkish buds. Shades from "Pallid Blue Violet" to "Light Pinkish Lilac." 1½ to 2 ft.; 2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

Dark-Colored Lilacs

CHAS. JOLY. Very dark reddish-purple. Double. (R) "Rood's Violet" to "Phlox Purple." 1½ to 2 ft.

SOUVENIR DE LUDWIG SPAETH. Flowers large and single, in very large, long, pointed clusters. The color is very rich and dark. (R) "Dull Magenta Purple." 1½ to 2 ft.; 2 to 3 ft.



The Hybrid Lilacs—Varieties of *Syringa Vulgaris*

THE Hybrid Lilacs listed below differ from the Common Lilacs in that their flower clusters, coming about the second week in May, are larger and their fragrance even more entrancing. They vary in color, according to variety, from pure white to the richest tones of purple. There are also single and double sorts. They ultimately reach a height of 6 to 8 feet.

Price, all named varieties:

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft.	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$50.00
2 to 3 ft.	1.25	10.00	65.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.75		

White Lilacs

FRAU BERTHA DAMMAN. Large single flowers in immense clusters.

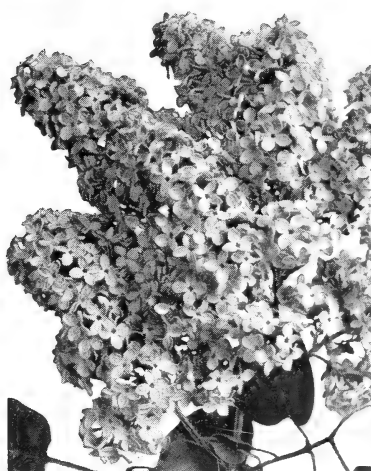
1½ to 2 ft.; 2 to 3 ft.

MARIE LeGRAYE. Single flowers in large full clusters. 1½ to 2 ft.; 2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

MADAME LEMOINE. Fine, immense clusters of double flowers. One of the best. 2 to 3 ft.

MADAME CASIMIR PERIER. Double flowers in medium-sized clusters. A dwarf grower. 1½ to 2 ft.; 2 to 3 ft.

Lilacs are delightful as bouquets, and as such, scent the whole room with their fragrance.



This cluster is typical of the flowers of the single varieties of Lilacs here listed. There is of course a variety in color and in the size of panicles and florets in the kinds we offer.



The fern-like leaves and delicate flowers of the Stephanandra make it very effective in shrubbery groupings.

Stephanandra

STEPHANANDRA FLEXUOSA. 6 to 8 feet. June. Drooping, arching branches clothed with feathery, fern-like leaves. Brilliant bronze-red tints in Autumn. Useful for informal hedgings and mass effects.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00

Sorbaria

FALSE-SPIREA. SORBARIA SORBIFOLIA. 3 to 5 feet. Foliage resembles the mountain ash. Large plume-like panicles of white flowers.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	7.50

JAPANESE STORAX. STYRAX JAPONICA. 12 to 16 feet. An exceedingly desirable small tree or shrub, covered in June with fragrant, drooping racemes of white flowers. Splendid for individual planting.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.10	8.50

The Coral—and Snowberries— Symphoricarpos

Hardy shrubs suited for partially shaded or rather dry and barren locations where little else will thrive, as well as for more favored spots. Splendid, too, for planting on banks to prevent erosion. In Autumn the branches arch with showy white or coral-red berries.

CORALBERRY. SYMPHORICARPOS VULGARIS. 3 to 6 feet. Coral-red berries.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$0.50	\$3.50	
2 to 3 ft.....	.70	5.00	\$35.00

SNOWBERRY. SYMPHORICARPOS RACEMOSUS. 3 to 6 feet. July and August. White berries.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.75	\$6.00	\$40.00

Tamarix

AFRICAN TAMARIX. TAMARIX AFRICANA. 12 to 18 feet. May. Strong, slender, upright growth, with panicles of feathery pink flowers.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$0.70	\$5.00

FRENCH TAMARIX. VAR. GALLICA. 12 to 18 feet. July and August. The pink flower racemes are larger than those of other kinds. The foliage is dull green.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.90	7.00	

HIGH BUSH BLUEBERRY. VACCINIUM CORYMBOSUM. A handsome shrub 4 to 10 feet high with blue-black edible berries. Thrives best in moist places and peaty acid soils.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50
2 to 3 ft.....	1.50	12.50
3 to 4 ft.....	2.00	15.00



Foliage and flowers of the Japanese Storax

The Snowballs and other Viburnums—Viburnum

IN this group are included the Snowballs, which give in Spring the same showy effects that Hydrangeas produce in the Fall. Viburnums are invaluable in shrubby borders, desirable as specimens, and generally useful. Most varieties grow satisfactorily in

partially shaded places, although they will, of course, flower better in sunny locations. Beautiful Autumn foliage is displayed by some varieties. Others are valued for their ornamental berries.



Fruit of *Viburnum Opulus*, or High Bush Cranberry. One of the best red-berried shrubs for late Autumn and Winter effects.

Note the varied uses of Viburnums on the introductory pages. For partial shade, for Autumn color, for showy fruit, and for difficult places there are varieties adapted.



Foliage and fruit of Wayfaring Tree, *Viburnum Lantana*. The fruit of this shrub adds a great deal of interest to the garden during the late Summer months.

WITHE-ROD. VIBURNUM CASSINOIDES. 6 to 8 feet. June to July. Creamy white flowers followed by upright clusters of blue fruit. Autumn foliage vinous red. For moist places and shrubby borders.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	10.00

EUROPEAN CRANBERRY BUSH. VIBURNUM OPULUS. 8 to 12 feet. May. Spreading habit. One of the best red-berried shrubs for late Fall and early Winter effects. Single white flowers.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.90	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	7.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	10.00

DWARF CRANBERRY BUSH. VAR. NANA. 1 to 1½ feet. A very useful little foliage plant for edging purposes.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 in.....	\$0.50	\$4.00	\$30.00

OLD-FASHIONED SNOWBALL. VAR. STERILE. 6 to 8 feet. The old-fashioned Snowball that grows almost anywhere and always flowers so abundantly.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	10.00

NANNYBERRY. VIBURNUM LENTAGO. 12 to 16 feet. May and June. White flowers and bluish-black fruits which often persist until Spring. A hardy-growing shrub or small tree.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$55.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.10	8.50	65.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.50	12.00	85.00
6 to 8 ft.....	2.00	16.00	



The delightful stratified effect of the flower arrangement on the Single Japanese Snowball is sufficient reason for its use either in shrubby borders or as specimens. It has, however, the added value of splendid foliage, assuming rich Autumnal colors so that it is among the most valued of our flowering shrubs.

MOON'S SHRUBS

SIEBOLD'S VIBURNUM. *VIBURNUM SIEBOLDI.* 8 to 12 feet. Vigorous grower, rich green foliage, white flower clusters. Good for city planting.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.10	\$8.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	12.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	15.00

DOUBLEFILE VIBURNUM. *VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM.* 6 to 8 feet. May. Beautiful dark green leaves, gorgeous crimson in the Fall. White flowers, borne in clusters. Exceedingly attractive.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50	\$55.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	10.00	70.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.40	11.00	85.00

JAPANESE SNOWBALL. *VAR. PLICATUM.* 6 to 8 feet. May. Upright, somewhat spreading habit, bearing an abundance of white balls of bloom that have a wonderful setting in the deep green leaves.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$8.50
3 to 4 ft.....	1.50	12.50

WRIGHT'S VIBURNUM. *VIBURNUM WRIGHTII.* 8 to 12 feet. May. Large white flowers followed by an abundance of small red fruits in clusters.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.25	\$10.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.60	13.50
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	

LILAC CHASTE TREE. *VITEX AGNUS CASTUS.* 12 to 16 feet. July to September. Lilac-blue flower-spikes 7 inches long in clusters of three; has strong aromatic odor. Good greyish-green foliage. Rare plant from West Asia.

	Each	Per 10
Strong plants.....	\$0.80	\$6.00

The Weigelas

AN important group, useful as specimens and desirable for groups or masses. They thrive in most any soil and are of upright habit while

PURE WHITE WEIGELA. *WEIGELA CANDIDA.* 12 to 16 feet. June. Ivory white flowers almost cover the graceful arching branches. Useful in group and border planting, and as a specimen.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	10.00

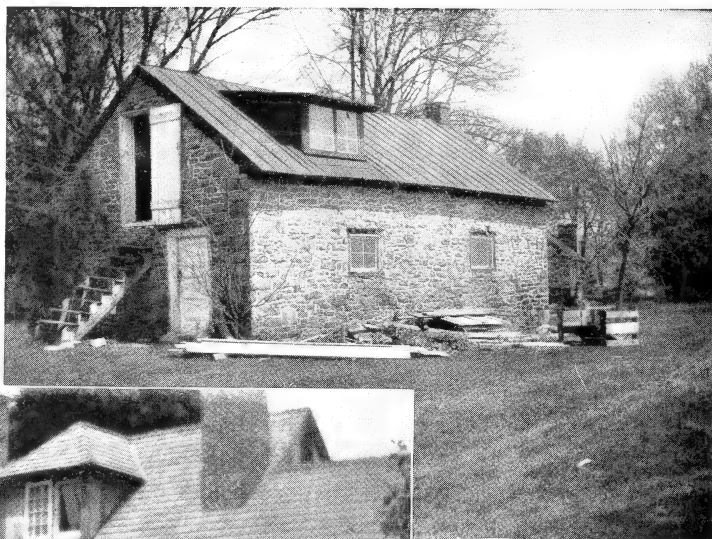
PINK AND WHITE WEIGELA. *WEIGELA ROSEA.* 6 to 8 feet. May or June. Flowers medium-sized to large, varying from pure white to (R) "Deep Rose Pink" on the same branch.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0.80	\$6.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	7.50
5 to 6 ft.....	1.50	

young, growing more graceful with age. In May and June the Weigelas are aglow with a wealth of flowers, and some varieties bloom sparingly throughout the Summer.

RED JAPANESE WEIGELAS. *WEIGELA JAPONICA RUBRA.* 12 to 16 feet. June to July. Flowers deep rose pink. Considered by many to be the most attractive of the colored varieties.

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft.....	\$1.50	\$12.50



You will have to look sharp to recognize that these are "before and after" views of the same house. The house has been enlarged, of course, but it is a fine example of what remodeling plus landscape beautifying can do.



A spray of Weigela. This popular shrub blooms in May and June and no shrubbery border is complete without it.

Weigela Hybrids

These flower lavishly at the close of May and occasionally throughout the Summer. They bloom lavishly and grow vigorously, attaining a height of from 5 to 8 feet.

EVA RATHKE. One of the best dark-red varieties. Blooms off and on throughout the Summer more abundantly than some. Dwarf habit.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50

STELZNER. Rosy-pink flowers that are very similar to the well-known variety *W. ROSEA*.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50

VAN HOUTTE. Color varies from carmine, (R) "Pomegranate Purple" to white spotted with deep old rose.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.00	\$7.50

Ornamental Reeds and Grasses

This class of plants is of great importance in landscape work and has a value all its own. They are much used for planting as single specimens on the lawn, in groups, beds, or along streams.

Price, all varieties:

\$0.40 each	\$3.00 per 10	\$20.00 per 100
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EULALIA Japonica. 5 to 6 feet. Rather broad green leaves, and beautiful plumes in late Summer and early Fall.

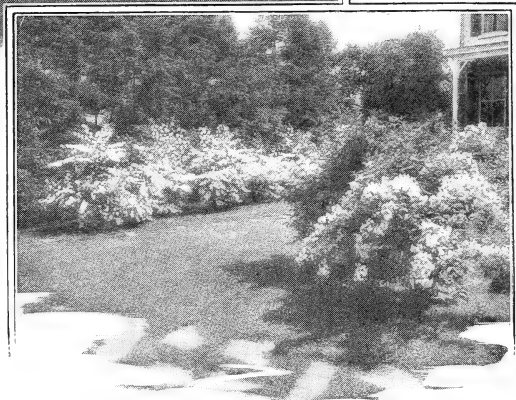
var. variegata. 4 to 5 feet. Long narrow leaves, striped with white.

var. zebrina. 4 to 5 feet. The leaves are marked at regular intervals with spots of yellow. Interesting because of the odd variation that the foliage presents.

VARIEGATED RIBBON GRASS.
PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA VARIEGATA. More dwarf than the *Eulalias*.

JAPAN RUSH. E. JAPONICA. VAR. GRACILLIMUS. 5 to 6 feet. A tall, swaying grass with narrow green leaves, which has brown tassels in late Fall and Winter.

Shrubby screens and borders make the lawn private and beautiful and add to the pleasure it gives you.





Roses—Garden and Bedding Roses

A ROSE-GARDEN, however large or small it may be, can scarcely be excelled in the pleasure it provides. These favorite plants, flowering so freely throughout the Summer and early Fall, beget a love and devotion one never forgets.

Nothing can take the place of the rose; almost every home ground has room for at least a few.

Cultural Notes

Space here does not permit of full cultural instructions, but we shall mention a few suggestions for the growth and welfare of the rose.

PERPETUAL ROSES—Plant these roses so that the bud (enlarged part of main stem just above roots) will set about 2 inches below the ground. Since our roses come from 6-inch pots they may be set out into the garden almost any time during the Spring or Summer; in which case no pruning is required the first season. Each subsequent season, however, they should be cut back to 4 to 6 buds before growth starts in the Spring. Blooms are sacrificed if too much foliage is permitted to grow. Protect a little in Winter with mulch of manure 3 to 4 inches deep.

Hybrid Perpetual Varieties

The prices of all Hybrid Perpetual Roses. Strong, 2-year plants, from pots.

\$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10 \$75.00 per 100

BARON DE BONSTETTIN. Dark, velvety crimson. Large, full and delightfully fragrant. Vigorous habit.

CLIO. Flesh, shaded to rosy pink at center. Large, globular and a free bloomer.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. White American Beauty. A beautiful snow-white rose, very large, full and perfect. Prolific and a strong grower.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. Jack Rose. Brilliant scarlet crimson, very fragrant. An early bloomer.

GEORGE ARENDS. Pink Frau Karl Druschki. Delicate rose color; delightfully scented, large, full and well formed.

HUGH DICKSON. Brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet. Free bloomer, fragrant. A splendid sort.

MAGNA CHARTA. Bright pink, very large and very productive. Good rugged grower.

MRS. JOHN LAING. Delicate pink; a large, prolific, fragrant rose.

PAUL NEYRON. The largest rose among the Hybrid Perpetuals. Deep rose color.

ULRICH BRUNNER. Cherry crimson; fine and large. A free bloomer the entire season.

Tea and Hybrid Tea Varieties

These roses have always been admired for their delightful fragrance and for their delicacy of coloring. They bear more profusely than the Hybrid Perpetuals.

Price of all varieties except where otherwise noted. Strong, 2-year plants, from pots.

\$1.15 each \$10.00 per 10 \$90.00 per 100

CAROLINE TESTOUT. Bright, satiny rose, sweet and very valuable. Recognized by the thorny nature of the plant.

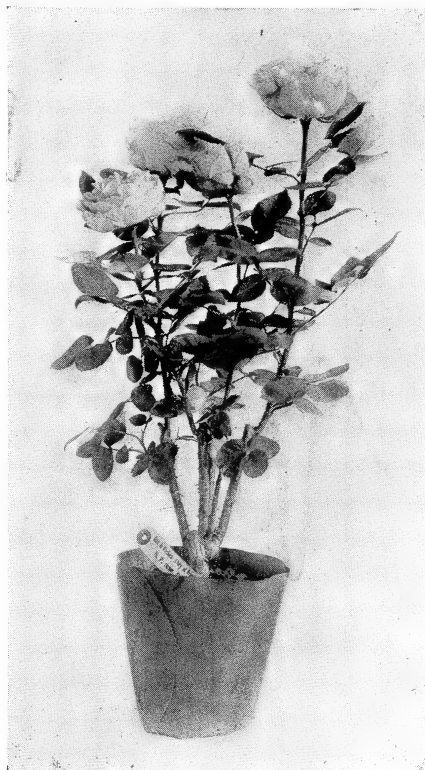
HYBRID TEA ROSES—Plant and prune as instructed for Perpetual Roses. Good underdrainage is quite necessary. Bury 6 inches of rotted manure about 2 feet below the surface of ground where roses are to be planted. Blooming roses require considerable feeding and will respond well to application of fertilizers during the growing season; say one or two handfuls of bone meal to each plant, about every two weeks. Hybrid Tea Roses need protection in Winter north of Philadelphia. Form a dirt mound 6 inches high about the base of each plant and cover bed with a 4-inch layer of light manure or straw—anything that will admit air to the remaining part of the plant. This operation should be done after the first freeze in Autumn.

CLIMBING ROSES—All the varieties of climbing roses listed in this catalogue are hardy and need no particular protection in Winter.

When the vines grow rank and considerably out of bounds, cut out about two-thirds of the old (dark-colored) stems and train those remaining as desired.

Keeping rose plants in a good healthy condition aids considerably in the prevention of diseases.

Why not Potted Roses as birthday and anniversary tokens? Their blossoms, year by year, are fragrant and beautiful reminders of the thought that prompted the gift.



Our garden roses are potted up during the Winter, cut back, and are in prime condition to give you blossoms like these the first season.



COLUMBIA. A new rose with brilliant rose-pink flowers, large, double and lasting.

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON. Flowers large, moderately full; a saffron yellow, especially beautiful in bud. A valuable yellow variety.

FRANCIS SCOTT KEY. Rich crimson-red. Flowers larger than most other Tea Roses. Strong, sturdy plant.

GENERAL McARTHUR. Fine, highly fragrant. A large, bright crimson rose.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. Bright rich scarlet. A very showy, lavish bloomer that will grow almost anywhere.

JONKHEER J. L. MOCK. Brilliant carmine rose with silvery inner petals. Strong, vigorous, valuable for cutting.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. A large, full, white rose. Beautiful shaped buds borne on long stems.

KILLARNEY PINK. A large and continuous bloomer. Flowers flesh-white to pink. Buds long and pointed.

KILLARNEY WHITE. Excellent, pure white. Otherwise similar to the above.

LADY ALICE STANLEY. Deep coral pink with inside petals of pale flesh.

LADY ASHTON. Vigorous, free blooming. A soft pink rose valued for cutting.

LOS ANGELES. Buds long and pointed, expanding into fragrant flowers of immense size. A glowing pink, shaded with gold.

MADAME EDOUARD HERRIAT (DAILY MAIL). Coral red, shaded with yellow. Medium semi-double; a vigorous grower.

MISS LOLITA ARMOUR. Chrome-yellow at base, shading to orange and copper hues. Won first prize at Paris Exhibition, 1921.
\$1.50 each \$12.50 per 10

MRS. A. R. WADDELL. An attractive sort, shading in yellow, orange and salmon. A bushy, prolific grower, splendid in bud and flower.

MRS. AARON WARD. A free continuous bloomer, with medium yellow flowers.

OPHELIA. A very attractive and valuable sort. Salmon pink, shading to rose.

RADIANCE. Considered one of the best roses for the amateur garden. Produces abundance of silvery-pink flowers.

RED RADIANCE. In habit of growth it surpasses its parent. Radiance produces deep red globular flowers from June to frost.

PHARISAER. Large full flowers borne on strong erect plants. Flowers silvery-salmon.

WILLOWMERE. A rich pink, shading to yellow in center; a large full bloom.

Polyantha and Baby Rambler Roses

Baby Ramblers resemble the Climbing or Rambler Roses in flower, hence the name. The plants are quite dwarf and are excellent for edging large rose beds, or in beds by themselves. Cutting off the old blossoms as they fade induces flowers from June until frost.

Strong, 2-year plants, from pots.
\$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10 \$75.00 per 100

KATHERINE ZEMIT. White Baby Rambler. Beautiful white flowers.

MADAME NORBERT LEVAVASSEUR. Crimson Baby Rambler. Compact and dwarf, attaining but 18 inches in height. Flowers the entire season.

ORLEANS. Brilliant rose color, tinted red; white center. A Gold Medal winner.

GRETA KLUIS. Lovely shade of deep pink. Its ability to produce bloom through the Summer commands this variety.

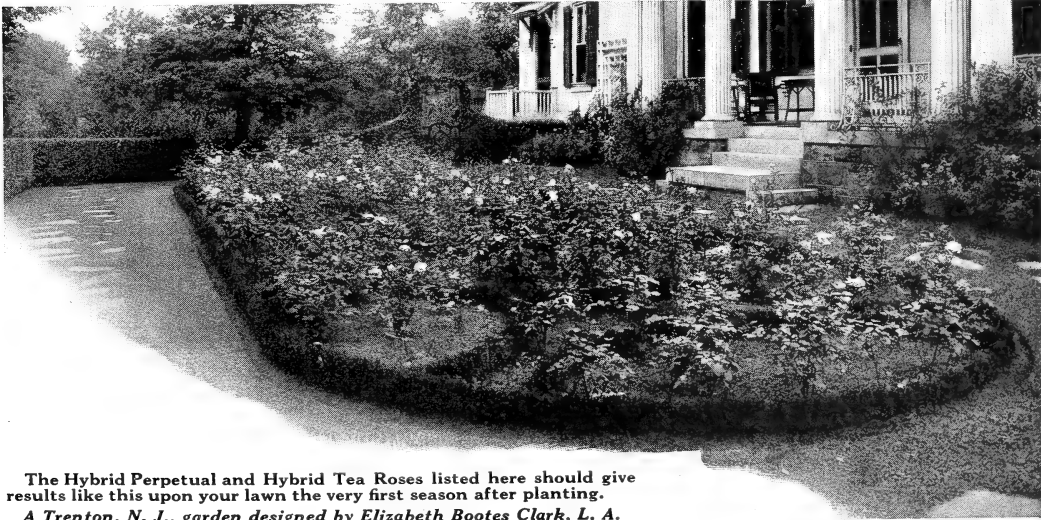
Rambler Roses

Suitable for training over arbors, porches, fences, pergolas and other objects. They all are profuse bloomers, the blossoms literally covering the branches.

Prices of all varieties except when otherwise noted:
\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

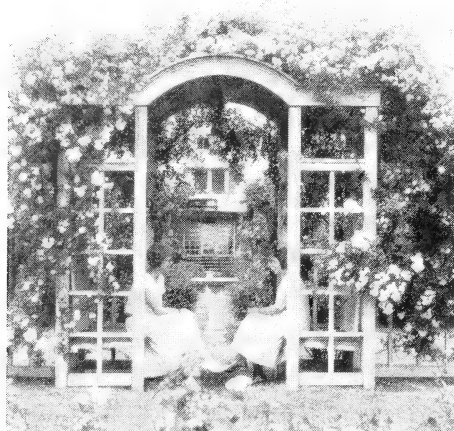
AMERICAN PILLAR. Pink, single flowers borne in immense bunches, and followed by brilliant red berries. A beautiful variety with excellent foliage retained until November.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY. Early flowers of a deep rose carmine, shaded toward the center with rich crimson.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10



The Hybrid Perpetual and Hybrid Tea Roses listed here should give results like this upon your lawn the very first season after planting.
A Trenton, N. J., garden designed by Elizabeth Bootes Clark, L. A.

Prices of all varieties except where otherwise noted: Strong 2-year plants from pots, \$1.15 each, \$10.00 per 10, \$90.00 per 100



As a terminus to your garden walk, as a feature in your Perennial or Rose Garden, or as an Arch over your entrance way, an Arbor of Climbing Roses has a beauty all its own. They are effective, too, trained over your veranda, or along your line or garden fence.

Rambler Roses—Continued

Price, all varieties except when otherwise noted:—
\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

CRIMSON RAMBLER. Well known and popular. Strong, rapid grower covered in season with large and brilliant clusters of crimson flowers.

THOUSAND BEAUTIES (TAUSENSCHON). Semi-double fragrant flowers, in various shades of pink.

YELLOW RAMBLER. Attractive semi-double yellow flowers.

Wichuraiana Hybrid Climbing and Trailing Roses

Through the infusion of the Wichuraiana strain these Roses have particularly good foliage, remaining attractive throughout the Summer.

DOROTHY PERKINS. Very fragrant and lasting, beautiful shell-pink flowers. Bright lustrous foliage. A great favorite.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

DR. VAN FLEET. Flesh pink, shading rosy pink in the center. Very fragrant. A relatively new sort with excellent foliage and beautiful flowers.

\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

EXCELSA (RED DOROTHY PERKINS). Similar to Dorothy Perkins but darker.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

GARDENIA. Hardy Marechal Neil. Beautiful rich buff when in bud; open flowers nearly white.

\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

MAY QUEEN. Large double flowers of a light rose pink. The largest individual flowers of any of our climbing roses.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER. A double, medium-sized rose extremely brilliant in color. A new sort of great merit.

\$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10

SILVER MOON. Extra large single flowers of a brilliant silvery-white with heavy yellow stamens. Excellent foliage.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10 \$50.00 per 100

WHITE DOROTHY PERKINS. Very double, similar to Dorothy Perkins but pure white.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

WICHURAIANA "Memorial Rose." Beautiful, small, glossy, evergreen foliage. Useful for trailing over banks and terraces as it lies close to the ground. Single wax-like flowers in profusion.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10 \$40.00 per 100

Bush Roses

ROSA CAROLINA. Large pink flowers and red fruits. Quite similar to the above.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.75	\$6.00

ROSA MULTIFLORA. White flowers in large clusters. Valued in shrubby plantings of all kinds.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.50	\$3.50
2 to 3 ft.70	5.00

Rosa Rugosa and Its Hybrids

JAPANESE ROSE. ROSA RUGOSA. Beautiful rich green wrinkled foliage. Brilliant single flowers in May and intermittently all Summer, changing to small tomato-like seed vessels.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.80	\$6.00	\$40.00

CONRAD F. MEYERS. A clear, large double rose of silvery color.

\$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10

F. J. GROOTENDORST. A new Hybrid Rugosa. Pink. Blooms from Spring to frost. Dwarf and compact in habit.

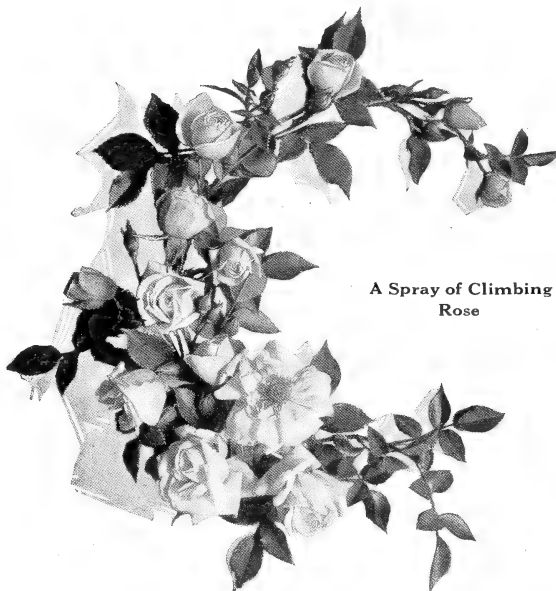
\$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10

SIR THOMAS LIPTON. White Century. Considered the best double white Rugosa Hybrid.

\$1.00 each \$8.50 per 10

NEW CENTURY. Clear pink with light red center, large and double.

\$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10



A Spray of Climbing Rose

Climbing Roses will make of your porch or arbor a shady florescent retreat

Ornamental Vines

C LIMBING vines are as necessary to the comfort and beauty of a home as the trees and shrubs we plant about it. They mature quickly and tone down the stiff, bold angles of new buildings, and give shade and flowers over verandas and trellises. On

steep slopes and banks they prevent erosion. They ramble over unsightly, neglected places and make them beautiful. Some with fragrant and brilliant flowers. Vines are strong, robust growers that require little attention other than to occasionally train them.

Actinidia

ACTINIDIA ARGUTA. A vigorous, rapid-growing Japanese Vine, with glossy, leathery leaves and greenish-white flowers, succeeded by greenish-yellow fruits.

\$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10

Akebia

AKEBIA QUINATA. It is a hardy, quick-growing vine that is graceful and handsome. Has small, five-lobed, half-evergreen leaves and fragrant purplish-brown or chocolate-colored flowers.

\$0.90 each \$7.50 per 10

Ampelopsis

AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA. Virginia Creeper. This is the true Woodbine or "Five-fingered Ivy." Attractive leaves which turn a gorgeous crimson in Autumn.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

A. TRICUSPIDATA VEITCHI. Japanese or Boston Ivy. The tendrils hold tenaciously to any support and the roots find nourishment in the poorest soils. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10 \$35.00 per 100

VAR. LOWI. A new Japanese Ivy, possessing all the good points of the popular Japanese or Boston Ivy. The foliage is much smaller and deeply cut, giving it a beauty not possessed by the old sort. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.80 each \$6.00 per 10

Bignonia—Trumpet Vine

BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA. Chinese Trumpet Vine. July. Orange-red flowers.

\$1.00 each \$8.50 per 10

B. RADICANS. Scarlet Trumpet Vine. July to September. Our native species, with deep scarlet flowers.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

CELASTRIS SCANDENS. Bitter Sweet. One of our native vines of rapid growth. Has rich, dark green foliage; bright red berries in Autumn.

\$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10 \$35.00 per 100

Clematis

CLEMATIS PANICULATA. It is a strong, luxuriant grower, with light green foliage that is handsome in itself. At the close of August innumerable star-like flowers cover the vine in a sheet of fragrant white. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10 \$35.00 per 100

C. JACKMANI. A rich purple variety. Large flowers.

\$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10

C. VIRGINIANA. Virgin's Bower. A native variety with white flowers.

\$0.80 each \$6.00 per 10

Hedera—English Ivy

HEDERA HELIX. English Ivy. A familiar evergreen vine, with thick, dark green foliage. It grows in almost any soil, and is fond of shady places. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10 \$35.00 per 100

Euonymus

EUONYMUS RADICANS. Creeping Euonymus. An evergreen species, with small, glossy leaves. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.60 each \$4.50 per 10 \$30.00 per 100

VAR. CARRIERI. Quite similar to E. radicans. Leaves somewhat more pointed.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

VAR. VARIEGATA. Similar to "radicans," except it has pretty creamy-white markings on the leaves. It can be used for the same purposes. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.60 each \$4.50 per 10 \$30.00 per 100

VAR. VEGETA. This variety has beautiful glossy green leaves that are broader than the other varieties. Strong plants from 4-inch pots.

\$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10 \$35.00 per 100

Lonicera—The Honeysuckles

GOLDEN HONEYSUCKLE. LONICERA JAPONICA VAR. AUREA RETICULATA.

\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10 \$45.00 per 100

HALL'S JAPAN HONEYSUCKLE. VAR. HALLIANA. The favorite variety. Strong, field-grown plants.

\$0.50 each \$3.50 per 10 \$27.50 per 100

Strong plants from 5-inch and 6-inch pots.

\$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10 \$35.00 per 100

LYCIUM CHINENSE. Chinese Matrimony Vine. An inexpensive, graceful growing vine for covering unsightly objects. Strong, field-grown plants.

\$0.50 each \$3.50 per 10

Polygonium

POLYGONIUM BALDSCHUANICUM. White flowers in late Summer. More hardy than Clematis paniculata in cold climates.

\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

PUERARIA THUNBERGIANA. Kudzu Vine. Most rapid-growing vine. Large, dark green leaves; pea-shaped flowers.

\$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10

VINCA MINOR. A familiar evergreen creeper with blue flowers. A splendid ground cover. Strong plants from 3-inch pots.

\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

VITIS CORDIFOLIA. Frost grape.

\$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10

VITIS LABRUSCA. Fox grape.

\$0.75 each \$5.00 per 10

Wisteria—The Wisterias

WISTERIA SINENSIS. Pale blue fragrant flowers in large racemes. Most desirable for pergolas and to climb upon old trees.

\$1.25 each \$10.00 per 10

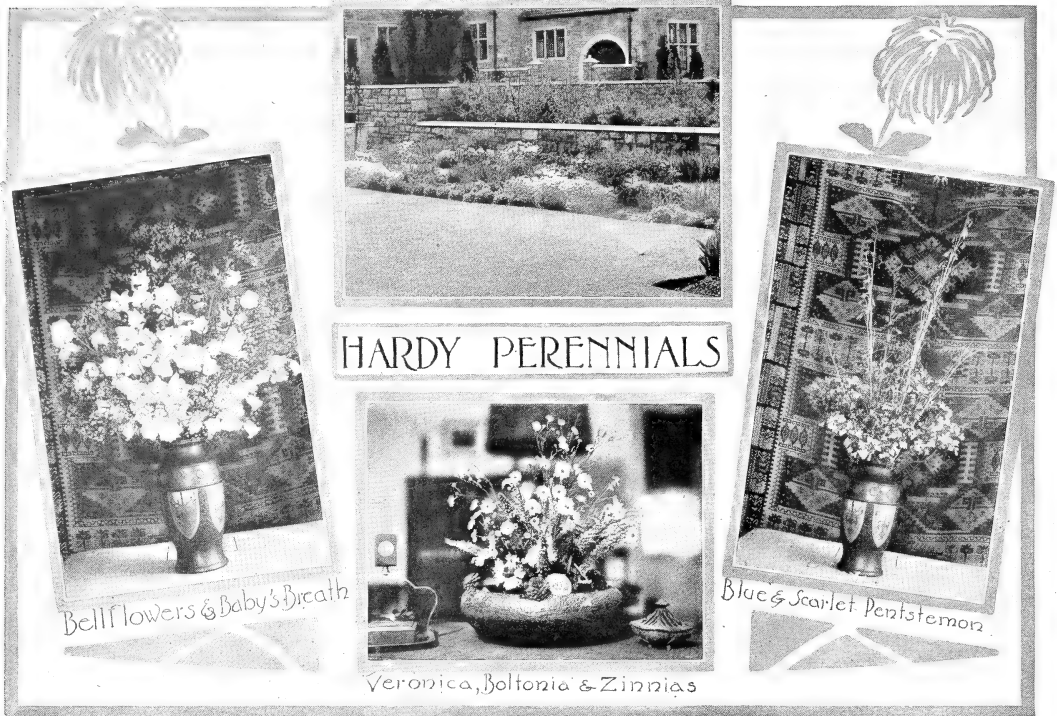
WISTERIA SINENSIS VAR. ALBA. Chinese Wisteria.

\$1.25 each \$10.00 per 10

WISTERIA MULTIJUGA. Long clustered wisteria.

\$1.25 each \$10.00 per 10

Vines give a lot in return for their small cost



Old-fashioned Flowers—Hardy Perennials

IT is no wonder that these old-fashioned, hardy garden flowers continue to increase in popularity, for there is not a time during the whole flowering season when some hardy Perennial is not in bloom, and when, during the late Summer, few flowering shrubs are in blossom, these little plants may be depended upon for an attractive display.

From the Columbines of early April, through the flower pageant of Paeonies, Larkspurs, Foxgloves, Coreopsis, and the Phlox, to the climax of Asters and Chrysanthemums, this story of fragrance and beauty repeats itself year after year, lavishly repaying the owner for the little care and attention which the plants require. With a judicious selection of hardy Perennials in the garden, you have a constant supply of flowers for table and house decoration. They can be planted

almost anywhere—in beds or borders by themselves; as a foreground for shrubby plantings; in rockeries; and, of course, are indispensable in the formal garden. If several plants of one variety are massed together, you will find your Perennial planting much more effective than when a greater number of varieties are used, with only a few plants of each.

The size mentioned in the descriptions indicates the approximate height the plants may be expected to attain at maturity; the months represent the season of bloom. Color descriptions preceded by (R) are in accordance with Ridgway's book on "Color Nomenclature."

Because of their perishable nature, perennials should always be shipped by express, except when delivery within the zone of our auto truck is possible, and all orders for them are accepted by us with that understanding.

Prices of Perennials, except where otherwise noted, are 30 cents each; \$2.50 per 10; \$18.00 per 100

ACHILLEA eupatorium. FERN-LEAVED YARROW. 4 to 5 feet. Has delicately cut foliage; yellow flowers all Summer.

A. millefolium. var. roseum. ROSY MILFOIL. 2 feet. June to August. Finely cut dark green foliage; small flat heads of purplish-red flowers. (R) Amaranth Purple.

A. ptarmica fl. pl. THE PEARL. 2 feet. Irregular clusters of small, double white flowers from June to October.

AGOPODIUM podagraria. var. variegatum. GOUT-WEED. A small, creeping plant with white-margined foliage; especially good for shady places where grass will not grow.
\$0.30 each \$2.50 per 10 \$15.00 per 100

AGROSTEMMA coronaria. DUSTY MILLER. 1½ to 2 feet. June to August. Foliage a powdery silver-grey; velvet-like flowers resemble single garden pinks, varying in color from garnet to deep violet-pink. (R) Amaranth Purple to Rhodamine Purple.

ANCHUSA italica. var. Dropmore. 4 to 5 feet. Tall spikes of gentian-blue flowers in June and July. (R) Smalt Blue. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

A. italica. var. opal. 1½ to 2 feet. Pale blue, very large flowers. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

ANEMONE japonica. var. alba. JAPANESE WIND FLOWER. 2 to 3 feet. Thrives in sun or semi-shade, has large, single, rose-like flowers of pure white from August until frost; excellent for cutting.
\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10



MOON'S PERENNIALS



- A. japonica. var. Queen Charlotte.** 2 to 3 feet. Beautiful silvery-pink flowers from August until frost.
\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10
- A. japonica. var. rubra.** 2 to 3 feet. Rosy red with yellow stamens.
\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10
- ANTHEMIS tinctoria. var. Kelwayi.** GOLDEN MARGUERITE. 2 feet. Daisy-like yellow flowers from June to September. (R) Empire to Barium Yellow.
- ALYSSUM saxatile. var. compactum.** GOLDEN TUFT. 1 foot. Showy, bright yellow flowers in April and May.

Aquilegia—Columbines

Popular old-fashioned flowers that are not particular as to soil, but do best in a moist but well-drained sandy loam. They flower best in a sunny location. The foliage is very attractive all season.

- AQUILEGIA californica hybrid.** 2 to 2½ feet. May to July. A single long-spurred variety of mixed colors, including red, blue, white and yellow.
- A. canadensis American columbine.** 1½ feet. Late April to June. The native sort, bearing red and yellow flowers. Outside petals and spurs (R) Carmine; corolla (R) Citron Yellow.
- A. chrysantha golden columbine.** 2 to 2½ feet. Long-spurred flowers of clear yellow from May to July. (R) Pinard Yellow to Baryta Yellow.
- A. coerulea colorado columbine.** 1½ feet. Large, long-spurred single white flowers, touched with blue. May.
- A. flabellata. fan columbine var. nana alba.** 6 to 10 inches. Short-spurred, single white flowers in May.
- ARABIS alpina.** ROCK CRESS. 6 inches. A very low-spreading plant completely covered with pure white flowers in April and May.
- ARMERIA formosa (Statice).** SEA-PINK OR THRIFT. 1 to 1½ feet. Small, globular heads of tiny pink flowers spring from rosettes of narrow evergreen leaves from April to August. Excellent for rock gardens or edgings. (R) "Mallow Pink."
- ARMERIA maritima var. alba.** SEA THRIFT. 1 to 1½ feet. April to August. Tiny white flowers in dense heads, with tufts of narrow evergreen leaves.
- A. maritima splendens.** Flowers a bright rose-pink. (R) Rose Color.
- ASCLEPIAS tuberosa.** BUTTERFLY WEED. 2 feet. A native plant bearing large, brilliant, orange-colored flowers in July and August. Attractive seed-pods appear in September.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

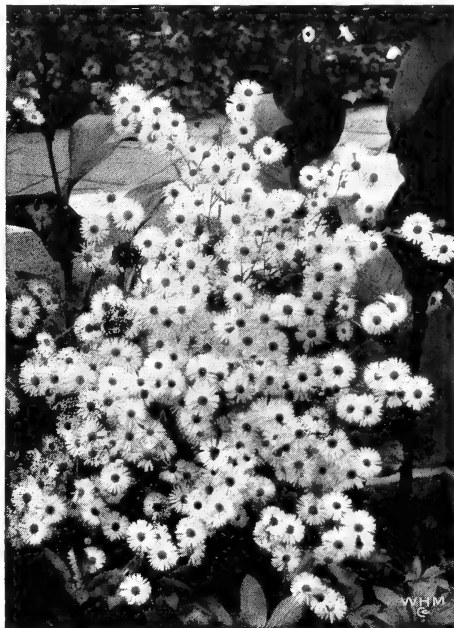
Asters

- ASTERS (Hardy Perennial Types).** Showy plants that grow from 3 to 5 feet high, with myriads of tiny, bright-colored, daisy-like flowers in September and October. Very desirable for mass planting or for use in sylvan or natural landscapes.
- A. Gertrude.** 1½ to 2 feet. More dwarf than the other varieties, with flowers of a clear lilac-blue. (R) Pale Campanula Blue to Light Campanula Blue.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100
- A. novae angliae.** NEW ENGLAND ASTER. 3 to 5 feet. Flowers of a rich violet are very large and showy.
- A. Robert Parker.** 2 to 2½ feet. Flowers a clear, pale lilac, with yellow centers. (R) Light Mauve to Pale Mauve.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100
- A. tatarius.** TATARIANA ASTER. 4 to 6 feet. One of the showiest and best. Flower stems rigid, with flowers of clear lilac.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

Astilbe

The plume-like panicles of feathery bloom make these some of the most attractive of the Perennials. They thrive in sun or partial shade, and do best in rich, moist soils.

- ASTILBE chinensis.** CHINESE ASTILBE. 1½ feet. Bears light rose-pink flowers in August. (R) Pale Rhodonite Pink.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$25.00 per 100



For the background of the Perennial garden, the *Boltonia* is well suited. Its profusely-borne Aster-like flowers are excellent for cutting. Note illustration opposite.

- A. japonica.** 1 to 2 feet. Feathery panicles of pure white flowers in June.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$25.00 per 100
- A. lobata. var. Venusta.** 1½ to 2 feet. Irregular, spiky panicles of pink flowers in August. (R) Rose Pink.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$25.00 per 100
- A. palmatum elegans.** 1½ feet. Dainty, irregular panicles of pinkish-white flowers in August; slightly fragrant.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$25.00 per 100
- A. ulmaria alba plena.** 1½ to 2 feet. July. Double white flowers.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$25.00 per 100
- BOLTONIA asteroides.** 5 feet. In their season the *Boltonias* are one of our showiest herbaceous plants. They resemble the *Asters* in form, but bloom earlier and more profusely. White. August to September.
- B. latisquama.** 5 to 6 feet. A pale pink variety. (R) Phlox Pink.

Plant Perennials this year in the flower bed where you have been using Annuals. Each year you have to replace the Annuals, whereas the Perennials come up season after season with very little work or expense.



Campanula—Bellflowers

These hardy well-known herbaceous plants deserve a place in every Perennial planting, and especially in old-fashioned flower borders. They are of easy culture, and thrive in almost any soil. Their bell-shaped flowers of various colors add a great deal to the appearance of your garden in June and July.

CAMPANULA carpatica. CARPATHIAN BELLFLOWER. 6 to 8 inches. Blue bells borne delicately above tufts of attractive foliage in continuous profusion during the Summer. (R) Lavender Violet.

var. *alba*. Pure white flowers.

C. medium. CANTERBURY BELLS. Panicles of large bells in pink, blue and white. Plants assorted, cannot be supplied by color. 3 feet. June and July.

var. *calycanthema*. CUP AND SAUCER CANTERBURY BELLS. 2 feet. Large, rather unusual flowers in purple, pink and white, which resemble a cup and saucer. Plants assorted.

CARYOPTERIS incana. BLUEBEARD. A shrubby plant growing about 1½ to 2 feet high. Valued for its wealth of clear, blue flowers during September. Needs Winter protection north of Washington, D. C. (R) Pale Violet Blue.

\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10

CENTAUREA montana. MOUNTAIN BLUET. 1½ feet. Violet-blue flowers from June to September. (R) Light Violet.

\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

var. *alba*. Pure white flowers.

\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

CERASTIUM tomentosum. 10 inches. Snow-in-Summer. The dense carpet of silvery foliage which this plant bears is almost covered by the myriads of tiny white flowers through May and June. Good for Rock Gardens.

Hardy Chrysanthemums

THESE showy and effective favorites will help to extend the flowering season of your Perennial garden, blooming profusely in October and resisting the early frosts. They thrive best in a rich, well-drained soil and attain a height of from 2 to 3 feet. They may be depended upon to bloom and are excellent as a cut flower for indoor decoration. For Winter protection, do not cover with a heavy mulch of manure, but rather use some light covering of straw or leaves.



It's easy to have masses of flowers in your own garden, and the pleasure they give is boundless. Bouquets you yourself have arranged from flowers from your own garden have a particular sentiment and charm.

Price of Chrysanthemums listed below except where noted:

\$0.30 each \$2.00 per 10 \$15.00 per 100

Pompon Chrysanthemums

Blushing Bride. Pale pink.

Clara. A semi-double variety, cream-white with yellow center.

Countess Egmont. Single, amber-bronze, light toward the center.

\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$22.50 per 100

Fashion. White, shading toward straw-colored near center.

Julia Lagravere. A late variety of rich garnet color. (R) Ox-blood Red.

May Suydam. A dwarf variety with beautiful old-gold flowers.

Patterson. A clear yellow. (R) Lemon chrome.

Queen of the Whites. Large white flowers.

Sunset. Bronze-yellow. (R) Empire Yellow, overlaid with bronze.

Button Chrysanthemums

Brown Bessie. Mahogany brown.

Eagle d'Or. Clear yellow. (R) Lemon chrome.

Early Flowering Chrysanthemums

Blanche Neige. Buds are (R) Lemon Yellow, opening to pure white flowers, with pale yellow centers.

L'Argenteuillois. Outer petals carmine red, inner petals old gold. (R) Carmine Red.

La Garonne. Ox-blood red, a beautiful variety.

Lillian Doty. Compact flowers of a light lilac-pink.

Mrs. W. E. Buckingham. Single pink flowers, with daisy-like yellow centers.

Mrs. H. F. Vincent. Double flower, fawn and bronze with salmon-pink shading.

\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$22.50 per 100

Mrs. Clifford Brigham. Flowers almost scarlet. Lighter tint toward center.

\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$22.50 per 100

Primavere. Outer petals very pale yellow, centers lemon yellow. (R) Marguerite Yellow.

White Doty. Pure white flowers, medium size.

Prices of Perennials, except where otherwise noted, are 30 cents each; \$2.50 per 10; \$18.00 per 100



A happily arranged Perennial Garden. It suggests how readily Hardy Flowers fit into the curves or angles of walks or drives and transform them into coves or bays of flowering beauty.

CHRYSANTHEMUM maximum. (Shasta Daisy.) A very free flowering plant with large and showy, daisy-like flowers. Flowers are white with yellow centers.

\$0.30 each \$2.50 per 10 \$18.00 per 100

CLEMATIS heracleaefolia. 2 to 3 feet. A shrub-like plant, with large leaves and hyacinth-like clusters of small light blue flowers during August and September. (R) Pallid Bluish-Violet.

var. davidiana. 4 feet. Fragrant tube clematis. Flowers of a darker blue and with the fragrance of orange blossoms. (R) Light Bluish-Violet. Stems need a slight support.

CONVALLARIA majalis. LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY. The old-time favorite, which loves the shade and deep rich soil, and grows successfully under the trees. 6 inches. May.

\$0.50 each \$3.50 per 10 \$25.00 per 100

COREOPSIS lanceolata. 2 to 3 feet. Bright yellow flowers resembling those of the Cosmos in form. June and July. (R) Light Cadmium.

Delphinium—Larkspur

These stately flowers differ from all others in their appealing charm. The rare beauty of their varying shades that range through white and turquoise blue to the deepest indigo and violet would add a glory to any garden.

Price of all varieties:

\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

DELPHINIUM belladonna. Tall stately spikes of beautiful light blue flowers in June and July. 2½ to 3 feet. (R) Forget-me-not Blue.

D. chinense. 1 to 1½ feet. A dwarf variety, with finely cut foliage and flowers in varying shades of violet, blue and white. (R) Spectrum Violet, Smalt Blue, and Sky Blue. June and July.

D. formosum. Dark blue, white-eyed flowers, on tall, straight spikes, 2 to 3 feet. June and July. (R) Phenyl Blue.

D. Gold Medal Hybrids. Single and double flowers on spikes 2 feet long, and in various shades of blue and purple.

DIANTHUS barbatus. SWEET WILLIAM. 1½ to 2 feet. Flower clusters of red, pink and white, with many color variations in mixed colors.

D. deltoides. MAIDEN PINK. 6 to 10 inches. Tiny, single flowers like miniature pinks, borne above the dense carpet of foliage. (R) Tyrian Pink.

D. latifolius atrococcineus fl. pl. Flowers are fragrant, and of a dark velvety carmine color. Bloom continuously throughout the Summer. 8 inches. (R) Pomegranate Purple.

DIANTHUS. (The Hardy Pinks.) The good old-fashioned "Pinks" so frequently found in "Grandmother's" garden. Of rather dwarf habit, and their delightfully spicy fragrance scents the garden in May and June. The foliage is attractive throughout the season, and they are especially useful for edging Perennial Borders.

DIANTHUS plumarius. var. Cyclops. Single violet-pink flowers with carmine center. (R) Amaranth Pink.

var. Diamond. Excellent foliage and unusually fragrant white flowers, almost equal in size and beauty to the cultivated carnation.

var. Excelsior. Large, double flowers of lilac-pink. (R) Amaranth Pink.

var. Her Majesty. Double white flowers, with fringed petals.

var. Homer. Violet-pink flowers with fringed petals. (R) Amaranth Pink.

var. Juliette. Double flowers, having white petals edged with maroon.

var. Lord Byron. Small, very double flowers of deep violet-pink. (R) Tyrian Pink.



Digitalis—Foxglove

The Foxgloves are stately old-fashioned biennials with tall spires of drooping bells that grow 4 to 5 feet in height. Effective at the back of the border or massed in semi-shady locations. June and July.

Digitalis ambigua. Spikes of palest yellow.

D. gloxinaeflora. Finely spotted varieties.

var. *alba*. White, finely spotted brown inside.

var. *purpurea*. Purple.

var. *rosea*. Rose color.

EUPATORIUM ageratoides. 3 to 4 feet. A native bushy plant, bearing clusters of tiny white flowers, which does well in shady borders and woodland plantings. August and September.

E. coelestinum. MIST FLOWER. 18 to 24 inches. Azure blue flowers from August until frost.

E. purpureum. 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Immense, flat clusters of soft grayish old-rose flowers. (R) Tourmaline Pink.

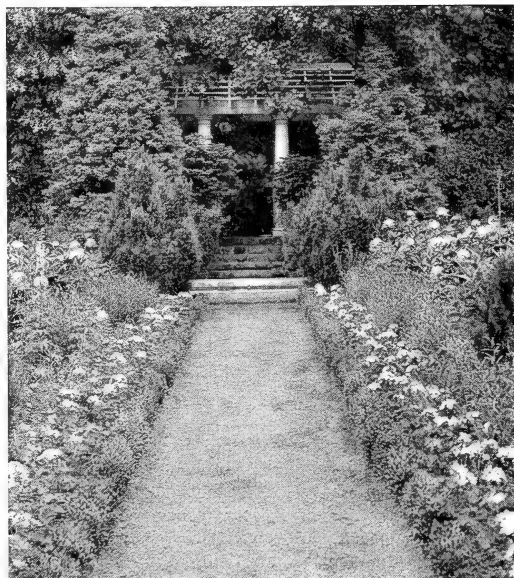
EUPHORBIA corollata. FLOWERING SPURGE. 18 inches. June to August. White flowers with small green eye. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

HARDY FERNS. These are especially valuable for shady locations and damp soils where other things will not grow. \$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

DICENTRA spectabilis. BLEEDING HEART. 1 to 2 feet. Another old-time favorite. Its arching stems bear drooping heart-shaped flowers of white and old rose. Valuable for planting in the shade. (R) Deep Rose Pink. May to July. \$0.75 each \$6.50 per 10



The Perennial border is always interesting, from the moment the first tender shoot appears in Spring. Continual bloom throughout the open months can readily be provided by careful selection of varieties.



As borders to your entrance walk, your garden walk, or to your drive, Perennials are almost always appropriate.

FUNKIA. (Hosta.) PLANTAIN LILY. The plantain lily is a very useful Perennial, which is suitable for almost any part of the garden-borders, rock-work or marshy ground. Both the foliage and flowers are conspicuous, so even when not in bloom the plants are attractive. The flower spikes, borne in August, are about 1½ to 3 feet high.

F. alba marginata. White-margined leaves, and white flowers penciled with palest mauve. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

F. aurea variegata. Variegated yellow and green leaves, white flowers tinged with mauve. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

F. coerulea. 3 feet. Blue. Broad green leaves. June. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

F. lancifolia. Narrow leaves, panicles of white flowers overlaid with (R) Deep Lavender. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

F. sieboldiana. Tinted white flowers. 2 to 3 feet. July. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

F. subcordata. var. *grandiflora*. Large full clumps of handsome foliage, with large, fragrant, pure white flowers, distinguish this as the best of the Funkias. \$0.50 each \$3.50 per 10

F. undulata media picta. Variegated green and white leaves, with attractive purple flowers. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

GAILLARDIA grandiflora. BLANKET FLOWER. 2 feet. These daisy-shaped flowers with orange tipped petals shading to scarlet in the center are most attractive from June until frost. (R) Scarlet Red and Cadmium Yellow.

GEUM coccineum. (AVENS.) 1 foot. Flowers (R) Scarlet Red, in May to July.

GILLENIA trifoliata. BOWMAN'S ROOT. May and June. Star-shaped white flowers. \$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

GYSOPHYLA paniculata. BABY'S BREATH. 3 to 4 feet. Innumerable tiny white flowers, lightly touched with pink, borne in light, feathery panicles during July and August.

Prices of Perennials, except where otherwise noted, are 30 cents each; \$2.50 per 10; \$18.00 per 100



HELENIUM. (False Sunflower.) Very desirable as a background for Perennial borders, where in September their tall flower-laden stems show off to best advantage.

All varieties listed below:

\$0.40 each

\$3.50 per 10

H. autumnale syn. **gdf.** Sneeze Weed. 4 to 5 feet. Flowers yellow in September.

H. autumnale superbum. 5 feet. Flowers a light orange, lightly touched with bronze, with prominent yellow centers. (R) Cadmium Yellow.

var. rubrum. Bronze-colored flowers with center of dull orange.

H. Riverton Beauty. 3 feet. Golden yellow flowers, with dark brown centers.

HELIOPSIS pitcheriana. 3 feet. A bushy plant, with orange-colored flowers about 2 inches in diameter from July to October. (R) Light Cadmium.

HELIANTHUS. (Perennial Sunflowers.)

All varieties:

\$0.30 each

\$2.00 per 10

\$15.00 per 100

H. maximiliana. 5 to 6 feet. A late and most desirable sort, with large flowers in clusters, that are excellent for cutting.

H. mollis. **HAIRY SUNFLOWER.** 3 to 5 feet. Large solitary yellow flowers, with rough, grayish leaves. (R) Empire Yellow.

H. Soleil d'Or. A double variety. Resembles the quilled dahlia in form.

\$0.35 each

\$2.50 per 10

H. Wolly Dod. A fine variety, bearing an abundance of single yellow flowers in September.

HEMEROCALLIS. (The Yellow Day Lilies.) Popular, hardy plants that are a valuable addition to any collection. They thrive in most soils, but feel especially at home near streams or in partially shaded places.

H. florham. 3½ feet. Fragrant flowers of a clear (R) Amber Yellow in June and July.

\$0.35 each

\$3.00 per 10

\$20.00 per 100

H. fulva. **TAWNY DAY LILY.** 2 to 3 feet. Flowers of (R) Salmon Orange, overlaid with (R) Coral Red. June and July.

\$0.35 each

\$3.00 per 10

\$20.00 per 100

var. flore pleno. A double flowering variety of the above.

\$0.35 each

\$3.00 per 10

\$20.00 per 100

H. thunbergi. 3 feet. Medium-sized flowers of bright, buttercup yellow in June and July.

\$0.35 each

\$3.00 per 10

\$20.00 per 100

HESPERIS matronalis. **DAME'S ROCKET.** 2½ feet. Showy spikes of fragrant purple flowers, which thrive in sun or semi-shade. (R) Phlox Purple.

HEUCHERA sanguinea. **CORALBELLS.** 1½ feet. A graceful plant with tiny bell-shaped flowers drooping from an arched stem. Gay and pretty for rock or cultivated garden. Color varies from (R) Rose Red to Begonia Rose. May to September.

HOLLYHOCKS. Everyone knows these garden plants with their colossal spikes of bloom, 4 to 6 feet high. They make a very effective background for the Perennial border, and are also good when planted among the shrubs. In colonies about the house foundation and in garden corners, they can scarcely be equaled.

Double Flowering Hollyhocks. The flowers of these varieties are very perfect in form and preferred by most planters; colors, Red, Pink, Yellow and White.

\$0.35 each

\$3.00 per 10

\$20.00 per 100

HIBISCUS. **MALLOW MARVELS.** A strong, robust plant resembling the hollyhock. Deep-cut foliage, flowers red, pink and white.

\$0.40 each

\$3.50 per 10

Hypericum or St. John's-Wort

These shrub-like plants are distinctive both in foliage and flower. Against the dark, glossy green of their leaves is set, in charming contrast, the gold of the large, waxy flowers. They grow in sun or semi-shade, and bloom during July and August. Not dependably hardy north of Philadelphia.

H. moserianum. **GOLDFLOWER.** 2 feet. A bushy variety and handsome for use in the shrub border.

\$0.35 each

\$2.50 per 10

IBERIS sempervirens. **HARDY CANDYTUFT.** A beautiful dwarf plant, with pure white flowers in April and May. Especially good for edging borders. 8 to 10 inches.

IRIS (Fleur-de-lis). **GERMAN IRIS.** It is hardly necessary to describe this well-known family of Fleur-de-lis, which are sometimes called Hardy Orchids because of the richness and beauty of the flowers. They vary in height from 2 to 3 feet, blossoming in June in exquisite shades of purple, lavender, blue, yellow and pure white.

IRIS kaempferi. **JAPANESE IRIS.** Their flowers are of the largest in cultivation, and sometimes measure 8 to 10 inches in diameter. They do best in rich, moist soil, which must be well drained, as water standing over them in Winter is fatal. When used in connection with the Fleur-de-lis, the flowering season is greatly extended, as the Japanese varieties do not bloom until late in June. We offer these in separate varieties with flowers in varying shades of white, blue, purple and violet.

Price of all varieties:

\$0.40 each

\$3.50 for 10

\$25.00 for 100



Flowers of Peony-like beauty deck the stately spikes of Double Hollyhocks. Use them in the background of Perennial borders and low growing shrubberies. Against pergolas and arbors they are equally effective.



MOON'S PERENNIALS



Iris Siberica—Siberian Iris

A variety distinguished by its tall, grass-like foliage and clustered violet-colored flowers that are borne on numerous slender stems. They reach a height of from 2 to 3 feet and bloom from May to June. Adapted for mass and water-side planting. (R) Raisin Purple, veined with white.

Snow Queen. White Siberian Iris.

LATHYRUS latifolius. PERENNIAL SWEET PEA. This vine-like plant, growing from 8 to 10 feet, has pea-shaped flowers of deep violet-pink, borne in loose clusters from July to September. (R) Mallow Purple.

\$0.40 each \$3.50 per 10

L. THE PEARL. White flowers, otherwise much like the above.

\$0.40 each \$3.50 per 10

LIATRIS elegans. BLAZING STAR or GAY FEATHER. 4 to 5 feet. Tall spikes of deep lilac bloom which are very distinctive. July and August.

LINUM perenne. PERENNIAL FLAX. Foliage and bloom are light and feathery. Flowers of delicate blue, borne in profusion from mid-May to September. (R) Chicory Blue.

LYCHNIS chalcidonica. MALTESE CROSS. 3 feet. Flowers borne in round terminal heads, in arrangement of petals resemble the Maltese Cross.

L. viscaria fl. pl. 6 inches. Numerous spikes of light violet-red flowers in June. 1 to 1½ feet high.

LYSIMACHIA clethroides. Terminal spikes of small, white flowers. July and August.

\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

L. nummularia. A small creeping plant, bearing single flowers of light yellow in profusion, in May and June.

MONARDA didyma splendens. OSWEGO TEA. 3 to 4 feet. June and July. Bright scarlet flower heads. (R) Scarlet Red.

var. violaceae. Flowers are light violet-red, approaching (R) Rhodamine Purple.

MYOSOTIS palustris. **var. semperflorens.** 8 to 10 inches. The old-fashioned Forget-me-not which blooms so profusely from May to September, the tiny blue flowers having a very appealing charm.

OENOTHERA fruticosa. **var. youngi.** 1 to 1½ feet. A bushy red-stemmed variety, distinguished by its dark, rich green leaves. The golden yellow flowers are very fragrant. June and July. (R) Lemon Chrome.

O. missouriensis. 1 to 1½ feet. June to August. Large golden yellow flowers. (R) Picric Yellow.

O. speciosa. 1½ feet. A pure white variety, with exceptionally large, slightly fragrant flowers.

PAPAVER orientalis. ORIENTAL POPPY. 3 feet. These immense scarlet flowers give an accent note to the flower garden in June and July.

P. nudicaule. ICELAND POPPIES. 1 foot. Mixed colors of white, yellow and deep orange, blooming from May to October.

PACHYSANDRA terminalis. JAPANESE SPURGE. An evergreen ground cover with attractive dark green leaves, valuable for planting in shady places where grass will not grow. When once established, it becomes a veritable mat, completely covering the ground.

\$0.20 each \$1.50 per 10 \$12.00 per 100
\$90.00 per 1000

Perennials for the Rock Garden

COLOR							SPECIES		SEASON					
White	Pink	Yellow	Orange	Red	Blue	Purple			April	May	June	July	August	Sept.
							Botanical Name	Common Name						
							<i>Alyssum saxatile</i>	Goldentuft						
							<i>Aquilegia in variety</i>	Columbine						
							<i>Arabis alpina</i>	Rockcress						
							<i>Armeria maritima splendens</i>	Sea thrift						
							<i>Campanula carpatica</i>	Bellflower						
							<i>Campanula carpatica alba</i>	White bellflower						
							<i>Cerastium tomentosum</i>	Snow in summer						
							<i>Daphne oenocrum</i>	Rose capane						
							<i>Delphinium chinense</i>	Larkspur						
							<i>Dianthus deltoides</i>	Maiden pink						
							<i>Ferns in variety</i>	For sun and shade						
							<i>Geum atrosanguineum</i>	Avens						
							<i>Helianthemum in variety</i>	Sunrose						
							<i>Heuchera</i>	Alumroot						
							<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>	Evergreen candytuft						
							<i>Iris germanica</i>	German iris						
							<i>Iris japonica</i>	Japanese iris						
							<i>Linum perenne</i>	Perennial flax						
							<i>Oenothera missouriensis</i>	Missouri primrose						
							<i>Oenothera youngi</i>	Yellow evening primrose						
							<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>	Japanese spurge						
							<i>Papaver nudicaule</i>	Iceland poppy						
							<i>Phlox divaricata</i>	Blue phlox						
							<i>Phlox ovata</i>	Carolina phlox						
							<i>Phlox subulata</i>	Moss phlox						
							<i>Phlox subulata alba</i>	White moss phlox						
							<i>Phlox subulata lilacina</i>	Lavender moss phlox						
							<i>Primula in variety</i>	Primroses						
							<i>Saxifrage in variety</i>	Saxifrage						
							<i>Sedum in variety</i>	Stonecrop						
							<i>Statice latifolia</i>	Sea lavender						
							<i>Tunica saxifrage</i>	Saxifrage-like tunica						
							<i>Vinca minor</i>	Periwinkle						

Prices of Perennials, except where otherwise noted, are 30 cents each; \$2.50 per 10; \$18.00 per 100



Paeonies

NEXT to Roses, these are certainly the most popular of the June flowers. They are well adapted for massing in beds, and particularly valuable for planting in groups throughout the Perennial and Shrub border. Their great flowers are perfectly formed, and some are as fragrant and as delicately colored as a Rose. They are perfectly hardy, increase in beauty year after year as they mature, and when planted in rich, deep soil and given a sunny position, they are sure to add a great deal to the attractiveness of your lawn or garden. Ultimate height of most varieties 2 to 3 feet.

Pink Paeonies

Albert Crousse. Large, full and compact heads of delicate rose-pink.
\$1.25 each \$10.00 per 10

Auguste Villaume. Very large, brilliant, deep rose-pink. Late flowering and valued for extending the season of bloom.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

Monsieur Boucharlataine. Large, compact flower. Deep rose-pink with bluish tint. Quite showy in the open.
\$1.25 each \$10.00 per 10

Insignis. Outer petals deep cream, shading to rose-pink toward center.
\$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10

Souvenir de l'Exposition Universelle. Large flat heads, of a brilliant rose-pink, very lightly tipped with silver.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

Triomphe de l'Exposition de Lille. Large, compact heads of beautiful rose-pink, slightly fragrant.
\$1.25 each \$10.00 per 10

Red Paeonies

Felix Crousse. Exceptionally perfect in form and color, the clear brilliant red of the Jack Rose.
\$1.25 each \$10.00 per 10

L'Eclatante. Large, dark, rich rose-red, with slightly purplish tinge.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10 \$60.00 per 100

Rubra Triumphans. Large globular flowers of dark garnet.
\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

Augustin d'Hour. Medium to large, beautiful dark rose-red.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

Louis Van Houttei. Medium, very loose in structure, showing the yellow stamens when in full bloom. A rich red rose.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

White and Tinted Paeonies

Canari. Medium heads. Outside petals large, tinted pink; central petals narrower and pale yellow or cream.
\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

Delachei. Large compact flowers. Blooms late in season. Slightly tinged with violet.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

Duchesse de Nemours. Medium size. Center is tinted a pale lemon yellow, with guards of the purest white.
\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

Duke of Wellington. White fragrant flowers, larger than most varieties.
\$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10

Festiva Maxima. Very large, double, full and fragrant. The guard petals are faint pink, fading to white, center is cream prominently flecked with carmine.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10

Golden Harvest. Outer petals delicate pink, center clear cream.
\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

La Tulipe. Medium to large. Compact blooms of pale lilac-pink sometimes marked with carmine.
\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10

Madame Coste. Medium to large. Guard petals a very pale pink, center yellowish cream, fading to cream white and flecked with carmine.
\$0.50 each \$4.00 per 10

Madame Jules Calot. Large, the center palest pink and cream white, the guards light cameo-pink.
\$0.75 each \$6.00 per 10 \$50.00 per 100

Marie Lemoine. Large compact head, color a deep cream, occasionally carmine tipped. A late flowering variety.
\$1.00 each \$7.50 per 10 \$60.00 per 100

Queen Victoria. Large loose heads, with a beautiful coloring of palest pink and yellow, fading to cream white.
\$0.60 each \$5.00 per 10 \$40.00 per 100

Single Paeonies

Price, all varieties:
\$1.25 each \$10.00 per 10

Dr. Edgar Pleas. Large and attractive with yellow center surrounded by petals of lilac pink (R) Amaranth Pink, fading lighter.

Takaradama. White with prominent yellow stamens.

Have you read the introductory pages? There is much information there to help you get the most dividends from your money invested in plants.



Pentstemon—Beard Tongue

Border plants from whose erect flower spikes droop tubular, bearded blossoms.

Pentstemon barbatus var. *Torreyi*. 4 to 5 feet. Scarlet flowers. July and August.

P. barbatus var. *coerulea*. 18 inches. Large individual flowers with throat of (R) Pansy Violet and a lip of (R) Gentian Blue. June and July.

PLUMBAGO larpentae. LEAD WORT. 8 inches. A low, spreading plant, with a profusion of (R) Dull Violet Blue flowers toward the latter part of the Summer. Thrives in shady places. Good for Rock Gardens.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

PRIMULA veris. COWSLIP. 6 to 12 inches. Clustered flowers above tiny rosettes of foliage in yellows, bronze and reds.

PYRETHRUM. PAINTED DAISY. 2 feet. June and July. The plants we offer have flowers shading through whites and pinks to carmine.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

P. uliginosum. 4 to 5 feet. Large, pure white flowers that are almost 3 inches in diameter. July and August.

Phlox

PHLOX DECUSSATA, syn. PANICULATA. During the dry, hot Summer weather, when vegetation generally looks at its worst, these plants can be depended upon to brighten the garden with their brilliant blooms.

Price of vigorous plants in varieties listed below except where otherwise noted.

\$0.30 each \$2.00 per 10 \$15.00 per 100

Aurora Borealis. A very tall variety, with brilliant deep pink flowers. (R) Tyrian Rose.

Beacon. Cherry-red, medium height.

Champs Elysees. Violet-red, between (R) Aster Purple and Rhodamine Purple.

Eclaireau. Light violet-pink, with red eye. (R) Mal-low Purple.

Elizabeth Campbell. An excellent, clear, deep pink with a pale violet eye. (R) Begonia Rose.
\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

Europea. A beautiful variety; pure white flower with bright crimson eye. A tall variety.

F. G. van Lassburg. A beautiful pure white, one of the best white varieties that we offer. Tall growing.

General van Heutz. Individually large and showy flowers the color of crushed strawberries. (R) Deeper than Begonia Rose.

Peachblow. Delicate pink. (R) Rose Pink. Fine foliage and beautiful flowers.

Pearl. Beautiful pure white flowers in extra large heads.

Various Phlox

Phlox ovata, syn. carolina. MOUNTAIN PHLOX. Grows about 1 foot with masses of purplish-pink flowers in June.

P. suffruticosa, var. Miss Lingard. A superior variety, with attractive foliage, and white flowers shading to delicate pink, borne in profusion during June.
\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

Phlox Subulata—Moss or Mountain Pink

A creeping variety with moss-like evergreen foliage, which is completely hidden during flowering time with masses of bloom. Splendid for ground cover in barren places, for rockeries, or for edging Perennial borders.

Price of all varieties:

\$0.25 each \$2.00 per 10 \$15.00 per 100

PHLOX subulata. Flowers dark pink.

var. *alba*. White.

var. *lilacina*. Light blue.

PHYSOSTEGIA virginica. FALSE DRAGONHEAD. 3 feet. (R) Soft Phlox Pink, in tall full spikes that bloom continuously from July to September.

P. virginica alba. 3 feet. Much the same as the above, but has pure white flowers.

PLATYCODON grandiflora. BALLOON FLOWER. Large, wide-open, bell-shaped flowers of violet-blue which are borne continuously from July to September. Unusually attractive, (R) Light Violet and darker. 2 feet.

var. *alba*. White.

RANUNCULUS acris fl. pl. BUTTERCUP. Similar in color and form to our native Buttercup, but with very double flowers. (R) Empire Yellow.

RUDBECKIA laciniata fl. pl. GOLDEN GLOW. From July to September golden-yellow dahlia-like flowers are borne on the tall swaying stems.

\$0.30 each \$2.00 per 10 \$15.00 per 100

R. speciosa. 2 feet. Large orange-colored flowers with black centers, resembling the Black-eyed Susans. June to September. (R) Light Cadmium.

SILENE schafta. AUTUMN CATCHFLY. 6 inches. A good plant for the rock garden, bearing small violet-pink flowers from June to September. (R) Light Mallow Purple.



A bouquet of *Gaillardia* and *Astilbe*. It is well to have both large and small-flowering plants in the garden because of the pleasing effect of their contrast both there and as cut flowers for indoor decoration.

Prices of Perennials, except where otherwise noted, are 30 cents each; \$2.50 per 10; \$18.00 per 100



MOON'S PERENNIALS



STATICE latifolia. SEA LAVENDER. 18 inches. A profusion of tiny lavender flowers, borne in light airy panicles from July to September. (R) Deep Lavender.

STOKESIA cyanea. STOKES' ASTER. 1½ feet. Large flowers, somewhat resembling the China Aster, from June to October, in shades of (R) Pale Violet.
var. alba. White flowers.

Salvia azure. var. grandiflora. BLUE SAGE. 3 to 4 feet. A profusion of long spikes of blue flowers during August and September. (R) Campanula Blue.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

SAXIFRAGA crassifolia. LEATHER SAXIFRAGE. 12 inches. Clumps of broad, attractive foliage, with curving stems of drooping bell-shaped flowers during April and May. (R) Rose Pink. Splendid for rockeries.
\$0.50 each \$3.50 per 10 \$25.00 per 100

SEDUM acre. GOLDEN MOSS. 2 to 3 inches. A profusion of yellow flowers in June and July. (R) Lemon Yellow.

S. album. WHITE STONECROP. 3 inches. White flowers during July and August.

S. kamtschaticum. ORANGE STONECROP. 8 inches. Light Evergreen foliage, with flat clusters of bright yellow flowers during July and August.

S. sieboldi. 9 inches. Gray-green Evergreen foliage, with clustered flowers of soft pink. (R) Rhodonite Pink. August and September.

S. spectabilis. BRILLIANT STONECROP. 1 to 1½ feet. Broad, thick oval leaves of cactus-like appearance, and flat terminal clusters of light pink flowers in late Summer and Autumn.

TEUCRIUM canadensis. 1 foot. Dark green foliage, with spikes of light purple flowers in July and August.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

THALICTRUM adiantifolium. MAIDENHAIR MEADOWRUE. 2 feet. Foliage somewhat resembles that of the Maidenhair Fern, while the rounded heads of white feathery bloom during June and July are especially beautiful.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

THYMUS serpyllum. var. coccinea. SCARLET THYME. An old-fashioned plant used for edgings and rockwork. Has sweetly scented leaves, and a profusion of tiny scarlet flowers from May to mid-August. 2 inches.

T. vulgaris. COMMON GARDEN THYME. 1 to 2 feet. A plant of the herb garden, valued for cooking; with pale lilac flower spikes in June and July. (R) Pale Persian Lilac.

TRADESCANTIA virginica. SPIDERWORT. 1 to 3 feet. Broad grass-like foliage, and racemes of soft violet flowers from May to September. Good for waterside planting in sun or semi-shade, and suggestive of the Japanese garden.

TRITOMA pfitzeri. RED HOT POKER. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, and sends up stiff stems of orange-scarlet flowers from August to October.
\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

TUNICA saxifraga. 6 to 10 inches. Delicate, tiny lilac-pink flowers borne at the tips of grass-like stems in June and July. (R) Pale Amaranth Pink.

VERONICA incana. SPEEDWELL. 1½ feet. June. Grey foliage, with flower spikes of bluish-violet.

V. longifolia. var. subsessilis. SPEEDWELL. 2 feet. A branching type with violet flowers from August to October. (R) Royal Purple. Splendid as a cut flower.
\$0.35 each \$2.50 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

VERBENA venosa. 1 to 1½ feet. Not hardy north of Philadelphia. Flowers border on magenta hue.
\$0.35 each \$3.00 per 10

Ornamental Reeds and Grasses

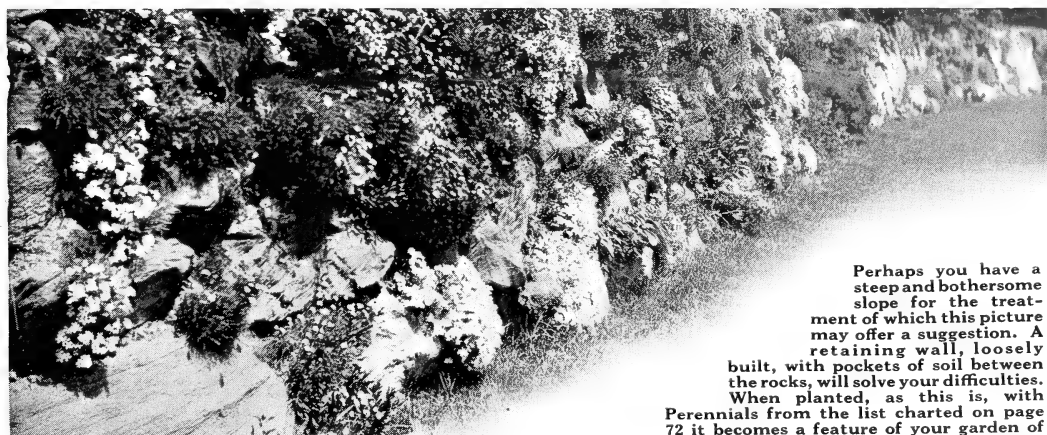
This class of plants is of great importance in landscape work and has a value all its own. They are much used for planting as single specimens on the lawn, in groups, beds, or along streams.

EULALIA japonica. 5 to 6 feet. Rather broad green leaves, and beautiful plumes in late Summer and early Fall.
\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

E. japonica. var. gracillima. MAIDEN GRASS. 5 to 6 feet. A tall swaying grass with narrow green leaves which has brown tassels in late Fall and Winter.
\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

var. variegata. STRIPED EULALIA. 4 to 5 feet. Long narrow leaves, striped with white.
\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100

PHALARIS arundinacea variegata. VARIEGATED RIBBON GRASS. More dwarf than the Eulalias.
\$0.40 each \$3.00 per 10 \$20.00 per 100



striking beauty. Out-cropping ledges can also be transformed into a garden feature by the use of such plants. In fact, rockeries are so effective in corners of the lawn or by pools that the rocks are often artificially assembled for this purpose.

Perhaps you have a steep and bothersome slope for the treatment of which this picture may offer a suggestion. A retaining wall, loosely built, with pockets of soil between the rocks, will solve your difficulties. When planted, as this is, with Perennials from the list charted on page 72 it becomes a feature of your garden of



Hardy Fruits for the Home Garden

THE home fruit garden combines utility and beauty. It is possible, by proper selection of varieties, to supply your table with fruit from the first cherries of early Summer to the spicy Winesap Apples, which you cut with your friends before the open fire in mid-Winter.

The snow-white cherry blossoms, the plum and the peach, and later the pear and the delicate pink of the apple blossoms vie with each other in profusion of bloom. The fruit garden can easily be made a part of the scheme for beautifying your property. There is much satisfaction in watching the growth of these trees that brighten the landscape in Spring, and later supply the delicacies to please both eye and palate.

APPLES

Strong, selected, 2-year trees. Price of all varieties:
Each, \$1.25 Per 10, \$10.00 Per 100, \$85.00

The number following the name denotes relative order of ripening in vicinity of Philadelphia.

Early Apples

RED ASTRACHAN. (2). An old popular variety, tart, juicy; flesh tinged with red.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. (1). Medium size; pale yellow; flesh tender, juicy and sub-acid. Excellent for culinary purposes. Fruits when young.

Autumn Apples

FALL PIPPIN. (6). Large, yellow, rich and delicious. A good bearer when it reaches maturity. Likes a moist, well-drained soil.

GRAVENSTEIN. (4). Large, yellow, striped with red. Firm and fine flavored. Medium-heavy soil, well-drained.

MAIDEN BLUSH. (3). Large, yellow, with red cheek. Fine for cooking. Matures best south of New York.

SMOKEHOUSE. (7). Medium to large. Green or yellow, mottled with red. One of the best for home use because it ripens over a long period. Desirable for cooking or eating.

WEALTHY. (5). White, yellow and red striped. Good dessert or cooking sort. Adapted to the North. A young and heavy bearer.

Winter Apples

BALDWIN. (9). Large, deep red; productive and desirable. A Winter apple north of New York; a Fall apple south. Medium to semi-light soil.

DELICIOUS. (14). Large, red, with a peculiar and distinct aroma. Juicy and rich.

GRIMES' GOLDEN. (10). Medium size, spicy, juicy and tender. One of the best early Winter varieties. Comes into bearing quite young. Matures best south of New York.

JONATHAN. (11). Beautiful red, of high quality. An early bearer, very popular.

McINTOSH. (8). A delicious, juicy, aromatic apple, with red or somewhat striped skin. Does best in the North.

NORTHERN SPY. (16). Pale yellow, striped with red. Excellent flavor and a good keeper. Does best in cold climates. Moderately heavy soil.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING. (12). Large greenish yellow. Prime quality. Popular north of New York.

ROME BEAUTY. (13). Yellow and red striped. Flesh yellow, crisp, sub-acid. A regular bearer, maturing best south of New York.

STAYMAN WINESAP. (15). Large and prolific. Flesh yellow covered with red. Fine grained, tender, juicy, sub-acid. An early and heavy bearer. South of New York it is the standard mid-Winter apple.

WINESAP. (17). Medium size, deep red; quality and texture of flesh quite like the above. A good keeper.



MOON'S FRUITS



Dwarf Apples

For small yards and limited areas, and for planting between standard trees, to be removed when the standards need the room. Come into bearing much younger than the large-growing trees.

Prices of all varieties:

Each, \$1.50	Per 10, \$12.50
Baldwin	Stayman Winesap
McIntosh	Yellow Transparent
Red Astrachan	Wealthy

Crab-Apples

The fruit of these varieties will make delicious jelly.

Strong, selected 2-year trees. Price:

Each, \$1.25	Per 10, \$10.00
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HYSLOP. Large, crimson fruit. October.

TRANSCENDENT. Large; yellow and red. September.

CHERRIES

Strong, selected, 2-year trees. Price, all varieties:

Each, \$2.00	Per 10, \$17.50
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Sweet Cherries

BLACK TARTARIAN. June. Big, dark red or black. Splendid flavor. A favorite.

DOWNERS LATE RED. Early July. Sweet and delicious. Holds firm in wet weather.

GOVERNOR WOOD. June. Large, white, shaded with red. Sweet and delicious.

YELLOW SPANISH. Late June. Yellow, red cheeks; firm, juicy and delicious. A popular light-colored cherry.

Sour Cherries

EARLY RICHMOND. June. Very productive. Useful for cooking or preserving.

MONTMORENCY. Early July. Large, red, tart fruit. Very productive and hardy. A better keeper than Early Richmond.

PEACHES

Strong, selected 1-year trees. Prices of all varieties:

Each, \$0.75	Per 10, \$6.00	Per 100, \$45.00
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The number following the name denotes relative order of ripening in the vicinity of Philadelphia.

Early Peaches

CARMEN. (2). August. Skin creamy-white with red cheek. Flesh white; fruit large and juicy. A most desirable variety when appearance and early ripening are taken into consideration. Semi-cling.

CHAMPION. (3). August. A magnificent white peach, extremely rich and juicy; very popular. Should be included in every home orchard. Freestone.

GREENSBORO. (1). July. Red cheek, flesh white. Medium quality; a heavy and consistent bearer. Valued chiefly because of its early ripening. Clingstone.

Mid-Season

BELLE OF GEORGIA. (4). August and September. Large, rich, creamy-white flesh, with a bright red blush. Best white peach on the market. One of the best shippers. Popular as a commercial and home garden variety. Freestone.

ELBERTA. (5). Early September. The popular preserving peach, yellow skin, with deep red cheek. Flesh, golden yellow, firm and juicy. Unexcelled for commercial or home use. Has a distinctive flavor. Freestone.

J. H. HALE. (6). Mid-September. Large, yellow freestone of excellent quality. An improvement over Elberta. Wonderful color, delicious flavor. Freestone.

OLD MIXON FREE. (7). September. An excellent-flavored, large, white freestone. Red-cheeked and productive.

Late

FOX SEEDLING. (8). Late September. Skin and flesh white. Freestone. Fruit large and of high quality.

IRON MOUNTAIN. (9). October. White skin and flesh. Freestone. An unusually good grower. Large fruit of good quality. Valuable for extending the peach season.

PEARS

It is well to remember that all varieties of pears are much better when picked a short time before they are ripe and matured in a cool, dark room.

Strong, selected, 2-year trees. Price of all varieties:

Each, \$1.50	Per 10, \$12.50
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Summer Varieties

BARTLETT. Late August. A favorite in all orchards and markets. A large, rich, golden yellow pear; juicy and possessing a delicious flavor, making it most popular as an eating or canning pear.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE. August. Large, fine looking; yellow with crimson cheek. Fine grained; an excellent table pear.

Autumn Varieties

SECKEL. September and October. The standard of excellence among pears. Fruits medium in size, but make up for this in quality. Exceptionally sweet and juicy. Particularly valuable for home planting.

SHELDON. October. Large; russet and red, rich, melting and juicy, fine flavor. One of the best. A fine dessert variety.

WORDEN-SECKEL. September to October. Resembles the old-fashioned Seckel pear, just as good but larger.



How good they taste when you have grown the fruit yourself.



Winter Varieties

KIEFFER. November. Large, golden yellow. Vigorous and productive even when young. Fair in quality and excellent for canning. A good keeper.

LAWRENCE. November. Rather large, yellow pear of splendid flavor.

Dwarf Pears

Come into fruit sooner than the standard sorts, with fruit similar in quality. Adapted for small yards.

Price:

Each, \$1.50

Per 10, \$12.50

We offer varieties **BARTLETT** and **SECKEL**.

PLUMS

Strong, selected, 2-year trees. Price of all varieties:
Each, \$1.75 Per 10, \$15.00

IMPERIAL GAGE. Middle of August. A delicious, good-sized freestone, sweet and juicy Greenish in color.

LOMBARD. Last of August. One of the best plums for eating and preserving. Violet-red skin, yellow flesh. A good commercial variety as well as being desirable for the home orchard.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. Last of September. A dark purple, medium-sized variety valued especially for preserving. One of the best sorts for Northern planting.

YELLOW GAGE. August. A particularly sweet and delicious variety, medium in size, with yellow skin and flesh.

Japan Plums

ABUNDANCE. August. Large, red; yellow flesh; sweet and rich. Valued for both cooking and eating.

BURBANK. August. Good sized; red; valuable domestic sort; flesh sweet, rich and yellow.

QUINCE

Price:

Each, \$1.35

Per 10, \$10.00

ORANGE. September. Large and handsome fruit of good quality. Valued for preserving and jelly-making.

Small Fruits

A few Blackberry and Raspberry Bushes set out in your garden rows, or along the boundary fence in the rear of the yard, will, for the little time and trouble entailed, amply repay you in the harvest of luscious fruits that they provide so soon after planting. As to Grapes, few homes there are indeed that have no room for a vine or two, and as they are ornamental as well as utilitarian can be used in conspicuous places.

Blackberries

Price of all varieties:

Each, \$0.20 Per 10, \$1.50 Per 100, \$12.00

MACATAWA. Has long fruiting season. Berries almost seedless and coreless. Delicious, sweet flavor.

WARD. A reliable variety for the home garden. Large, handsome berries of good quality.

Raspberries

Raspberries do best in well drained soil. Cut out the old canes each year as soon as they finish fruiting.

Price of all varieties:

Each, \$0.20 Per 10, \$1.50 Per 100, \$12.00

COLUMBIAN. Berries of dull purple color. Excellent for cooking. Mid-season. Prolific and regular bearer.

CUTHBERT. Red. Large berries of good quality. Dependable and productive.

SCARFF. Black. Very prolific. Large, firm berries. A recent introduction possessing qualities superior to many of the older Blackcap varieties.

ST. REGIS. The popular everbearing red fruiting Raspberry. Not large but of delicious flavor. Prolific and drought resisting.

Grapes

Strong, 2-year vines. Price of all varieties:

Each, \$0.50 Per 10, \$4.00 Per 100, \$30.00

BRIGHTON. Excellent quality, red, similar in flavor to the better-known Delaware. Will not bear if planted alone and should be used in combination with Worden.

CONCORD. Blue. The delicious, standard blue grape, adapted for almost any location except the extreme North.

DELAWARE. Little red, sugary grapes of best quality. Not hardy in extreme Northern sections. Needs close pruning and good fertilization.

NIAGARA. The favorite white grape. For best flavor leave on the vine until very ripe.

WORDEN. A better grape than the Concord, especially in the extreme North, where it ripens two weeks earlier. Black, sweet and delicious.

Raspberries and cream! Whose mouth doesn't water at the very thought? Luscious Raspberries like these from your own garden can easily be had. Small fruits are easy of culture.



Most anyone can have Grapes. The vines are easily trained along the fence, over your summer house or arbor, or even over your porch.



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YOUR LAWN PLANTING SIMPLIFIED FOR 1924

A Perennial Garden of Old-Fashioned Flowers

Offer No. 1



It is easy—and inexpensive—to have an old-fashioned garden, and the pleasure it gives is boundless.

Flowers from Your Own Garden have a Particular Charm

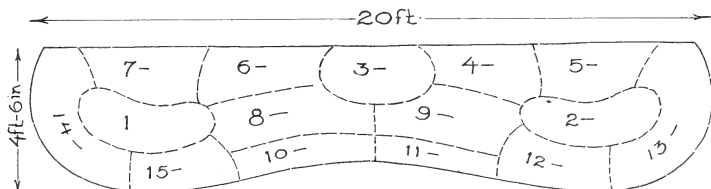
THERE is unbounded pleasure in strolling out into your own garden to enjoy there the beauty and fragrance of Hardy Old-fashioned Flowers. And in your home, flowers that you yourself have gathered and arranged have a particular charm and sentiment,—they give a pleasure more intense,—because they come from your own garden.

Perennials are Inexpensive, Permanent and Easy of Culture

The requirements of a Hardy Perennial Border are few—sunshine, fertile soil, cultivation and a loose mulch in Winter. With this they can be depended upon, in city or suburbs, on large lawns or small to reward you year after year, with the abundance of their bloom.

A Colorful Collection for a Succession of Bloom

This Perennial border should provide flowers in succession from early Spring to Autumn frosts. The varieties included have been carefully chosen and arranged for harmony in habit of growth and color of flowers. Such a collection is adapted for planting on most any lawn. Suggested locations are: across the end of your garden, against a wall, along a hedge or along your garden walk.



The total value of the 75 plants in the following list at regular prices is \$18.00

Key	Variety	Cat. Price	Key	Variety	Cat. Price
1.	5 Balloon-Flower (Platycodon).....	.25 \$1.25	9.	5 Hardy Chrysanthemums.....	.20 \$1.00
2.	5 Yellow Day Lilly (Hemerocallis)..	.30 1.50	10.	5 Old-fashioned Grass Pinks (Dianthus)25 1.25
3.	4 Perennial Sunflower (Helianthus) .20	.80	11.	5 Corn-flower Aster (Centaurea)...	.30 1.50
4.	4 Maidenhair Meadowrue (Thalictrum)30 1.20	12.	5 Meadow Sweet (Astilbe).....	.30 1.50
5.	4 Blazing Star (Liatris).....	.25 1.00	13.	5 Plainain Lilly (Funkia).....	.30 1.50
6.	4 Red-hot Poker (Tritoma).....	.25 1.00	14.	5 Sea Lavender (Statice).....	.25 1.25
7.	4 Obedient Plant (Physostegia)....	.25 1.00	15.	5 Blanket Flower (Gaillardia).....	.25 1.25
8.	5 White Phlox.....	.20 1.00			

Double Quantity, just twice as many of each kind, \$27.50

Special Combination Price, \$14.90

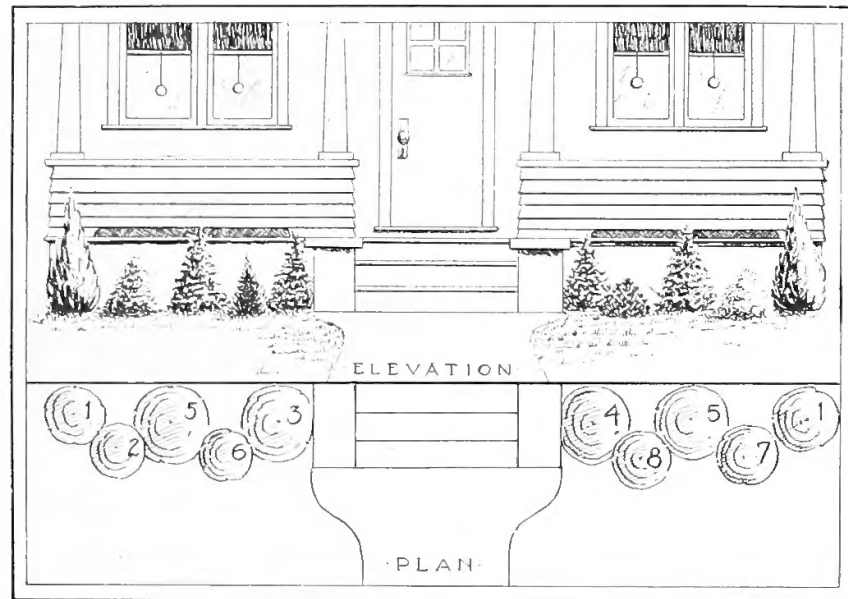
Shipments by Express is recommended for Perennials, unless customer is within our trucking zone.

Moons' Nurseries
THE WM. H. MOON CO.
MORRISVILLE PENNSYLVANIA
which is 1 mile from Trenton, N.J.

Easy and Effective Ways to Beautify Your House Foundation

With Soft-Foliaged, Harmonious Evergreens

Offer No. 2



It takes but a minute to order.

As each offer is numbered you have but to drop us a note saying "Send me offer numbers....." and we will get the plants off to you promptly.

Your check with order entitles you to a discount of 2 per cent.

Evergreens are Equally Effective Winter and Summer

A FOUNDATION planting of Evergreens will create an atmosphere of comfort and hospitality in the outside appearance of your house, as appealing in Winter as in Summer.

They are Unique in the Richness of their Foliage

There is such richness in their foliage effect and such harmony in their blending tints and textures that they are particularly beautiful and effective in concealing bare foundation angles and in merging the house and lawn together.

An Adaptable Collection

The collection of Evergreens here offered (except for the limitations noted on the opposite page) should, when planted in the relative arrangement indicated, and in a sunny exposure give you the effect described. Even tho the steps on your porch or the outline of your house foundation may differ from that pictured, this collection can be readily rearranged to fit your individual case. The plants are readily shearable—hence adaptable to limited as well as to large areas. They are equally well suited for planting in beds along the border of your lawn as they are about the foundation of your house.

Key	Variety		Sizes	Each	Total
1.	Reid's Arborvitae	2 plants	2 to 3 ft.	\$3.00	\$6.00
2.	Green Japanese Cypress	1 "	1½ to 2 ft.	4.00	4.00
3 & 4.	Chinese Arborvitae	2 "	2 to 3 ft.	2.50	5.00
5.	Canadian Hemlock	2 "	2 to 2½ ft.	2.75	5.50
6.	Japanese Holly	1 "	1¼ to 1½ ft.	2.00	2.00
7.	Japanese Yew	1 "	1¼ to 1½ ft.	3.00	3.00
8.	Boxwood	1 "	1½ to 2 ft.	4.00	4.00

Total Value, \$29.50

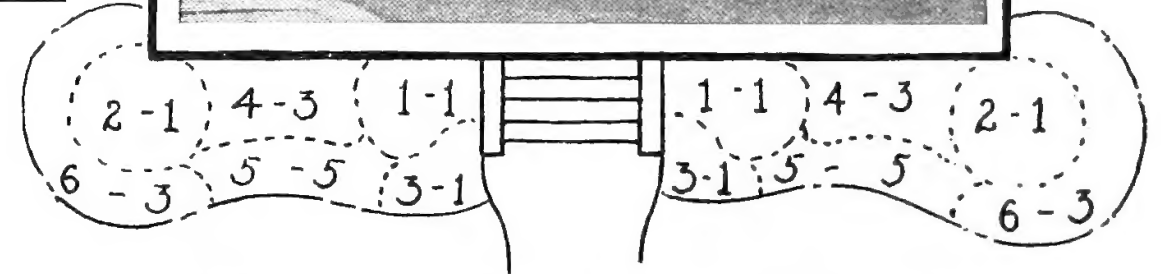
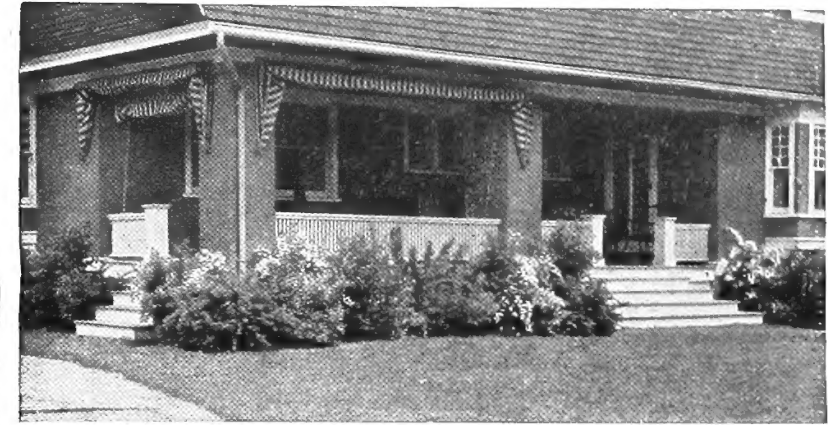
Special Price if ordered together, \$24.95

Each combination offer price in this folder includes all expenses preparatory to shipment and is f. o. b. our station, excepting that orders from communities, where we are frequently delivering by motor truck, will be included in such free delivery.

Moons' Nurseries, Morrisville, Pa.

With Graceful, Verdant Flowering Shrubs

Offer No. 3



Flowering Shrubs have the Appeal of Blossoms, Hardihood and Economy

THERE is a strong appeal in Flowering Shrubs because of their blossoms and their splendid foliage effect in Summer. They solve the foundation planting problem admirably in built up portions of cities where dust and smoke are hard on Evergreens, and in bleak and windy exposures where the latter might be killed in Winter. Then, too, they cost less than Evergreens—a feature that appeals to many people.

Autumn Color and Winter Berries Also a Feature

On some varieties of Shrubs the foliage takes on rich colors in Autumn, on some, bright berries persist until Spring,—on all, the Winter snows cling to the gracefully arching branches. Even their naked twigs break the angular lines of foundation walls, so they have a certain amount of effectiveness in that season.

A Flowering Shrub Opportunity

The selection and arrangement of varieties here offered is designed for succession of bloom, and to combine the other features enumerated above.

Key No.	Variety	Sizes	Each	Total
1.	2 White Flowering Spirea	3 to 4 ft.	@ \$.90	\$1.80
2.	2 Aralia Pentaphyllum	4 to 5 ft.	@ 1.00	2.00
3.	2 Hybrid Mock Orange	2 to 3 ft.	@ .80	1.60
4.	6 Regel's Privet	1½ to 2 ft.	@ .50	3.00
5.	10 Dwarf Deutzia	1 to 1¼ ft.	@ .45	4.50
6.	6 Dwarf Spirea	1½ to 2 ft.	@ .60	3.60

Total Value, \$16.50

Special Combination Price, \$13.50

Double Quantity, just twice as many of each kind, \$24.90

Moons' Nurseries, Morrisville, Pa.

YOUR GARDEN PLANTING SIMPLIFIED

A Screen or Border Planting of Flowering Shrubbery

Offer No. 4



A neighbor's house or a busy street have no obtrusiveness when the lawn is screened like this.

What is Your Outlook?

WHEN you look out of your windows, or stroll about your lawn, are you confronted by some unpleasant view—a neighbor's garage, the unbroken broadside of his house, by his clothes yard—or your own—or by a crude billboard or waving weeds on a nearby lot?

Is Your Lawn Comfortably Private?

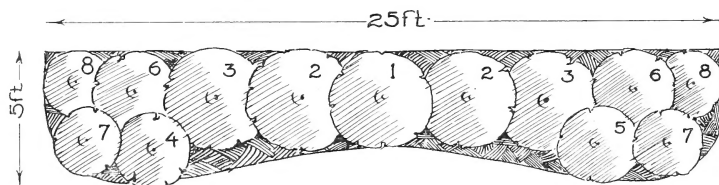
Can you sit out on your lawn and read, or sew, or entertain your friends, protected from the curious gaze of neighbors or of passersby?

Flowering Shrubs will Improve Your Outlook, and Provide the Privacy

The collection of Flowering Shrubbery here offered, placed along the border of the lawn in "strategic" positions should blot out the objectionable view and give your lawn the privacy desired.

Plant Them, too, Simply for Their Beauty

The beauty, in foliage and flower, of these Shrubs, justifies their presence upon your lawn even though, perhaps, you have no screening problem. They are adapted for planting most anywhere—as a border, individually, or in clusters. They are old-fashioned garden favorites you will enjoy having on your lawn.



Key	Variety		Sizes	Each	Total
1.	Mock Orange	1 plant	3 to 4 ft. @	\$.80	\$.80
2.	Single Japanese Snowball	2 "	4 to 5 ft. @	1.25	2.50
3.	Acanthopanax	2 "	4 to 5 ft. @	1.00	2.00
4.	Cut-leaved Stephanandra	1 "	2 to 3 ft. @	.80	.80
5.	Bush Honeysuckle	1 "	2 to 3 ft. @	.80	.80
6.	Spice Bush	2 "	4 to 5 ft. @	1.25	2.50
7.	Golden Bell (Forsythia)	2 "	2 to 3 ft. @	.55	1.10
8.	Sheepberry	2 "	4 to 5 ft. @	1.10	2.20

Value if purchased separately, \$12.70

Special Combination Price, \$9.90

Double Quantity, just twice as many of each kind, \$18.95

A moment taken now, to order some of the offers here listed will mean years of enjoyment to you from the presence of these plants upon your lawn.

Moons' Nurseries, Morrisville, Pa.

Moons' Nurseries
THE WM. H. MOON CO.
MORRISVILLE PENNSYLVANIA
which is 1 mile from Trenton, N.J.

